CHARGES BOY KILLED AT LYMAN SCHOOL

THE WEATHER.
Fair and colder tonight; Tuesday fair. Moderate northerly winds.
Sun rises 6:38, sets 5:19.
Moon sets 4:24 a. m.
High tide 7:45 a. m., 8:15 p. m.
Temperatures: Boston 30, New York 22, Chicago 30, Denver 34, Los Angeles 50, San Francisco 50, New Orleans 48, St. Louis 42, Philadelphia 32.

BOSTON AMERICAN

10 O'CLOCK EDITION

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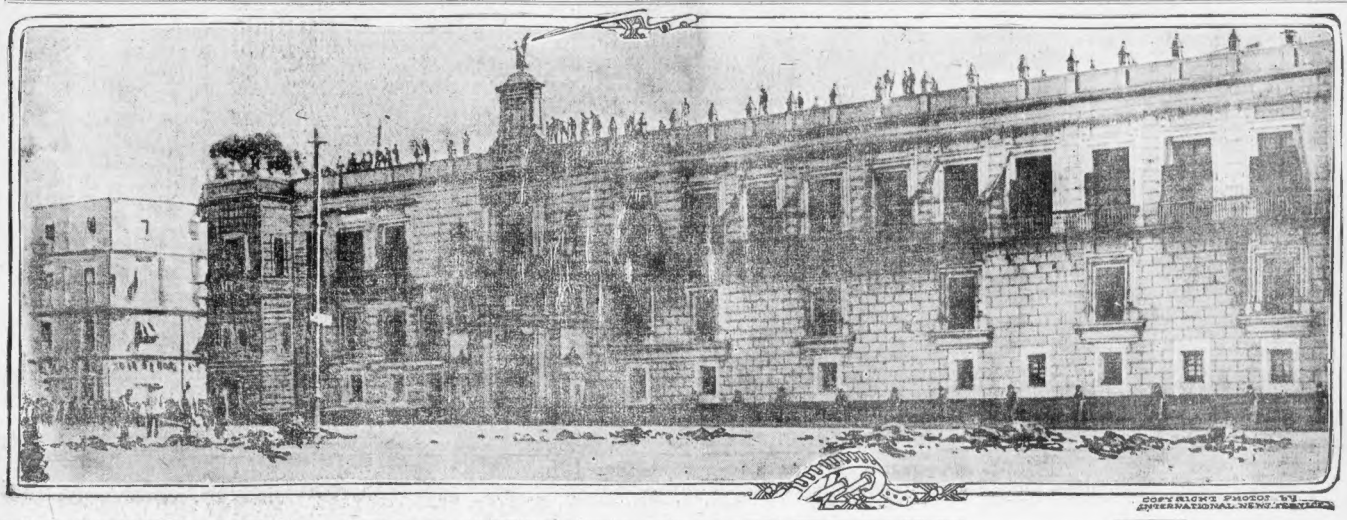
PROTECT AMERICANS, WARNS TAFT

HORRORS OF THE MEXICAN REBELLION TOLD IN FIRST ACTUAL BATTLE PHOTOGRAPHS

The National Palace fifteen minutes after the battle Sunday morning. General Diaz has withdrawn to the arsenal. Federal troops with machine guns, are on the roof. In the street are clusters of men and horses slain in the battle. Two hundred and fifty fell in the Zocola before the palace.



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MORGAN CABLES: I'M O. K.

NEW YORK, Feb. 17.—Shortly before the stock exchange opened today dispatches were received from London, Cairo and Rome asking that J. Pierpont Morgan was seriously ill on board the steamship Corsonia, due to arrive tomorrow at Naples.

The financier, so the dispatches declared, was accompanied by two nurses, physicians and a retinue of servants.

The nature of his illness was not given, but it was declared: "It is feared that his illness is mortal."

These reports were followed a little later by a London dispatch which quoted Charles S. Grenfell, Mr. Morgan's London banker, as saying that he had no information that the financier was sick.

Attendants at Mr. Morgan's London town residence likewise denied any knowledge of their master's illness and discredited the reports.

When the offices of J. P. Morgan & Co. in New York were opened there was a crowd of anxious inquirers awaiting the arrival of H. P. Davison, Mr. Morgan's principal partner.

Davison's Statement.

Mr. Davison denied that Mr. Morgan was seriously ill and issued a statement saying a cablegram had been received some days ago saying Mr. Morgan had suffered an attack of indigestion while at Cairo, but that another cablegram received as late as yesterday by J. P. Morgan, Jr., stated that his father had completely recovered and that he was then en route to Naples, where he is due to arrive tomorrow.

The statement issued by Mr. Davison concluded as follows: "The firm of J. P. Morgan & Co. has no concern as to the condition of the senior partner."

Stock Market Slumps.

Just before 10:30 Mr. Dawson received a cablegram from Mr. Morgan, dated Cairo, Egypt, in which the financier stated

Continued on Page 7, Column 3.

Senate Committee Rejects Bill Aimed at Canal Exemption

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.—No action will be taken by Congress, at this session, at least, to change the existing law with respect to Panama Canal tolls. The Senate Committee on Interoceanic Canals today, by a vote of five to three, agreed to lay on the table Senator Root's bill repealing the provision of the Panama Canal law which exempts American coastwise ships from tolls.

Sir Edward Grey's rejoinder to Secretary Knox's last note regarding the Panama Canal tolls question practically has been completed. Its substance is expected to reach Washington this week.

It is understood this note by no means settles the controversy, nor does it contain assurance of an acceptance of the American proposition to exchange ratifications of the pending general arbitration treaty under the terms of which the issue might be referred to a special committee of six members.

Found.—A Sure Way to Sell Your Automobile

Ask for The Ad Taker

Excellent Results

"I sold two cars from last week's small ad in your paper."

F. A. CO., Warren Ave., Boston.

ACTING MAYOR KENNY ON JOB AT CITY HALL

LOST,
One Acting Mayor. Apply to City Hall, Palm Beach, papers please copy.

Boston was almost without a Mayor for several hours today.

Acting Mayor Thomas J. Kenny of South Boston, who will be Mayor while John F. Fitzgerald is in Palm Beach, had not put in an appearance up to noon, and Colonel Field, who was waiting to receive him at 9 a. m., became worried.

It was after 1 p. m. when the South Boston Councillor called at City Hall and officially gathered up the reins of office. He then explained that his office hours daily would begin at 1 p. m.

There were two immense bunches of carnations to welcome the new executive. There was also a box of cigars from Councillor Walter Ballantyne, who has been acting Mayor himself and realizes that such things are necessary.

It will be an open-door policy while Mayor Kenny is on the job. Representative John J. Lydon was the first of his Peninsula constituents to step across the wide open portals and salute His Honor.

It took Mr. Kenny about five minutes to sign papers that required his signature, and for the rest of the time he was in the office he was the centre of a reception from fifty or more of his friends.

"I have no new policies, nor nothing radical to institute," he said, after he had posed for an AMERICAN photographer. "The office will run just as it has, and I will be at City Hall for a few hours each day to attend to any matter that requires my consideration."

HABEAS WRIT FOR "MOTHER" JONES

CHARLESTON, W. Va., Feb. 17.—Writs of habeas corpus were awarded today by the Supreme Court on petitions from Charles H. Howell, "Mother" Mary Jones, Charles Hatley and P. J. Paulson, held for trial by the military court at Pratt for conspiracy in the mining cases. The hearing on the writs probably will be held on Tuesday.

STUBBORN COUGHS YIELD To Father John's Medicine. Builds you up.

LYMAN SCHOOL BOY WAS SLAIN, SAYS MRS. PAIGE

That John Newman, the fourteen-year-old Cambridge boy, whose death while an inmate of the Lyman School in 1910, declared to be a case of suicide, caused a legislative investigation, was murdered, was the charge made at a hearing before the Legislative Committee on Public Institutions today by Mrs. Frank W. Paige, of the Back Bay.

Mrs. Paige made the charge during an argument for a bill which she introduced, providing for the publication of the full report of the investigation of the death of John Newman. She alleged that the report submitted to the Legislature of 1911 by the special committee which investigated did not give all of the facts.

Mrs. Paige was one of the leaders in the fight which resulted in the Legislature of 1910 ordering an investigation of the Newman boy's death and made a personal investigation of the case.

"John Newman was not a suicide, but was murdered," she declared at the hearing today. "The autopsy performed on the boy's body by Medical Examiner McGrath showed a number of bruises on the lad's body which, apparently, had been inflicted by some of the attendants of the Lyman School. One bruise on the boy's back was two inches deep and eight inches long.

"This fact was not included in the report submitted to the Legislature by the committee which investigated the boy's death."

REV. A. A. BERLE HITS CAMBRIDGE SCHOOL SYSTEM

Cambridge is now ready for its primary election tomorrow. The politicians put on the finishing touches of its campaigns today and after a whirlwind finish tonight around the several wards will make ready to get out the vote early tomorrow. Mayor J. Edward Barry is being opposed for renomination by four other candidates. They are James A. Montgomery, Michael M. O'Connor, James T. Burnett and Charles H. Yaffey.

The Rev. A. A. Earle has added oil to the political fires by declaring that the system of education at the high and latin schools is "disgraceful." The utterances of the minister are being made an issue by several candidates today. He says: "I have not in twenty years dealing with the schools found a more absurd and intolerable condition and the poor children are paying the price."

Mayor Sends Council Orders for Loans of Over Four Millions

Loan orders for municipal improvements amounting to $4,129,425 were received by the City Council from Mayor Fitzgerald today. As soon as President Kenny of the council announces the Committee of Appropriations, the budget will receive consideration. The list follows:

Chelsea bridge, south	$80,000
Playground, Ward 24, Mattapan	25,000
Engineering, Dorchester, Neponset	50,000
Municipal building, Ward 22	125,000
Continuation of Jersey street	82,000
Bathhouse, Wood Island Beach	10,000
Municipal building, Roslindale	100,000
Completion of Ward 8 bathhouse	15,000
Municipal building, Brighton	100,000
High pressure fire service	75,000
East Boston Library	25,000
Municipal building, Hyde Park	75,000
New police station, Dorchester	40,000
Long Island buildings	275,000
New streets	300,000
Waterfront park, East Boston	200,000
Straightening Commonwealth avenue	85,000
Municipal building, Charlestown	125,000
Fire alarm headquarters	225,000
Playground, Hyde Park	25,000
Completion to playgrounds	316,425
North End Park improvements	25,000
Copley square improvement	45,000
Police station, South Boston	100,000
Construction of sewers	600,000
Separate system of drainage	500,000
Land and buildings for schools	500,000
Total	$4,129,425

Movement to Elect President Wilson a Princeton Trustee

PRINCETON, N. J., Feb. 17.—A concerted effort is being made among the alumni of Princeton University to induce President-elect Wilson to accept a trusteeship of the university, which, of course, he would hold through his term as President. This honor is the highest in connection with the university, and the tenure is for five years.

If Mr. Wilson looks for a precedent, the leaders in the movement say he can find it in two instances. Theodore Roosevelt was a member of the board of overseers of Harvard while he was President, and President Taft was made a member of Yale corporation up to a few weeks ago. These bodies are similar to the Princeton board of trustees.

AGREES TO REPORT JOHN D. FOUNDATION

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.—The Senate Judiciary Committee today agreed to report the bill incorporating the Rockefeller foundation, with amendments.

TAFT URGES MADERO TO "RELIEVE" CRISIS

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.—"Your paramount duty is in the prompt relief of the situation."

This ultimatum was sent to President Madero of Mexico today by President Taft in reply to Madero's appeal for non-intervention by the United States. At the same time the note assured the Mexican executive that this government's attitude toward Mexico has not changed and the naval and other measures thus far taken merely are measures of natural precaution.

THE PRESIDENT'S NOTE.

The text of the President's note to Madero follows:

From Your Excellency's telegram

Continued on Page 8, Column 1.

ANNEXATION OF MEXICAN PROVINCES IS INEVITABLE

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.—Intervention in Mexico and the annexation of the northwestern provinces of the republic were declared to be inevitable by Representative Curry of New Mexico, who conferred today with President Taft regarding the Mexican situation. Curry, at which time Stimson visited the President before Representative Curry and announced that the troops were prepared to cross the border if necessary.

FOUR KILLED IN LOUISIANA LABOR RIOTS.

BATON ROUGE, La., Feb. 17.—Troops are being hurried to Maryville, in the southwestern part of the State, where four men were killed and twenty-four injured in a labor riot today.

HEARING ON "L" IS POSTPONED

At the request of the Street Railways Committee, the hearing scheduled for [illegible] on the bills for the removal of the elevated structure from North station to Sullivan square and the substitution of a subway therefor was postponed until Wednesday.

FEAR EX-SENATOR HALE IS DYING

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17. Former Senator Eugene Hale of Maine is reported today in a critical condition. Owing to the illness of his advanced years, Hale's friends are apprehensive that he may not recover. He will be 82 years old next June.

NEW ENGLAND FIREMEN WAIT STRIKE REPORT

Five thousand firemen on railroads running out of Boston anxiously awaited today the report of what was declared to be the final conference between the railroad managers and the representatives of the firemen in New York today.

If an agreement is not reached at today's conference, strike order now out will be enforced, it is said. Today is apparently the crucial one in the situation.

Today's conference was between representatives of both sides, meeting before Judge Knapp of the Commerce Court and W. W. Hanger, acting commissioner of labor, the federal mediators.

May Order Strike Tonight.

The dispatch now hangs on what method of arbitration shall be used.

If today's conferences fail to effect a compromise and the Federal mediators announce their failure to bring the two factions to terms, it is expected that President W. S. Carter of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen, will formally issue a strike order tonight. Such an order is already out, held subject to the action at today's conference. So much is at stake, however, that some sort of a compromise is confidently expected by interests allied with both sides.

President Carter said today:

"With regard to the statements by the railroad companies, wherein it is said that the engineers are satisfied and have been benefited by the arbitration under the railroads' plan and the railroads have paid $1,000,000 in back pay, etc., I am satisfied by Grand Chief Stone of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers that, while it has been ten months since they agreed to arbitrate and seven months since the hearings were closed and given to the arbitration board for decision, the award of that board has not been put into effect except on one railroad, and it has been found necessary to request the engineers arbitration board to again meet and finally decide what they really did mean by the award that they handed down.

Might Tie Up Boston.

Four hundred and fifty thousand passengers enter and leave Boston every day on the three railroads involved by the threatened firemen's strike locally.

More than a million tons of freight are moved by these railroads every week, including the New Haven, the Boston & Maine and the Boston & Albany.

In the event of a strike that tied up these three railroads the net passenger revenue loss will be $264,000 a week, and the freight revenue loss $1,320,000 a week. There are 4,150 firemen employed on these railroads, with a total operating force of 85,000 in all departments, every one of whom would be thrown out of work if the pending strike is not averted.

With its entire steam railroad system tied up in a general strike of locomotive firemen, Boston business would be paralyzed in the only way to secure provisions would be by water.

Men in close touch with the local situation say that not more than 50,000 of those now using the steam railroads could possibly get in and out of the city by boat, and the remainder of the 450,000 passengers would be compelled to move here or stay at home.

Would Smother Trolleys.

That it would be manifestly impossible for these 350,000 to find accommodations is apparent. Even if time could be given, what with sleeping accommodations, they could not be fed.

Commuters living within a twelve or possibly a fifteen-mile radius, might succeed in reaching the city proper by trolley. In that event adequate transportation for the near-by would be lacking, as every trolley would be filled long before the regular street railway passenger district was reached.

With the city cut off from its source of food supply by rail, and with a possible tie-up of all trans-Atlantic boats by the threatened longshoremen's strike, conditions could become serious for Boston in quick time.

How to Get a Job and Keep It.

Twenty-three rules which every true worker, and every employer, too, will find it profitable to follow. Exclusively

IN SUNDAY'S AMERICAN.

PICK JURORS TO TRY DORR FOR MARSH MURDER

THE DORR JURY TO DATE.

PATRICK COTTER, gardener, Salem, age 59.

JOHN FLYNN, motorman, Salem, age 60.

FREDERICK S. MOORE, leather manufacturer, Peabody, 52.

WILLIAM A. BRADSTREET, stonecutter, Danvers, 63.

ALBERT W. THURLOW, bookkeeper, Newburyport, 39.

SALEM COURT HOUSE, Feb. 17.—William A. Dorr, builder of motor cycles, of Stockton, Cal., was placed on trial today before Judge Joseph F. Quinn in the Suffolk County superior court on the charge of murdering George R. Marsh, a wealthy soap manufacturer of Lynn on April 11, 1912.

Two jurors were selected in fifteen minutes. Patrick Cotter, a Salem gardener, the second man called, was sworn in three minutes from the time that Clerk Edward H. George began to take the slips from the jury box. Twelve minutes later John Flynn, a Salem motorman, who was the eighth man examined, was accepted.

The third juror was Frederick S. Moore, leather manufacturer, of Peabody, the twelfth man called. The fourth juror is William A. Bradstreet, stonecutter, of Danvers, the thirty-fourth man examined. The fifth member of the panel is Albert W. Thurlow, bookkeeper, Newburyport. He was the thirty-fifth man called.

Comes in Closed Carriage.

Dorr was brought from Salem jail in a closed carriage. When escorted to the prisoner's cage at 9:30 he appeared pale and agitated. He wore a blue serge suit and a dark four-in-hand tie carelessly tied. He carried note paper in his right pocket and frequently called his attorneys to the pen to give suggestions.

Dorr is about thirty-seven years of age but looks older. He is somewhat stooped and under the medium size. His stout, pale wife in Stockton, was directly related to Marsh, the murdered man, and it is reported to have had an interest in the soap manufacturer's estate.

Marsh's body was found lying in the marshes not far from the Lynn boulevard. He had been shot to death. No spectators were admitted to the proceedings today as it required all the space in the courtroom to accommodate the 103 talesmen summoned for jury service.

Dorr's mother has come East to attend the trial, and will appear in court later.

Tells Talesman Duty.

Judge Quinn in his instructions to the talesmen impressed upon them the importance of jury service in a homicide case, and reminded them that it was the duty of every patriotic citizen to perform this public service when called upon by the government.

Clerk George announced that the defendant had the right to challenge twenty-two peremptorily and as many more jurors for which good cause.

The first man called was Hollis D. Freeman, clerk, of Beverly, who was excused because of opposition to the death penalty.

WILL ASK FOSS TO OUST COURT CLERK AT NEW BEDFORD

NEW BEDFORD, Feb. 17.—Governor Foss and Lieutenant-Governor Walsh have been invited to attend a mass meeting to be held tomorrow evening when citizens will protest against the holding of the office of clerk of the Third District Court by Frank Vera, Jr., who has held the position for ten years, and who is charged with "political activity while in office."

GAMBLING IS ISSUE AT HOT SPRINGS

HOT SPRINGS, Ark., Feb. 17.—Gambling is the issue to be voted upon at the primary election for nomination of Mayor next Wednesday. Mayor W. W. Waters, Hamp Williams, president of the Business Men's League, and John A. Riggs, are seeking nomination. Waters is running on the "open lid" ticket and all the clubs and hotels are boosting his campaign.

EMBROIDERED PANTS LATEST FASHION FOR MEN! OH, CRULLERS

(Some Boston and New York tailors are preparing to get out embroidered trousers for men's Spring fashions.)

The future man
Perhaps will sean
A pair of pants
And blue and creams,
In black and tan.
(Oh, perfect dreams!)
With fringes trailing
Down the seams,
And ladies fair
Will all declare:
"Oh, look at that!
Ain't he a bear?"
Oh, gee! to think
We'll be a gink
With pants like that!
Lets have a drink!

Fair and Colder Tomorrow, Says the Weather Man

The Weather Man today supplied Boston with large, fluffy snow, but not good for sleighing or snowballs. It may turn to rain before night.

But tomorrow is to be fairer and cooler. The Weather Man says seasonable weather for the week, BUT:

A disturbance of moderate intensity will appear in the Far West Tuesday, advance eastward and reach the Eastern States about Friday; this disturbance will be preceded by moderate temperatures and be attended by local snows in the Northern States east of the Rocky Mountains, and be followed by colder weather.

YAMAMOTO CABINET MEETS OPPOSITION

TOKIO, Feb. 17.—The Japanese Cabinet, under the premiership of Count Gambei Yamamoto, has met with great opposition from the Old Constitutional party, which at a meeting today resolved not to support the government unless all the members of the Cabinet except the Ministers of War and Marine and the Premier shall adhere to the party. Thus the position of Count Yamamoto has become identical with that of Ex-Premier Prince Katsura.

SAYS SHE SOUGHT "GATES OF HEAVEN"

Mrs. Carrie Jackson told Patrolman Michael J. Greeley that she was looking for the gates of Heaven when the policeman found her wandering with her two-year-old child, Matilda, near Flood square, South Boston, early today. The woman, who lives at No. 81 Beach street, was taken to City Hospital for observation. The child was placed in the Charles Street Home.

ASK MINISTERS IN EVERETT FOR FACTS

The Everett Aldermanic committee today notified the clergy of that city that they will be given an opportunity at a secret meeting tomorrow night to bring any information they might possess concerning objectionable conditions, which they said from their pulpits were prevalent in Everett.

EDWARDS SAYS DOW ADMITTED TAKING FUNDS

Sensational testimony regarding stock borrowing and the disappearance of funds, was given today by R. M. Edwards, at present acting as head of the various Dow copper companies, in the trial of Stephen R. Dow, who is charged on ninety-two counts with the larceny of over $300,000 from the companies which he headed.

District Attorney Webber questioned Edwards as to conversations between Dow and himself on the Saturday following the suspension of the Dow firm, and endeavored to pin Edwards down as to Dow's reply in answer to the question of what had become of the funds of the different companies.

Edwards finally gave the "substance" of the conversation. He said:

Used It in His Business.

"He told me he wished a short time to see if he could put the money back into the treasuries."

"Did he tell you he used that money in his business?" asked the district attorney.

"He told me he used it in his business, that is, he borrowed it from the companies and had used it in his brokerage business."

"What did you say to him?"

"I told him it would have to be returned to the treasuries, or I would have to make the fact known to the stockholders; that I could not be a party to the knowledge that the money was not in the treasuries."

"Did you have any talk in 1911 with Dow about his financial condition?"

"Yes, in the Fall of that year. He told me had lost money in his brokerage business and needed a loan. He asked me to lend him some money."

Asked $50,000 Loan.

Edwards continued:

"We wanted $50,000, but I told him I did not have it. I did give him, however, 10,000 shares of Corbin, and also told him that 500 shares of Indiana which I had bought for investment and which he held, he could use. I never got these back."

"Did you ever do any trading in stocks with S. R. Dow & Co.?"

"Very little."

"What did Dow say at meeting in September, 1912, when he resigned as president?"

"I am all in."

R. R. Dow & Co. ledgers produced by Webber showed accounts "No. 1, Nos. 2 and 3 and R. M. Edwards, Houghton, Mich.," all for Edwards' account. Transactions in some were authorized by Edwards, but he denied that he gave orders to purchase 1400 shares of Indiana on January 13, 1910, and 500 on January 17.

Edwards denied any knowledge of loans of $50,000, and $10,000 made to Dow & Co. at various dates by Algomah, as he was in the West.

Auditor Tells of Audit.

Bruce R. Wire, auditor employed by Dow companies, testified that he made audit on February 26, 1912, but that it was not complete, as he "did not examine the financial condition of the companies. I did not see the notes receivable. It was simply a 'clerical' audit."

Wire admitted that his certificate of condition of companies contained in annual report was not prepared by him; he only signed it. On cross-examination he said his certificate was true, however.

Russell G. Fessenden, president of American Trust Company, testified regarding loans to Indiana and Franklin negotiated by Dow, the first for $175,000 to Indiana on July 17, 1911, without security.

Webber tried to get Fessenden to admit that Dow told him he wanted the money for personal use. Fessenden replied: "I don't remember that he did, but if he had I certainly would not have loaned the money, so I think it is fair to say that no such statement was made."

On a $50,000 loan to Franklin, Dow said he was going to "pay current bills for machinery, etc."

The Mysteries of the Sahara Revealed by the Italian Flyers.

Astonishing discoveries by air scouts of the army occupying Tripoli of unknown ancient cities, ruins, ruins greater than Stonehenge, and a race of people who live in burrows. Exclusively

IN SUNDAY'S AMERICAN.

A. S. CHEEVER OF NEW HAVEN ROAD DEAD

Albert S. Cheever, prominent railroad man, died at his home, No. 6 Alderney street, Somerville, today, of heart disease. Mr. Cheever since last November was an assistant to Vice-President Horn of the New Haven road. Prior to that Mr. Cheever was superintendent of the Fitchburg division of the Boston & Maine twelve years. He was born in Chelsea in 1857.

HORSE ABANDONED; YOUTH DISAPPEARS

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., Feb. 17.—The police have been asked to investigate the disappearance of Frank A. Tuck, eighteen, of Rye. Tuck was delivering milk in Newcastle and Portsmouth, and dropped out of sight last Thursday. He had gone over half his route, collecting $30 from customers, and his horse and milkcart were found abandoned on Water street.

MARRY ME, JANE

And I'll buy one ring of the original and only Wilson Bros., who make Australian gold webbing rings in their own factory, from $2 to $5. Special rings to order in 2 hours. Opera evenings.

$3 Glasses for $1
$10 Glasses for $5
$5 Glasses for $2
We Save You Money

Six Straight Specialists. We cut other people's prices in halves and do 10 times the business. Pay no fancy fees; glasses ready while you wait; prescription not necessary, bring in your broken lens.

See Our Milkman 6-Day Alarm

Tremont, Winter and Summer Sts. Mezz. Entr. Reserved
WILSON BROTHERS, SCOLLAY SQ.

ENVER BEY, OF TURKISH ARMY, IS STABBED

CONSTANTINOPLE, Feb. 17.—Enver Bey, commander in chief of the Turkish army, is reported to be lying seriously wounded in the harem of Sultan Mohammed V, from an assassin's stab.

The attempt upon Enver Bey's life was the outcome of the ill-started attempt to transport an army of Asiatic troops across the Sea of Marmora and the Dardanelles to flank the Bulgarians and Servians operating along the northern shores of the Sea of Marmora and throughout the Gallipoli peninsula.

After the flight of the remnants of the Asiatic army, following the sinking of several transports by Bulgarians' artillery, Enver Bey returned to Constantinople. The hostility against the new commander-in-chief resulting from the assassination of Nazim Pacha by one of Enver's aids was intensified by the failure of Enver Bey to carry out the brilliant coup he had promised with his Asiatic troops.

Enver Bey was attacked in front of the War Office during the temporary absence of his bodyguard, according to report, and stabbed. As he fell he drew his revolver and killed his assailant.

The wounded officer was carried into the harem because that was deemed the safest place for him. Enver Bey had married into the reigning family, which established his right to house himself in the harem if the Sultan did not object.

Despite the emphatic declaration of the European Powers that the Balkan league should confine the war theatre to Turkey in Europe, Greece is reported to be landing troops in Asia near the western end of the Dardanelles. The Greeks are said to have landed a heavy force near Beitha Bay, intending to attack the Turkish forts on the southern side of the Dardanelles, as the Bulgarians are similarly engaged against the forts on the northwest bank.

The Turks tried to land 80,000 Asiatic troops along the northern shores of the Sea of Marmora and on the Gallipoli peninsula of this number 15,000 were lost, either having been killed, captured or prostrated by disease.

BOSTON AMERICAN
$40,000 CONTEST
GOOD FOR 5 ..VOTES..
VALUELESS AFTER MONDAY, MARCH 3
Name
Street and No.
City or Town Dist.

Send votes in one bundle. Keep 5-cent coupons separate from 25-cent coupons. Write plainly or stamp on outside wrapper candidate's name, address and district number, and total number of votes said to be contained in package. Write or stamp only 1 or 4 coupons to each bundle, if possible, candidates should use rubber stamp with name, address and district number.

BIG CONTEST ENDS IN WEEK; SO ALL HUSTLE

By THE CONTEST EDITOR.

Next week the AMERICAN'S $40,000 contest ends.

Think of it, candidates. After one week from next Friday it will be too late to do anything towards earning a generous share of the tremendous awards.

These are the harvest days in this great competition. By piling up a good subscription and coupon vote in the next eleven days big dividends will be reaped by the candidates who show results.

It is bad business to be over-confident. Any candidate who thinks that his or her lead cannot be overtaken is apt to make a serious mistake.

The thing to do is to devote every minute of time, every ounce of effort and energy to the task of gathering up any Sunday AMERICAN subscriptions which have so far escaped.

The difference of a few thousand or even a few hundred votes, may mean the difference between a minor prize and one of the big awards.

This is no time to speculate on what anyone else may do. It is a time for one thought only, subscriptions, subscriptions, SUBSCRIPTIONS.

No more vote lists will appear until the final winners are announced after February 28 and no more special offers of any kind will be given before the competition ends.

"As ye sow, so shall ye reap."

Business Notice.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

French Curled Ostrich Plumes, all newest shades. $5 Grades $2.50

Filene's Automatic Bargain Basement

Boys' Polo Coats, all wool, tan and gray cheviots. $5 Grades $2.81

Coats at $3.75, Serge Dresses at $3.50
—Yet Remarkable As These Lots Are

They are no more extraordinary than the system that makes them possible—THE AUTOMATIC PLAN.

This system makes the Automatic Bargain Basement DIFFERENT from any other store in the world.

See the Results By "Walking Through"—TUESDAY

Coats, Suits and Dresses

Misses' and Women's Coats
$9.75 to $16.50 grades mostly odd coats, not many of a style or material. In cheviots, mixtures. All full length models. $3.75

Misses' and Small Women's Suits
$9.75 to $13.50 grades in cheviots, serges and mixtures. Many in Norfolk style, others in trimmed models. $5.17

French Serge Dresses
$7.50 grades . . . . smart model, with lace collar and cuffs and messaline tie. Vestee effect of chiffon over contrasting color silk and shadow lace. Panel front skirt. In navy and black. $3.50

Women's Silk Hosiery
thread silk, full length with wide garter tops, double soles and toes, high spliced heels. Seconds. Plain black, tan and white. 50c GRADE. 19c

Infant's White Coats
samples, of cashmere or serge, braid trimmed and embroidered. Only one or two of a kind. $3 AND $4 GRADES. $1.85

Silk Petticoats
taffeta, tucked flounce, plaiting and cotton underpiece. Emerald green, American beauty, brown, white and black. $2 GRADE. $1.39

Gowns
hubbard style, with wide embroidery insertion, ribbon run in yoke, neck and sleeve finished with embroidery edge. 59c GRADE. 39c

Coats for Girls
WORTH $5 and $6
Cheviots and Kerseys. Many attractive styles and colors. $2.25

Waists
MESSALINE
CHIFFON
CHINA SILK
WASH SILK
TAFFETA
Worth $2 and $3
$1.15
A wide variety of styles; some with hand embroidery, others with lace yoke; also tailored styles.

Hundreds of Other Bargain Lots for Women, Children and Men

Workmen's Compensation Insurance

Reduced Rates

FOR THE USE OF

The Employers' Liability Assurance Corporation
LIMITED, OF LONDON

Have Been Approved by the Insurance Commissioner
AND ARE

Now Effective

This Corporation will give to every policy holder the full benefit of this reduction on existing policies pro rata from date of approval, February 15, 1913.

The lowest rates permitted will be quoted on application for new and renewal business.

Barton's Cuticura Soap BUTTER-NUT Soap
Sold by druggists. 25c per bottle, 6s. Sole Proprietors, Lawrence & Co., 6 Somerset Street, Boston, Mass.

Samuel Appleton, United States Manager
Water Street, Boston.

DOCTOR CHASE DEFENDS WIFE AND SOULMATE

Dr. H. Lincoln Chase of Brookline says that Hartley Dennett, with whom his wife, Margaret E. Chase, is living as a "soul mate" on a snug farm at East Attstead, N. H., "is so Christian-like as to be more than earthly."

Dennett, a young architect, has just been divorced by his wife, and Mrs. Chase has gone back to nature—a disciple of the doctrine of Tolstoi—living with him the simple life. Bloomers are her favorite attire. Her two children are with her. She has been there four years now, the "spiritual affinity" of the young Harvard graduate with the "artistic temperament."

Quick to defend his wife and Dennett and to censure Mrs. Dennett for her criticism, Dr. Chase said:

Mr. Dennett and Mrs. Chase are so Christian-like in spirit that they cannot hit back. My wife is a noble woman. Mr. Dennett is a high-minded man with the purest of motives. It is not necessary for me to defend either my wife or Mr. Dennett. I have only the deepest love for my wife and the highest regard in the world for Mr. Dennett.

They have a few enemies in the world, and those enemies have made the most of the court proceedings.

My wife went to live on the farm in East Alstead for two reasons: Mrs. because her health failed her the second, because she loved the life of the country. She is surrounded by the snow-clad hills and in the ruggedness of that high altitude her health is much better than it would be if she remained here with me.

When I retire from the medical profession I, too, will go to that little farm to live.

Mr. Dennett is there because he is interested in the work. There is an air of refinement, love and harmony about the little home on that distant farm. I, too, will be happy when I go there to spend the last years of my life.

I fail to understand why certain people should doubt the purity of motives of Mrs. Chase and Mr. Dennett.

Mr. Dennett is so Christian-like as to be more than earthly. Mrs. Dennett has wronged him. It is regrettable.

PHILADELPHIA JEERS 'HIKERS; ALMOST A RIOT

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 17.—Philadelphia does not like suffragists.

Whatever may be its right to the title "City of Brotherly Love," the Quaker town showed no sisterly affection for the pilgrims.

Instead of looking upon them as mothers, wives and sisters seeking the franchise in their own way, it viewed them as "freaks" such as are commonly exhibited in museums.

When the hikers left today to continue their march to Washington the farewell accorded them consisted of jeers, insults, sarcastic advice and billingsgate.

Cheers? Yes, a few—a rare few. The mob that jammed and fought in front of the Hotel Walton and the mob that filled the windows of homes and lined the miles of streets through which the little army passed, seeing in a most only to cause mental suffering to women already pathetically suffering.

Scenes bordering on riot marked the departure from the hotel. Big squadrons of police seemed almost powerless to keep back the surging mob.

General Rosalie Gardner Jones, carrying the suffrage banner, called "forward march" and swung the little army into line for its eighteen-mile hike to Chester, Pa., where the night's stop is to be made.

Here and there along the line rowdies tossed peanuts at the pilgrims. "Here, suffies, here's some nuts for you," they called, and every block more rowdies and women, too, hurled insults.

But the pilgrims paid no apparent heed. They stiffened their upper lips and smiled grimly, plodding patiently along on burning and blistering feet urged into action by muscles that shrieked in protest with every movement.

Four mounted police and a big delegation of Philadelphia suffragists escorted the pilgrim's to the city's outskirts, the newsboys' band meanwhile creating harmony that added a little gaiety to the occasion.

Three new recruits joined the ranks today, Miss Aline Bergmark of Denver and Miss Virginia E. Patschke and Mrs. Georgia Williams, both of Lebanon, Pa.

A count of noses after the start was made today showed only nine feminine suffragists in the parade, who so far have hiked unassisted.

They were: General Rosalie Jones, Colonel Ida Craft, Corporal Martha Klatschken, Miss Minerva Crowell, Miss Phoebe Hawn, Mrs. John E. Boldt, Miss Elizabeth Aldrich, Mrs. George Wood and Miss Constance Leupp.

Among the "gentlemen pilgrims" were Ernest J. Sterner, Herman Syr, Rev. Charles Kinsey, George Wend, Jr., and J. C. Leupach.

The hike today was a long and hard one, over soggy country roads and progress slow. Several times some of the pilgrims lost their rubbers in the mire.

In refreshing contrast to the farewell of the Penn City folks, was that given at the University of Pennsylvania. More than 3,000 students met the pilgrims just outside the college limits and escorted them into historic Price Hall, doing the snake dance and cheering.

Bedlam broke loose when the pilgrims entered the hall and there was nearly a riot outside on the part of the students who fought to get in to hear the speeches made by General Jones, Colonel Craft and Miss Elizabeth Freeman.

Five hundred policemen, who were rushed to the college, succeeded after a time in restoring a semblance of order.

Leaving the college, the hikers once more took to the trail, only to find it blocked by the students.

More speeches, girls, more speeches. You can't leave us until you speak some more" they cried.

The police finally opened a lane for the pilgrims, whereupon a nearby barber shop was invaded, a barber chair pulled out into the street and General Jones practically lifted upon and forced to speak again.

Then Mrs. Boldt sold postcards and the parade moved along against a blinding snowstorm.

"ASLEEP AT SWITCH" ON SUFFRAGE HIKE

MISS MAY MORGAN.

MISS PHOEBE HAWN. COLONEL IDA CRAFT.

The photograph shows three of the cpffragist hikers taking a rest by the roadside in the long march to Washington.

DEAN SUMNER ON VICE IN BOSTON

Dean Walter T. Sumner, chairman of the famous Chicago Vice Commission, which disclosed the enormity of the white slave traffic and other startling evils, will be the principal speaker at the annual meeting of the New England Watch and Ward Society tomorrow evening at Dr. Hale's church, Newbury and Exeter streets. Commercialized vice will be discussed.

TRUSTS MAKE POOR, SAYS AMOS PINCHOT

NEW YORK, Feb. 17.—"As long as we have unrestrained monopoly, such as the oil trust, tobacco, steel, sugar, lumber and a hundred other trusts enjoy, the public will get poorer each year," declared Amos R. Pinchot in a lecture at the Park Methodist Episcopal Church. "A few weeks of sickness or unemployment put the average man or woman on the rocks of dismiss."

ROCKEFELLER BOYS STUDYING WIRELESS

NEW YORK, Feb. 17.—Godfrey and Stillman Rockefeller, young sons of William G. Rockefeller, are studying wireless telegraphy. Their father intends to erect for them an up-to-date station at their home on Lake avenue, Greenwood, as soon as they prove they are able to operate it.

Dean Hurlburt Says Harvard Is Religious

"Harvard students do not go to for religion as they do for football, but religious life at the university is nevertheless vigorous," according to Dean Hurlburt, who defends Harvard from the charge of being a hot bed of free thinking and a bad place to send young men.

Dean Hurlburt defended the chapel system in addressing graduate students at Phillips Brooks House, saying:

Religious life at Harvard is vigorous largely because of the change from the compulsory chapel system to the present one. Harvard has been called a hot-bed of free-thinking, a bad place for people to send their sons to. People look with incredulity when you speak of it as a place of vigorous religious life.

A man must settle his religion with God—he can't let someone else do it for him. Since the change in 1886, a man has to think; he must determine what part religion is going to play in his life. Chapel seems too often to be regarded as a penal institution.

The attitude at Harvard Chapel is the most devout I know. At other colleges I have visited I have been struck by the restlessness of the students, the reading of newspapers and books, the excuses they give to get out of chapel.

I believe the prescribed service not only does no good, but that it actually works evil.

HUBBARD SEES NEW LESSON IN TITANIC

NEW YORK, Feb. 17.—Elbert Hubbard at the Globe Theatre in the course of an address on "Making a Living," said: "The loss of the Titanic had its compensation, for when the ship went down the belief in the total depravity of men also went down. In view of the noble action of Mrs. Isidor Straus and of John Jacob Astor, we can no longer believe in the old total depravity doctrine.

MISHAPS PURSUE BALTIC ON VOYAGE

NEW YORK, Feb. 17.—The liner Baltic which reached here from Liverpool brought her channel pilot all the way to this side, as it was impossible to land him owing to the gale. During the trip, waves smashed the emergency lifeboat and splintered other boats and Patrick Ward, of Liverpool, one of the crew, chose February 13 to jump overboard.

RICH LORD LEIGH VISITS AMERICA

NEW YORK, Feb. 17.—Francis Dudley, third Baron Leigh of Stoneleigh Abbey, Kenilworth, England, arrived on the Campania. Lord Leigh was the husband of Miss Helene Beckwith, daughter of Nelson Marvin Beckwith, at this city. She died in 1909, leaving him $1,500,000. His lordship was accompanied by his sister, Lady Agnes Leigh.

MAYOR ON WAY TO PALM BEACH TO LEARN TROT

Mayor Fitzgerald is on his way to Palm Beach, where everyone's dancing the turkey trot this season. His Honor's going to learn it just as soon as he gets there. When he gets back to Boston—well, that'll be another story.

When the Mayor was last at Palm Beach his dancing was the envy of the smart set there. Now they're making a book on how long it will take him to learn the turkey trot. From one to three days find the most takers.

You know, His Honor knows a little about the turkey trot already. Mrs. James J. Storrow knows how to dance it—though she learned it in order to point out its alleged objectionable features. Now, 'twould be only natural if she had given the Mayor a few pointers before he started South.

The Mayor said as he left, dropping turkey trotting thoughts for the moment:

The trip is purely for rest. I expect to be gone two or three weeks. I shall stop at Washington and confer with Congressman Oscar Underwood on certain tariff matters, particularly on the matter of free trade on boots and shoes, to which I am very much opposed.

Won't Take Long to Learn.

Mrs. Fitzgerald and the Misses Fitzgerald have seen something of the "turkey" in the halls they have attended in Boston, so it won't take them long to be doing as well as any in the fashionable ballrooms at Palm Beach.

Turkey trotting, that combination of fantastic tough-boreau evolutions, is all the rage today among the colonists wintering at Palm Beach.

In the Casino, at house parties and at various entertainments the "trot," generally looked upon askance by promoters of civic righteousness in this city, and barred in many public places of amusements is danced all during the afternoons and evenings, and even during the afternoon dips on the beach.

Has Stamp of Approval.

Until the past few days no attempt had been made to introduce the "trot" into Palm Beach society. Then one evening, while the Casino was crowded with diners, the orchestra struck up the syncopated music of the "trot." There was no response at first. Then one or two couples, a little more venturesome than the rest, took the floor. Instantly a dozen couples joined them, and to the applause of the onlookers danced around and around the floor.

And with the "stamp of approval" the "trot" has come to stay at Palm Beach; for the present season at least. Next year it may be the "grizzly," the "Dallas glide," or something just as revolutionary.

WEINGARTNER SUES EDITOR IN BERLIN

Felix Weingartner, who has been conducting the orchestra at the Boston Opera House, has brought a libel action, Berlin dispatches say today, against the editor of the Munich Neueste Nachrichten. The editor referred to Weingartner as a contract breaker from the Royal Opera.

GENEVIEVE CLARK, sixteen-year-old daughter of Speaker Champ Clark, who is to ride in suffrage procession at Wilson inaugural in Washington.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 18.—When the Women's Suffrage procession, moves down Pennsylvania Avenue during the inaugural ceremonies, one of the prettiest young women in line will be Miss Genevieve Clark, the sixteen-year old daughter of Speaker Champ Clark.

Miss Clark is an ardent suffragist. She came to Washington when a baby and, reared in the atmosphere of statesmanship, has become a political arbiter among the younger set.

She is tall, lithe, has large brown eyes and luxuriant brown hair. This interesting young lady is taking a special course in English and aspires to be a writer. Her interest in the suffrage movement has caused her to make an exhaustive study of the question and few women in this country have a better knowledge of that great problem.

She will ride in the Missouri float, which is being decorated according to her wishes.

TO HOLD CONCERT AT MRS. JOHN GARDNER'S

Through the courtesy of Mrs. John L. Gardner, the Pupils and People's Orchestra of the Boston Music School Settlement at No. 110 State Street will give a concert at Fenway Court, Tuesday, March 11, 1913, at 8 o'clock in the evening. The object of the concert is to raise funds for the maintenance of the settlement.

COLDS CAUSE HEADACHE AND GRIP
LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE removes the cause. There is only one "BROMO QUININE." Look for signature of E. W. GROVE. 25c.

TWO GIRLS DIE IN FLAMES IN WEBSTER HOME

WEBSTER, Feb. 17.—Mary and Anna Winstock, aged fourteen and three years old, respectively, daughters of Mr. and Mrs. John Winstock, were burned to death today in a fire which destroyed the Winstock home on Oxford avenue. Mrs. Michael Klafecki and several firemen were seriously burned. The fire was caused by an overturned kerosene lamp.

Mrs. Winstock, who was on the upper floor, saved a younger baby, and Mary Klafecki, seventeen months old, was rescued from the lower floor by firemen. Unsuccessful attempts were made to reach the second floor where the Winstock children were known to be. The bodies were discovered in the ruins.

Drs. George F. Hart, Joseph Roy, and Joseph O. Gemeroy were summoned and treated several firemen who were burned in their attempts to reach the children.

The damage to the house is estimated at about $5,000.

The Troublesome Problems of Servants Mothers-in-Law.

Have they been solved by this woman's novel plan of marrying her sons to her cooks—or only muddled all the more? Exclusively

IN SUNDAY'S AMERICAN.

FINDS BABY, CLAD IN FURS, AT DOOR

Charles W. Taylor of No. 206 Dorchester street, South Boston, found a week-old girl baby, expensively dressed, on his doorstep. The infant wore two white slips, a flannel shirt, a fur bonnet and fur coat, but there was no clew to her identity. The baby was taken to the Charles Street Home.

"BIG TIM" BETTER; TALKS BUSINESS

NEW YORK, Feb. 17.—"Big Tim" Sullivan, who is confined in Dr. Bond's sanitarium in Yonkers, has so improved that he is now taking a hand in directing his business affairs. He still has delusions, but they are mild and infrequent. He knows who the committeemen are who have his money and property in trust.

FAVOR SUPPORT OF ZOO AND AQUARIUM BY AMUSEMENT PLAN

A plan for the support of the Franklin Park Zoo and the Boston Aquarium, by the establishment of a refectory, bowling alleys, moving picture theatre, municipal dance hall and skating rink, will be presented to Mayor Fitzgerald and the City Council in a resolution passed by the Germania Citizens' Association.

The members of the association agree that if these places of amusement were established they would annually provide enough money to run the Zoo and Aquarium.

MONTH VACATION FOR PRESIDENT HADLEY

NEW HAVEN, Feb. 17.—The Yale Corporation meets today to grant President Hadley a month's leave of absence. He will go to California. President Hadley has been in very poor health for some time.

QUITS WEST POINT TO BECOME PRIEST

Edward M. Harrigan of South Boston has resigned his cadetship at West Point and entered St. John's Ecclesiastical Seminary to study for the Catholic priesthood.

SURELY SETTLES UPSET STOMACHS

"Pape's Diapepsin" Ends Indigestion, Gas, Sourness and Heartburn in Five Minutes.

"Really does" put bad stomachs in order—"really does" overcome indigestion, dyspepsia, gas, heartburn and sourness in five minutes—that—just that—makes Pape's Diapepsin the largest selling stomach regulator in the world. If what you eat ferments into stubborn lumps, you belch gas and eructate sour, undigested food and acid; head is dizzy and aches; breath foul; tongue coated; your insides filled with bile and indigestible waste, remember, the moment Diapepsin comes in contact with the stomach all such distress vanishes. It's truly astonishing—almost marvelous, and the joy is its harmlessness.

A large fifty-cent case of Pape's Diapepsin will give you a hundred dollars' worth of satisfaction or your druggist hands you your money back.

It's worth its weight in gold to men and women who can't get their stomachs regulated. It belongs in your home—should always be kept handy in case of a sick, sour, upset stomach during the day or at night. It's the quickest, surest and most harmless stomach doctor in the world.

Quick, Safe, Sure
Get Rid of Pain
A Trial Proves It
Headaches, Toothache, Backache, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Dizziness, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Grippe, Colds, Coughs, Neuralgic, Rheumatic, Sore Throat, Pains, Aches, Stiffness, Soreness, Lameness, Sprains, Swellings, Bruises, Cramps, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Sciatica, Lumbago, Pains in Back, Hips and Limbs, Grippe, Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Influenza, Pains and Aches of all kinds, Functional Monthly Pain, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Hysteria, Dizziness, Fainting Spells, Nervous Headache, Neuralgia, Backache, Hysterical Headache, Sick Headache, Colds, Grippe

MRS. RANTOUL, QUERIED ABOUT RUMRILL GIFTS, COLLAPSES IN COURT

Mrs. Lois Barnett Rantoul, granddaughter of the poet James Russell Lowell, prominent society woman, collapsed today when counsel was cross-examining her at East Cambridge court in her suit for divorce.

She was carried from the court room in a dead faint. It was twenty minutes before she recovered.

Mrs. Rantoul, who is a frail woman, collapsed during a severe cross-examination by lawyers for her husband, Edward L. Rantoul, who is contesting her suit.

Mrs. Rantoul admitted today that she had received presents from Chester C. Rumrill, the Harvard classmate and friend of her husband, and that he had called on her. Mrs. Rantoul was asked questions that tended to show that Mrs. Rantoul had threatened to leave her husband, her children and her home to run away with Rumrill.

Doctors Go to Her Aid.

Mrs. Rantoul had shown signs of nervousness during her cross-examination for more than an hour before her collapse. Notwithstanding the protests of her physicians she insisted on continuing. She was given stimulants for her heart, and finally she became so distressed that she got up and left the stand of her own volition and walked toward the rear of the courtroom. She was surrounded immediately by Dr. Allen P. Barnes, William Putnam and Hugh Cabot.

When she had reached three-quarters of the distance she fell to the floor in a swoon. She was carried through the consultation room to the reception room by the three physicians where she was resuscitated after a few minutes.

Mrs. Rantoul had been asked in cross-examination:

Q.—Now, Mrs. Rantoul, about your correspondence with Rumrill? A.—I directed that it be destroyed by my husband's request.

Q.—When? A.—Just after the break, July 16.

Q.—Did Codman ever bring this correspondence to you at Elmwood? A.—No.

Q.—Mrs. Rantoul, were you ever at the Serpuls Club? A.—Yes.

Q.—While you were there was Rumrill ever there? A.—Yes.

Q.—How long were you there? A.—Three days in all.

Q.—How often was Rumrill there? A.—Twice, he came down one day and left the next morning and he came down again.

Secret Correspondence.

Q.—At the time of your correspondence with Rumrill how did you prevent your husband from knowing it? A.—We used the special delivery; he would mail his letters on the first collection in the morning and they would get to Elmwood in the afternoon.

Q.—When your husband was not at home? A.—Yes.

Q.—You telephoned practically every day did you not? A.—Yes.

Mrs. Rantoul told in detail of talking over at a general family conference her love for Rumrill. The conference took place at Beverley Farms.

Q.—Didn't you say at the conference that you loved Mr. Rumrill deeply? A.—I said that I loved him very much.

Q.—Did you say that it was a heavensent love or a God-sent love that existed between you and Rumrill? A.—I did not; I deny that.

Warned as "Outcast."

Q.—Did you threaten to leave your husband, children and home, and run away with Rumrill? A.—No, I did not.

Q.—Was the subject of your leaving Elmwood talked over? A.—Yes.

Q.—Who mentioned it first? A.—I did.

Q.—Did Mrs. Neal Rantoul remonstrate with you and say that your act would destroy your future and make of you an outcast? A.—No; and I'd go, but wheels to and with whom I didn't say.

Q.—Did you say that you couldn't help it, you must go? A.—No.

Q.—Did you say that your children would get over it, that other children had? A.—I may have.

Q.—Did you say that your husband was all right and that you had no fault to find with him, but that this love between you and Rumrill was too strong for you? A.—I deny it absolutely.

Q.—During Mr. Rumrill's visit to Beverly Farms she said he walked from the train to the house. Mrs. Rantoul said that she saw him alone in the library, that she told him that she had admitted everything to Mr. Rantoul and that he, Rumrill, ought to see her husband and talk it over.

She said, I thought talk to be the fairest, squarest thing to do and that Mr. Rumrill agreed to it."

Her conversation with Rumrill lasted three or four minutes, Mrs. Rantoul didn't remember that anything was said about the possibility of Rumrill going far away.

Counsel asked: "Do you remember Mr. Rumrill saying he would be willing to go away any distance at once, and you replying, 'What's the good of that?'"

"I don't know," she said, "I was excited, I don't remember."

Received Diamond Ring.

Of presents which she received from Rumrill, Mrs. Rantoul was asked:

Q.—Did he give you any more presents? A.—Yes. He returned a gold pencil I had loaned him after my monogram engraved upon it.

Q.—And he gave you the ear rings and diamond ring? A.—Yes.

The witness said that she received two earrings prior to her birthday, July 16, 1909, and that she wore them with the diamond ring until the break with her husband.

Q.—Did your husband object to your wearing these jewels? A.—No, he did not object if I kept them out of his sight.

Q.—Is it not true that you concealed the fact that the earrings were real diamonds? A.—Yes.

Q.—Your husband at one time came back suddenly, did he not? A.—Yes, he returned from Bar Harbor by train.

Q.—You were surprised to see him come to the house, weren't you? A.—No. Rumrill had telephoned to me.

Q.—Don't you pretended to be surprised, didn't you? A.—Yes.

Q.—Then you deceived your husband? A.—I do not think that I mean that I deceived my husband; I was a little surprised.

Q.—Then you are trying to deceive the court. A.—No; I admit that I deceived my husband.

Q.—Do you think it worse to deceive your husband or deceive the court? A.—I am not trying to deceive the court; I will not entertain that as a possibility.

Called Him "Chippy."

Q.—While your husband was in Panama you were up and about, weren't you? A.—Yes; I was gaining rapidly in health.

Q.—His sister called one day and found you in bed, didn't she? A.—Yes, it was the first day I was out.

Q.—His sister found the tables set for a party of six, didn't she? A.—I do not think it possible.

Q.—What was the nickname which you called Rumrill? A.—Chip.

Q.—And Chippy? A.—Yes.

Q.—Did Mr. Rantoul ever have the doctor? A.—Only for headaches.

Q.—While you were married how many days did Mr. Rantoul miss from office? A.—Only one.

Q.—Any interest in athletic sports? A.—Yes; it was only interest.

Q.—He seldom wore an overcoat in Winter? A.—Seldom, even in zero weather.

Q.—Was he a salt water swimmer late in the Fall? A.—Yes, in December, at the North shore.

Q.—How long was your husband on the cruise with Mr. Rumrill in 1911? A.—About two weeks.

Not Good as Gold.

Continuing, after the examination she admitted that she had called James M. Codman, Jr., on the telephone very frequently after the break with her husband.

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Greater Boston's Great Sale

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In addition to these Money Saving Opportunities in Every Department of the Gilchrist Store—

Double Legal Stamps All Day Tuesday

Filling up Stamp books twice as quickly as usual—saving 5c on each dollar spent—More than ever —and especially this week—

EVERY DAY IS A GOOD DAY TO SHOP AT GILCHRIST'S

A Legal Stamp with every 10c purchase

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TEETH GUARANTEED NO PAIN HIGH PRICES

Dr. T. J. KING

By our new Vitalized Air King safe system of treating by any person, no matter how old, fillings of teeth can have their teeth extracted, filled or treated without a particle of pain or discomfort.

FULL SET $5

With Natural Gums . . .

Don't buy old style teeth. The Natural Gum or teeth are used only by Dr. King, and since 1892 prevent the infection of artificial teeth to the system.

Full upper or lower sets $3, gold filling $1.00 and up. Other dentists extract teeth FREE when sets are ordered. 10 years guarantee.

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We have [illegible] Shoes [illegible] Druggists carry it [illegible] Bellads

OBSTINATE CATARRH

cannot be corrected by local treatment; to arrest the flow of secretion you must remove the cause; this symptom is only one of nature's warnings of a run-down system.

Build your strength and vital forces with SCOTT'S EMULSION; it supplies the needed lime and concentrated fats; the glycerine soothes and heals the delicate organs; the emulsion nourishes the tissues and nerve centers and makes red, active blood.

Scott's Emulsion overcomes catarrh by compelling health and vigor.

Scott & Bowne, Bloomfield, N. J. 12-79

ALFRED DUPONT, young son of millionaire powder maker of Wilmington, Delaware, who won Legislature in move to change his name. The boy is being congratulated by his schoolmates at the Hallock School in Great Barrington.

GOV. WILSON IN NEW BOOK HITS 'BIG INTERESTS'

NEW YORK, Feb. 17.—A scathing arraignment of "Big Business" is contained in President-elect Wilson's pre-inaugural book, "The New Freedom," which made its appearance for the first time upon the newsstands here today.

President-elect Wilson not only reiterates his attacks upon the trusts of the United States but sounds a warning to the great financial interests of the country. The work is considered one of the most remarkable ever put in the field both by reason of the bitterness of its arraignment of the present financial system and by reason of its pre-inauguration exploitation of a future presidential policy, one short year before the United States shows the Declaration of Independence having application to the men of Mr. Wilson.

President-elect explains that he is not the actual author of the book, but that it is a collection of the more suggestive portions of his campaign speeches put together by William Bayard Hale. With such interpolation as would render the work an actual exposition of Mr. Wilson's views, the book is signed by Mr. Wilson.

Mr. Wilson, in his preface, says:

"This book is an attempt to express the new spirit of our politics, and to set forth in large terms, which may stick to the imagination, what it is that must be done, if we are to restore our politics to their spiritual vigor and our national life, whether in trade, in industry or in what concerns us only as families and individuals, to its purity, its self-respect and its Christian strength and freedom.

Monopoly or Opportunity?

In writing under the subject, "Monopoly or Opportunity" Mr. Wilson says:

I admit the popularity of the theory that the trusts have come about through the natural development of business conditions in the United States and that it is a mistake to try to oppose the processes by which they have been built up.

I sincerely, nevertheless, that this attitude rests upon a confusion of thought. Big business is no doubt, to a large extent necessary and natural. The development of business upon large scale, upon a great scale of cooperation, is inevitable and, let me add, is most probable. But that is a very different matter from the growth of trusts, because trusts have not grown; they have been artificially created.

"For my part, I want the plucky little business to have a chance, and I foresee the time when the pigmies will be so much more athletic than the giants that it will be a case of Jack-the-Giant Killer. I am not afraid, absolutely, where every progressive ought to take his stand, on the proposition that private monopoly is indefensible and intolerable. And I will fight my battle. And I know how to fight it. I am perfectly willing that any (the trusts) should best any competitor by fair means; but I know the foul means they have adopted, and I know that they can be stopped by law. What we want to do is to disentangle this colossal "community of interests."

Grills Progressive Party.

The Roosevelt Progressive Party next comes under the fire of the President-elect. After an analysis of the Progressive tenets, Mr. Wilson finds that "the new party legalizes monopoly and systematically subordinates workingmen to them and to plans made by the government both with regard to wages and with regard to employment."

Take the thing as a whole, says Mr. Wilson, and it looks strangely like economic mastery over the very lives and fortunes of those who do the daily work of the nation; and all this under the overwhelming power and sovereignty of the national government.

WE SELL HUB-MARK RUBBERS FOR WOMEN AND CHILDREN Hub Mark—Trade Pt. Mk. Off. Stamp

SHEPARD NORWELL COMPANY WINTER ST. TEMPLE PL. TREMONT ST.

YOUNG DUPONT WINS IN STATE FIGHT FOR NAME

GREAT BARRINGTON, Feb. 17.—Alfred Victor DuPont, the thirteen-year-old son of Alfred I. DuPont, the millionaire powder manufacturer of Wilmington, Del., is being congratulated by his chums and companions at the Hallock School here over the reconsideration by the Delaware Legislature of a bill passed to change his name.

The boy accomplished the recall and pigeon-holing of the measure by writing a pathetic appeal to his mother, the divorced wife of the millionaire, asking her to cry to stop the changing of the name. The mother took it to the legislators, and Representative Mooney, who had the bill in charge, hurried it back from the Senate, where it was to be railroaded through with express train speed. He then moved to reconsider it. This motion was passed unanimously. Mooney then buried it in the pigeonholes of his desk, where it promises to stay.

The name which Alfred I. DuPont, the father, who has admitted that he caused the bill to be introduced, wished to give his son, was Dorsey Cazenovs DuPont.

The first Mrs. DuPont lives in an aristocratic residential section of Wilmington, and the father with his second wife occupies a million dollar residence in the same city. The balance of social harmony existing from the personality of his only child the hereditary name of the DuPont's "Alfred."

Harvard Man Again Acts as Policeman for Sargent Girls

For the second time in two weeks, a Harvard Law School man has been called in by Sargent School Girls in Cambridge to escort them home, when they were being followed by some unknown man. In both cases the student was F. J. Kinner, a second-year law man, who lives at No. 23½ Wendell street, not far from the Sargent School dormitories.

Last night he was walking up to his room from Harvard Square, when three Sargent school girls, who say that they were being followed, appealed to him for escort. He chivalrously saw them home, and then again foiled the police.

HARVARD MAGAZINE HITS INITIATIONS

The Harvard Illustrated Magazine, in an editorial on the subject of fraternity initiations, attacks the present system on the ground that much of it is unbecoming to the dignity of students who are supposed to be doing serious work. The article says: "When initiations in voice become invasions of bodily homes and such farces as mock proposals of marriage to young women in those homes, or hornfests of such a size as enough to know better, there must be a loss of self-respect by the persons involved."

SOMERVILLE POLICE OFFICER IS BURIED

The funeral of Martin Sharry, the Somerville police officer who was on duty last Thursday night and died of heart disease the next morning, was held today at St. Joseph's Church, Union square, Somerville. The body was escorted from the patrolman's late home to the church by patrolmen of the two night divisions. At the church were Mayor Burns, Chief of Police Charles A. Kendall and other police officers. The department's floral tribute represented the police badge. A solemn high mass of requiem was celebrated.

What the Stars Predict for Next Month.

An interesting astrological forecast of good luck and bad, which is in store for us during March. Exclusively

IN SUNDAY'S AMERICAN.

WOULD BE MUSICIANS 'CANNED' AT HARVARD

A large, long and tumultuous "kick" raised by the members of the Harvard Union has resulted in the removal of the grand piano from the living room of the union to the gallery upstairs. The reason for this was the fact that certain would-be musicians were in the habit of ringing selections from musical comedits, disturbing others who wished to study. This is the new song: "Musical clubs and other noisy societies will be obliged to play behind closed doors in the future."

MOTHER TELLS NEW PLAN FOR AIDING WIDOWS

Mayor Fitzgerald Says:

"I am in favor of the universal pensioning of all widows with children."

WHAT DO YOU THINK?

Send your letters to the Widow's Pension Editor, Boston AMERICAN, Boston, Mass.

By SYBIL WARNE.

Letters from widows seeking pensions still come in from all parts of New England.

Some of them disclose the bitter experiences of many widows who are fighting valiantly to keep their children with them.

Deserted wives, too, with children have sent me such pathetic letters that I wonder how any man can leave his children and let them suffer.

Those letters open the secrets of many a widow's heart. They are not the letters that are written to be merely published. They show the heart aches back of them.

One widow suggests a scheme of insurance, which will bear close inspection. In many instances and if properly handled it might result in bringing about the needed reform in this matter, I think. The letters follow:

Suggests Insurance Plan

By all means, let us have a pension for widow's with children.

Furthermore, I do not think it necessary for those widows to feel as though they were getting charity. That is, if the State will bear pension insurance to every family, and let the man pay his pension while he is alive and able to.

There are thousands in Boston alone who carry no insurance at all, to say nothing of the rest of the State.

Why not let the State insure the public for about ten cents a week or fifty cents a month on the husband and father of the family? This premium would be applied to a policy for a pension, and then the widow will not confine this as a charity.

The State could make this compulsory and issue policies or certificates. All families could and would pay a small premium, when it would mean the continuance of their children's education after the death of the father.

And this would also mean a surer means of livelihood for the widows and less drudgery and sweat-shop drudgery, and would tend to eliminate poverty and crime resultant therefrom.

There could be stations, or these premiums could be collected each month by unpaid collectors, giving receipts in the pension holder's book. Tacts could be one or two in each ward within the city limits. Pay-books could be brought to headquarters semi-annually for inspection. A form of receipt could be given out.

This would be a bigger step for the public welfare than even the savings bank insurance, I think, for it would meet a greater demand from poor people.

"This is only a suggestion, but it's worth thinking about. It would keep down the high cost of living, as many a family has gone hungry to keep the insurance paid, only to lose it in the end. It would not hurt the insurance companies at all, as they would have the rest of the family outside the father and husband to collect dimes from. That is, until the nation realized the advantage and organized a national insurance for the people and for the people.

MRS. JOHN F. DE HARO.

No. 9 Valentine street, Roxbury.

From a Deserted Wife.

Editor AMERICAN'S Page:

I am not a widow but a deserted wife. I have known what it is to have a nice home. Two years ago the man who promised to love and honor me, deserted me and my two children.

Oh, what a struggle it has been!

You go and tell your story to a charitable society and they want to put your children in a home. This would take my life blood from me.

They could not take my children, as charity offered me the wastrul. Till I went to that washtub I never did a day's work in my life (but that) do a big washing for a wealthy family.

I get down on my knees to scrub the floor and black the stove. I get just fifteen cents an hour for the hardest kind of work. Then I go home with a heart ache, because I do not have more for my children.

Give the widow the pension.

Jamaica Plain. C. P. L.

A HUNDRED HOUSEWIVES could get competent cooks if they advertised in the American Help Wanted columns today. Phone the ad.

A MOTHER'S LETTER

CASSIDY WOULD PUT TEETH INTO THE LAW ON SALE OF BAD MEAT

By HARRY P. CASSIDY.

Joseph 12 Johnson, inspector of foods in Cambridge, is the sponsor for a bill before the Legislature, intended to make easier the enforcement of the laws regulating the sale of decomposed and unwholesome food.

A hearing upon the bill was given by the Committee on Public Health. The only opponent who appeared was Alton E. Briggs, executive secretary of the Fruit and Produce Exchange. This bill is numbered Senate No. 164 It happened that I had secured the introduction of a bill almost exactly similar, numbered House No. 1,163.

The law as it stands on the statute books today is no protection to the consumer. It gives the retailer absolute protection from any charge of selling rotten food which may be brought against him.

Mr. Johnson, in presenting his bill to the committee, gave instances where he found it impossible to enforce the present law. Under the law today, a dealer who sells rotten meat or rotten fruit or rotten vegetables, cannot be convicted unless it is proved that he "knowingly" did so. The Legislative Committee at the hearing appeared to realize that this word gives the retailer absolute protection. It is practically impossible to prove that he knew anything about the condition of the food. Judges have repeatedly said:

"I can't convict this man, or find him guilty, under the law as it now stands. He says he didn't know that chicken was decomposed, or that meat was rotten as the case may be. The law says he must 'knowingly' sell the rotten food. I shall have to let him go."

I talked to Mr. Johnson after the legislative hearing. He appeared to be an earnest and diligent worker, and I believe he is as ardent a pure food man as anyone could desire—a man with a sense of his responsibility.

He said:

"I have had scores of cases—many of them I did not even take into court—where the dealer simply denied all knowledge of the rotten food he had sold. I am worn out with fighting for convictions against this provision in the law. It is like trying to catch a fish with a barrel hoop, instead of a net. The fish slips through your hoop and swims away.

"I believe," he added, "it is high time that there was a law to force retailers to be more careful of what food they sell. If the retailer were told—See here. We don't care whether you know that you are selling or not—if you sell rotten, poisonously decomposed foods to women and children, you shall be punished, you may be very sure he would see to it that every piece of meat and every bunch of potatoes, and every dozen oranges he sold were in good condition, and not filled with bacteria and all the horrid evidences of putrefaction.

"It is no hardship to the dealer. An expert—every man who handles food for long as a business becomes an expert—can tell easily whether food is in condition to sell. He should be forced to accept the responsibility."

The committee that heard Mr. Johnson seemed to believe he was right. Mr. Briggs made a lengthy and specious argument to the effect that it was a hardship to force the dealer to accept the responsibility for the food he sold. The committee questioned him closely, and his answers were not convincing.

But now I understand Mr. Briggs is drafting a substitute measure—better in some respects, perhaps, than the present bill, but with the crucial word, "knowingly," still in the bill.

Mr. Briggs is devoted to the interests of his employers, I believe. I believe also he is honest in his conviction that he sees represent the retailer and not the consumer.

Many retailers are realizing that they owe a duty to their customers—a duty to be honest, and to sell their customers only honest and worth while food. Mr. Briggs declares that he is devoted to the cause of pure food, but he has not yet accepted this position.

It is my doctrine, and it is the doctrine of every man with the interests of the public health wholly at heart, that the retailer holds a position of public trust. The retailer betrays his trust, when he sells adulterated, mutilated, decomposed, poisonous or fraudulent foods.

It is the doctrine of many retailers, however, that the consumer must look out for himself. Mr. Briggs quoted to the Committee on Agriculture the threadbare doctrine, "Let the buyer beware." Many retailers honestly believe that every time a consumer enters their store a battle of wits ensues. They believe that if they offer an inferior or adulterated article—and the consumer accepts it—their shirts are clear. Their attitude is much like that of the traditional horse trader.

Mr. Briggs' record in the present Legislature is somewhat against him.

There was a bill to force merchants selling skim milk cheese to label the package so that the customer might know what he was buying. Mr. Briggs opposed it.

There was a bill to force merchants selling butter to be sure that butter was not 20 per cent. water, or any per cent. in excess of 16. Mr. Briggs opposed it.

There was this bill to force merchants selling food to take care that they did not sell diseased meat or provisions. Mr. Briggs opposed it.

But before the end of the Legislative session, I believe Mr. Briggs will have changed his tactics, and will be listed with the real friends of pure food, and not with the professed friends but real enemies.

The committee is still considering Senate Bill No. 164. House Bill No. 1163, the one bearing my name, will later be up for a hearing by the same committee. I believe the two should be considered together, and that one or the other should pass.

How to Get a Job and Keep It.

Twenty-three rules which every true worker, and every employer, too, will find it profitable to follow. Exclusively

IN SUNDAY'S AMERICAN.

FIGHT GARMENT STRIKE RIOTERS; TWO ARRESTED

Two men were arrested and more than a score of others badly beaten during a demonstration of 1,000 garment strikers in front of Macullar-Parker's store on Washington street shortly after noon today.

A riot call sent to the City Hall avenue station brought a squad of policemen to the scene to prevent the rioters from assaulting strike-breakers employed in the store.

Joseph Abramovitch, No. 227 Dorchester street, was arrested and charged with an assault upon Patrolman W. G. Hill. Luigi Viliari was locked up on a charge of hurling a brick through one of the plate glass windows in front of the store.

The trouble began shortly after 12 o'clock when the employes of the store began to leave the building for the noon hour. Several were attacked and handled roughly by the crowd. One worker who left the store by the Hawley street entrance was knocked down and given a severe punching. He escaped from the crowd by running through Hawley street to Franklin, where he found a policeman.

The State Board of Arbitration today held an open meeting to hear members of the Garment Workers' Union. A delegation of twenty-five workers, of whom eight were young women, headed by Samuel Zorn, agent for the union, and George Boewer, their attorney, arrived at the State House early and were admitted to the chamber.

Why You Should Live 200 Years.

Professor Eugene Christian points out just why it is that man is the only animal which doesn't live eight times the period of maturity. Exclusively

IN SUNDAY'S AMERICAN.

AGAIN EXONERATES SHAW IN HOTEL CASE

Arthur P. Hardy, as master, refused in his second report to find Gardner H. Shaw of Brookline acted fraudulently in transactions involving the Hotel Carlton at No. 1138 Boylston street. This property was owned by Shaw, Angus McDonald and Arthur W. Joslin, contractors, brought a suit in equity against Shaw, his wife, Anna A. Shaw, Miss Nina E. Fritz and the International Trust Company. McDonald and Joslin sued to recover $2,353 for labor and material furnished on the Hotel Carlton. They charged that he placed the property in the hands of his wife and Miss Fritz to have the property remain in their hands permanently.

MARGARET WILSON FOR SCHOOL CENTRES

NEW YORK, Feb. 17.—The department of recreation of the Russell Sage Foundation has sent letters, to presidents of the various State Federal Conventions of Women's Clubs urging them to secure adequate legislation to open school buildings for social centre uses. Miss Margaret Woodrow Wilson, the President-elect's eldest daughter, has interested herself greatly in this movement.

HELD IN $200 ON CHARGE OF ARSON

Thomas J. Madden, aged twenty-one years, No. 18 St. Martin street, Charlestown, was held in $2,000 for the Grand Jury today in Charlestown court for arson. The police allege he set fire to the Medford street stables of Lawrence & Wiggin, Friday, February 7, in the early morning.

PRINCE HENRY RUNS DOWN 5-YEAR-OLD

HEIDERNHEIM, Ger., Feb. 17.—Prince Heney of the Netherlands ran over and seriously injured a five-year-old child while driving an automobile through the principal streets of this town. He picked the child up and took it in his automobile to the local hospital.

SHOE SALESMAN DIES ON BALTIMORE BOAT

John F. Martin of Perham, N. C., salesman for the John H. Cross Shoe Company of Cambridge, died suddenly of acute indigestion while on board the Merchants and Miners' Transportation Company steamship Kershaw, which arrived in Boston harbor today from Baltimore.

CARDINAL TO HONOR HARRINGTON RITES

Cardinal O'Connell will probably be present at a requiem mass for the Rev. Father John C. Harrington, P. R., who was for many years pastor of St. Joseph's Church, Lynn, which will be celebrated by the Right Rev. Monsignor Coleman of St. John's Church, Swampscott, and the body will be in state until 10 o'clock tomorrow morning.

CASH REGISTER CO. HEAD GIVEN YEAR

CINCINNATI, O., Feb. 17.—President John H. Patterson of the National Cash Register Company, recently convicted with twenty-nine other officials of the firm of violation of the Sherman anti-trust law, was sentenced today to one year in the penitentiary and fined $5,000.

To Keep Peers From "Debasing Their Blood."

The outrageous plan suggested by the English Royal court to mark with the "bar sinister" marriages of noblemen with "ladies of inferior rank" and deny their offspring the rights of legitimate children. Exclusively

IN SUNDAY'S AMERICAN.

GARMENT strikers who attended public session of State Board of Arbitration today to discuss the strike and prospect of peace. Reading from top, on left, Mary Sullivan, Rose Zeider, Emma Shuman; on right, Mary Costa, Annie Goldstein, Mary Freedman.

TOWLE AND KEOGH NAMED ON CHELSEA LICENSING BOARD

Mayor Edward E. Willard of Chelsea this afternoon announced his appointment of License commissioner. Frank Towle of No. 7 Reynolds avenue was appointed until 1916, and George J. Keogh was appointed until 1914. These men were named to succeed Joslin sued to recover $2,353 for labor and William Lee and John McAvoy, who recently resigned.

STEAL HORSE AND WAGON FROM BARN

Thieves entered the barn of Bonez Andreson at No. 94 Wooster avenue, last night and stole a chestnut horse, a red-painted wagon and a set of harness, property of three different people. The wagon had the name of Harry Bloomfield on it.

LYNN MAYOR ASKS TWO RESIGNATIONS

Mayor George H. Newhall of Lynn, today asked for the resignation of Michael F. Ward, chairman of the Board of Health and also Dr. Francis W. Lane, another member of that board. The Mayor gave as reason in his letters of request which were sent to both Ward and Lane today, he said, "for the good of the service." It is expected that both Ward and Lane will refuse to resign. Newhall was only recently elected Mayor and it is thought that the resignations are asked because Ward and Lane opposed him politically.

TAFT TO BREAK GROUND FOR STATUE

NEW YORK, Feb. 17.—President Taft will turn the first shovelful of earth at Fort Tompkins, next Saturday, for the erection of a memorial to the North American Indian.

SCOTT'S LAST THOUGHT FOR 2 COMPANIONS

LONDON, Feb. 17.—Captain Scott's last thought, as he faced death in the Antarctic wilderness, was for his companions, despatches today from Christchurch, New Zealand, reveal. He enclosed Bowers and Wilson in sleeping bags with his last remaining trace of strength.

It is declared the official narrative of the Scott party tells far short of recounting their actual privations. Campbell's party was even driven to smoking the teakwood fittings of a sledge.

The surviving members of the expedition resent the suggestion that Demetri and Cherry Garard could have done any more than they did to save Scott and his comrades.

Drake, the secretary of the expedition, will start home Thursday via the Suez Canal. The Fram is leaving for the United States in a few days to meet Amundsen for his journey to the North Pole.

Sir Clements Markham, who helped finance Scott's ventures, declares that Scott's journey to the South Pole "is without comparison—the greatest that has ever been made by an Englishman in the polar regions."

All of the five exploration parties which started for the South Pole three or more years ago have been accounted for. A Berlin telegram received today stated that members of the German Filchner's Antarctic expedition had reached there. It is believed that the party did not reach the South Pole, although members of the returned party denied that there was any friction among the members.

The Australian expedition under Dr. Mawson has also been heard from. A wireless message has been received at Sydney, Australia, from Adelie land by way of Macquarie Island, announcing that the Aurora, the ship of the Mawson expedition, had left there with Dr. Mawson and all the other members of the party on board. The destination of the Aurora is Termination Glacier.

Frank Wilde, who went into the Antarctic with Sir Ernest Shackleton, is with the Mawson party, and will lead a trip of exploration over the glacier, which is the biggest in the world. The Mawson party then probably will return home.

The first party to be heard from was the Norwegian exploration, under Captain Roald Amundsen, who discovered the South Pole. Amundsen returned to civilization in March, 1912.

CITY COUNCIL ADOPTS RESOLUTION ON DEATH OF CAPT. SCOTT AT POLE

A resolution on the death of Captain Robert Scott and his companions, to be sent to the members of their families, was introduced today at the meeting of the members of the City Council. It read:

Resolved, that the members of the City Council of Boston unite in expressing their sincere sorrow and regret at the death of Captain Robert Scott and his brave companions. We desire to place on record our sense of the unselfish devotion which inspired them and of the undaunted courage which they displayed; both in the interest of humanity. Resolved, that we tender to their families, and to the British nation, of which Captain Scott and his companions were honored members, our deep appreciation of the loss that they have sustained.

Don't Forget Those Red Cross Candy Drops—17 lbs. 98c.

Don't You, Mr. New England Manufacturer,

Want Your Share of South America's $2,000,000,000 Annual Business?

THE way to get it is to go after it. The way to go after it is to join the South American trip of the Boston Chamber of Commerce. This will be a historic event in the development of the commerce of the United States.

Go now and get in on the ground floor. For full particulars, including booklet, write or call

South American Tour

BOSTON CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

PHONE FORT HILL 2100

Sales, $250,000 Tolls, $36

THIS is the most remarkable incident of its kind that we have heard of in the course of a demonstration of selling by telephone—sales totalling $250,000 at an expenditure of $36 for telephone tolls.

By permission we are enabled to say that the selling was done by MR. GEORGE R. KELLY of George R. Kelly & Co. of 104 Hanover St., Boston, New England selling agents of the American Window Glass Company of Pittsburgh.

One of our salesmen called up Mr. Kelly to demonstrate our new toll service selling plans, only to find that already he was employing advanced methods along this line. Said he:

"We anticipated a rise in the price of window glass around January 1, and wanted to give our customers the benefit of current quotations.

"There wasn't time to make personal visits to the trade, letters wouldn't be satisfactory, so we made our calls by telephone.

"During the first ten days in December we made toll calls to widely separated points in New England, at a cost of about $36, and booked orders aggregating $250,000."

If any New England house can show greater results from selling by telephone, we would be glad to learn of them.

Business men interested in progressive ideas for the extension of trade are invited to send for our booklet entitled "Modern Methods of Money-Making," and for samples of our "Telephone Passes."

In Greater Boston, call Fort Hill 7600 and ask the Contract Department for details. Outside of Greater Boston, call the Local Manager.

HENRY SIEGEL CO.

TUESDAY SPECIALS

Look for the Gray Cards

Quantities are large in every instance, but prices are so extraordinary that early shopping is advisable.

Double S. & H. Stamps All Day Tuesday

In Addition to These Values

10c Bleached Muslin
Yard wide, soft finish. Limit 15 yards to a customer. Yard 6c

40c Table Damask
58 in. wide, extra heavy quality, mercerized satin finish, yard, at 28c

75c Bed Sheets
Seamless, full bed size, $1.00-inch, extra good quality, each 57c

6½c Apron Ginghams
Staple blue and white checks. A full cotton, yard 4c

10c and 12½c Handkerchiefs
Men's and women's, some with embroidered corners, each 3c

Women's $1.25 Gloves
Miscellaneous lot of mochia, suede and glace kid, one and two clasps, odd sizes, pair 54c

Men's 10c Half Hose
Black and navy, cotton and cotton, double sole, high spliced heel and toe, ribbed top, all sizes, 8½c pair

Women's 10c and 25c Hosiery
Lisles and cottons, black and colors, full ribbed heel and toe, elastic seam, garter welt, medium and extra weight, all sizes, pair 11c

Men's 10c and 25c Neckwear
Full length, silk four-in-hands, narrow reversible and open ends, desirable colors, stripes and figures, each 7c

Men's Coats and Vests
Sizes 34, 35, 36 and 37 and a few 46 to 50 only, in cassimere, cheviot and fancy cloths and coats in tuxedo and cutaway styles; full suits were worth $10.00 to $25.00 ..... $3.95

40c Wash Boards
Glass boards, the strongest and best made 29c

25c Dry Mops
Pin hardwood frame, good quality cotton 16c

30c Dozen Table Tumblers
Plain or fluted bottom, each 1¼c

15c Cups and Saucers
Regular size, English porcelain, double gold line tracing 8c

75c Nottingham Lace Curtains
Three new and up-to-date lacy patterns, 270 pairs in the lot 49c

98c Scrim Curtains
Made with hemstitched edge, made on beautiful lawn, choice of white or cream 69c

$2.75 Muslin Curtains
Made of fine quality muslin, border with beautiful tambour patterns, pair $1.39

$2.50 Couch Covers
In tapestry, Kensington weave, oriental coverings and patterns, 60-inch size, each $1.79

40c Window Shades
Heavy oil opaque cloth 29c

50c Woolen Toques
Scarlets, cadets, in brown and navy only, sporting goods department 15c

Children's 15c Drawers
Extra fine quality cotton, on band, ribbed bed seam, ages 2 to 12 years 8c

3c Spool Cotton
200 yard spools of J. J. Clark's soft finish, all numbers, only 1 spool to a customer 1½c

Up to 15c Table Ware
White plated ware, including forks and knives, tea spoons, tea strainers, soup ladles, meat forks and bone saws, each 3c

Women's 50c Hand Bags
Metal lock, medium size, leather lined, one inside pocket, assorted materials, silk and leather linings and double leather bags, each 29c

75c to $1.00 Silk Remnants
Plaques, taffeta, fancy striped or plain, plain colors, all desirable shades and some checks, yard 36c

$7.50 to $10.00 Coats
Made of fancy mixtures and novelty cheviots and cassimeres, Monday $3.95

$5.00 to $7.00 Winter Hats
Velvets, velours, felts, fancy mixtures and fur trimmings, choice $2.00

$1.00 C. B. Corsets
Specially made models, in white or drab, sizes 18 to 30 ..... 51c

49c Black Petticoats
Made of sateen and taffeteen, deep accordion pleated ruffle 29c

Women's 39c Skirts
Made of summer-like wash goods and some short skirts, deep embroidered ruffle 22c

10c and 25c Ribbons
4 to 7 inch, in moire, satin, plaid effects and plain, all good colorings 11c

Boys' $2.00 and $3.00 Suits
Double-breasted and knickerbocker suits, wool cheviots, all sizes from 7 to 16 years, heavy and neat $1.10

Boys' Up to 50c Toques
Made of cassimere, with robert and coat combinations 8c

$2.00 House Dress
100 samples in good range of styles and dark shades 98c

And S. & H. Stamps

THE AMERICAN'S DAILY HOME PAGE

The Plunderers

An Adventure of the Famous Captain Kettle

By CUTCLIFFE HYNE

PART II.

(Continued.)

THE feast was qui generis. They found grease, baking powder and flour, and made doughnuts; they heated three tins of Julienne soup, they boiled a great mass of salt pork on a bedding of white beans. They made a stew of preserved potatoes, an Australian mutton and pâte de foie gras, and, as a chef d'oeuvre, one of the negroes turned out some crisp three-cornered farfiels stuffed with strawberry jam. Tom Hank, with a lump in one hand, a cylinder of pickles in the other, and a whole armory of knives and forks bristling from his pockets, pattered off to the main cabin to lay the table.

At the doorway he stopped, gaping, and because the instinct of the newly hunted made his right hand slip round to a certain back pocket, the plates went to the ground with a crash. In the swivel chair at the head of the table was huddled a man—a small man with a cold cigar bitten tight between his teeth, a man so grimy with coal dust that Hank couldn't have sworn whether the short peaked beard which rested on his chest was black or red or Prussian blue.

"Oh, don't you trouble to be polite," said the man in the chair. "I'm mighty glad to see any one who can talk and use a pair of hands." Here he lifted his nose and sniffed the air like a hound. "I'm dog, supper you're cooking?"

"I reckon."

"Found anything to wash it down with?"

"There was a dozen bottles of beer, but we mauled those between whiles, and I guess they're drunk."

"There should have been more, but I suppose my bouncy steward has pocketed them. However, this is a big night, and this is the first time I seen you or your mates, so I guess champagne'll be good enough for us. There's a case in that end room ready a purpose for this sort of celebration day. Perhaps you'll fetch it out. I'm weak still."

Hank Sets the Table

Hank obeyed wondering, and laid the table and brought in the viands, to which he was assisted by Nutt and the blacks.

Then Captain Kettle spoke.

"Oh, not here, friends. I'm not going to eat at table with niggers. I take it this isn't a blessed missionary meeting."

It seemed as though there would be a row. One of the blacks started to his feet, muttering, but with "Sit down, you!" Hank and another keenly drew a razor and made suggestive motions with it through the air.

"Of course," said Kettle, "if you gee tlemen have cracked your color and cassie to feed with those ornaments, you can do it; only I am a white man and have my pride."

"That's right," said Nutt. "Pinchlaz and the schooner's different. But this is a regular hotel dinner, with napkins and table cloth, and I guess any thing relished 'ud spoil the meal. Say, you samples, you money."

The Negro Complains

"I done cooked most this yere grub," whined he of the razor, "and I've gwine t' eat my belly load."

"Well, collar what you want and eat till you bust-up."

"Yes, but what'll we go?"

Nutt looked at Captain Kettle. The little man in the swivel chair gave his African guests full leave to go to a place considerably hotter than the engine hole, notwithstanding the meal from an after thought, whither they betook themselves grumbling, and then the three whites commenced their meal.

Kettle unwired a champagne bottle with a fork and poured out three long tumblers of dancing froth.

"Wine?" asked Hank. "Oh, my Jemima!"

"Champagne, my boy," snorted the one-eyed man.

"Don't cut," ordered the captain.

"Things have been that hot this trip it gave me mad method."

"You seem to get your manners on ice, Mr. Billy Nutt," said his friend. "Now I see a regular hotel meal in front of me, and I am going to make a pig of myself and be jolly well thankful. I hates any use for your high-toned sort of cognoscering. See here, stuff your silly mouth and quit grumbling right now, d'ye hear?"

His guests ate and Kettle made small talk for them, at the same time playing a good knife and fork himself. The food seemed to straighten his back and knock the limpness out of him, but Mr. Nutt and his friend were lapping their champagne too industriously to see any significance in the changes.

The meal crept steadily through its course and the empty bottles grew on the cabin floor. No one got drunk. Captain Kettle's own libations were sparing, and the others had each a high coefficient of absorption. Still, all were exhilarated and ripe for mischief or merriment, as might befall.

Get to the Point

"Say, Cap," said the long man, as he dallied with his last strawberry tartlet, "isn't it so that you got this fine steamer of yours ballasted with sovereigns?"

"It's so," said Kettle, "or something very like that."

"Year own?"

"Oh, Lord, just freight, consigned to New Orleans and brought here by that blow up I was telling you about. I suppose that you gentlemen will have no objection to bearing a hand aboard o' me, soon you are here? I'm a bit short-handed, and it'd be a pity to let freight like that rust for want of fingering."

Hank grinned at his vis-a-vis and then turned to the little skipper in the swivel chair.

"No," he said, "I don't see there's anything wrong with that, but I am afraid if we chipped in we couldn't sign on so far as New Orleans."

"New Orleans be sugared!" cried Captain Kettle. "Have not I spoken plain enough already? Don't you understand all this racket's a blessed swindle? The steamer's going to have the name plate on her engine altered, and the label on her stern changed, and a different pattern painted on her smokestacks, and a coat of gray clapped on her outside, and then—then, when she's so bedevilled her own builder wouldn't know her, we'll run her around to some South American port, where the best manner of operations will be asked, and sell her for what she'll fetch. But only the steamer, mark you. I reckon she's carried the freight far enough. That'll be struck, and struck out of her bero."

"You bet," said Nutt, rubbing his hands. "We'll corral the dollars for you right here till you come back. You shall have our niggers to wrestle for you if you can get 'em and manage 'em. But they're fair toughs. Perhaps you'd wax-eaten when you come to know 'em a bit."

Kettle on Fear

"I'd handle," retorted the captain, "a crew of old Nicks to a reasonable rate out of the pit, if I was put to it. Don't you make any error. I've kept my end up with the worst crowds a man ever put to sea with. By James," he went, with a bang on the table, "by James, I'd handle you, Mr. Nutt, if you couldn't call your soul your own."

"You'd win which?" snarled Nutt rising in his chair.

"Sit, you swine," said his partner, "and be quiet. You tire me. What are you filling the gentleman just when we were getting so nice and friendly with him?"

"You beastie stone, you—"

"I'll smash your ugly little face in if you don't keep it shut."

The one-eyed man cried to rebut, but his loftily gagged him and a spasm of wild fury bit into all his muscles.

His friend waved a derisive finger.

"There's an image for you, Cap. Look at the creature froze like a Chinese pop dog. Look at his and don't laugh. And say, just reach me another bottle of that wine; it will be so good—thanks, sirce. I wouldn't care if I died drinking this. Here's our blessed health, Cap, old cock. You stick to me, and I'll stick to you, and if Mr. Billy Nutt can't swallow his tantrums and join us two gentlemen like an older gentleman, by dashing, we'll give him what he got for his share and set him adrift in an empty bottle. You hear me, Billy Nutt?"

"You spo-pluttering fool. You boozy drunken pretty head!"

"I'm not drunk," retorted Hank. "But I'm merry. Have a sup yourself and then perhaps you'll be better company," with which advice a liberal heel tap of champagne splashed in Nutt's face.

The man sprang to his feet glowing like a dead. What followed was completely over before a watch could tick twice. For once the gift of speech did not desert him. The fatal words bounced glibly off his tongue and Hank's vengeful hands shot for him. In an instant the pair were grappling together and a stooping thumb did its horrid work. Then, tearing himself away eyeless, the lesser man ran screaming blindly into the sideboard at the other side of the cabin. His friend pitched stiffly forward and fell face downward among the dishes, lying there without so much as a quiver. He was dead. With a long, black-handled knife that carved their baking of pork Nutt had stabbed him from the shoulder down to the heart.

"That saves my cartridges," said Captain Kettle, and took his cocked revolver from where it lodged between his knee and the underside of the table.

He passed swiftly out through the pantry and was just in time for what he had expected. The negroes, alarmed by Nutt's shrieks, were crowding from the messroom to see what had gone wrong. He charged and drove them furiously back. They turned and ran before him, tumbling over one another in their scared haste. And then he took up his place in the doorway, threatening them with steady weapon and crisp decisive tongue.

"Quick!" he cried. "Quick, you scum, unload yourselves, pitch overboard your knive, razors and whatever you've got, or, by James, if a man of you stops to think I'll blow its brains through the portholes!"

The negroes obeyed him in sullen, frightened silence, and stood, with elbows up, facing him as he covered them. Kettle watched the three with steady eyes, but his ear was cocked down the passage, thrumming

HERE ARE 15 VICTORS IN $8-A-WEEK CONTEST AND THE $10 PRIZE LETTERS

The AMERICAN'S $8-a-week contest is decided today. Five lucky women win $10 each; ten more win $2. They are requested to call or write to the Boston AMERICAN office, No. 87 Summer street, Boston, this week, and collect their money.

Here's how the $8-a-week contest started. The latter part of December, 1912, the Commission of Social Service of the United Church Federation of Philadelphia sent broadcast the announcement that no self-respecting girl or woman could live on less than $8 a week. The commission meant this as a warning to women and girls who contemplate looking for work in the city. The commission put its minimum weekly schedule in the following brief summary:

Room and two meals a day	$2.00
Luncheons	1.20
Clothing and incidentals	1.80
Total	$5.00

The AMERICAN then, through its columns, asked women to write on their experiences on living on $8 a week, offering $10 prizes for the first five best suggestions gained from actual experience, and $2 prizes for the next ten.

Some of the hints and warnings found that they could save a little money for recreation on $8 a week. Others found it took all the cash each week. All more helped support some one else on the $8 a week. Here's how the seven offered and some married women wrote. Here are the winners:

FIVE-DOLLAR PRIZES.

Mrs. Anna Belmont, No. 180 Columbus avenue, Boston.

Gladys A. M., Back Bay.

Mrs. Evelyn A., Brockton.

M. H., Washington street, Jamaica Plain.

W. L. C. S., Pomfret, Ct.

TWO-DOLLAR PRIZES.

Ina M. Pierce, No. 84 Austin street, Cambridge.

D. Sinclair, Providence.

Mrs. Charles Randell, No. 20 Village street.

F. Y. C., Malden.

A. N. C., Jamaica Plain.

Ethel L., Roxbury.

A. C., No. 53 Story street, South Boston.

Mrs. L. Beuninger, No. 34 Vinton street, South Framingham.

Miss B. L., Belmont, N. H.

L. K., West Lynn.

The $10 Prize Letters.

The AMERICAN today prints some of the letters that took the ten-dollar prizes. They speak for themselves; they tell just how each one had to scrimp and plan to make both ends meet on the eight dollars a week. They follow:

How Mrs. Belmont Did It.

To the Boston AMERICAN:

I will try to explain how a woman can get along very nicely on $8 a week. I lived at the Y. W. C. A. I paid $4 for board and room, 50 cents for carfare in rainy weather, $1.50 for clothes and $1 to keep in my pocket for sundry things.

There is a laundry for women to wash and iron in and also a room with sewing machines, so any woman can do her work at night after supper is over. There is no extra charge for these things.

A woman who wants to be neat and clean and who wishes to keep good hours can very nicely live on $8 a week and can also afford to go to the theatre once a week.

This table will show how I lived for four years:

Board	$3.00
Car fares	.50
Clothing	1.50
Other things	3.00
Total per week	$8.00

MRS. ANNA BELMONT.
180 Columbus avenue, Boston.

Just Exists, Says Gladys M.

Editor AMERICAN:

You ask the question: Can a working girl like myself live on $8 a week? I do, because I have to. But it is simply living—just existing. I don't know what it is to go to a real theatre, though I have had invitations which I would not accept. On evenings when I can spend a couple of hours in a moving picture house where I usually pay a nickel and sometimes a dime for my ticket is a real treat. Not is it at all usual. I can't afford the dissipation.

Recently I fell sick for two days. I will be two months before I catch up. A dentist's bill six months ago set me on the rocks that I am just about even. Here is how I live:

I have a meal ticket which gives me twenty meals at a Misses' Jones avenue restaurant for $3.20. I eat my breakfasts and suppers there. That leaves me dinners to be bought at a downtown restaurant not far from the store in which I work. Six days a week I eat at the restaurant where I hold the meal ticket. That makes my food cost me $3.60 a week.

My room costs me $3 a week. It is one of the ordinary lodging houses in the Back Bay. It has no frills, but they. It is plain, but large and airy.

Fair days I walk to work. Rainy days I ride. I should say my carfare carfares were about 30 cents per week. My laundry bill averages 40 cents at least. I have to spend a dollar now than all this on clothing and incidentals. This brings the total cost to $8.20. I make $8 a week. I am just living on that—just getting by, that's all.

So I am going to ask you this question:

How can a girl live on $8 a week in the Back Bay?

I wouldn't advise any girl to try to live on $8 a week if she is figuring on life on that sum in a big city. Let her stay at home. That is the answer to the question you ask. My life cost week in, 47 fifths. A solution of the people who say a girl can live well in Boston on $8 a week. Sincerely,

GLADYS A. M——

Back Bay.

Mrs. Evelyn A. Had a Real Home.

Editor AMERICAN:

Following is my experience of living on $7 per week. My cousin, who worked in the same factory as I do, thought that by each paying half we could live comfortably and save a little.

We hired two light housekeeping rooms on the second floor for $3 per week. There were one bed room and a kitchen. Both rooms were small and there were no steam heaters or range, but a large oil heater in the bed room and a two-burner oil stove in the kitchen. Many good meals can be cooked on an oil stove.

We used a two-round toaster that toasts four slices at one time for our toast in the morning. Fried eggs and tea were all ready in a few minutes. We then put up a luncheon and a bottle of tea for noon.

At night time we had a hot meal, with potatoes always the upper and whatever we preferred within our means.

Our food cost us $5 per week. $2.50 each; $1 would pay for our washing. Two dozen pieces would cost 10 cents and 50 cents for ironing. One dozen handkerchiefs go in our $1 along with the $5the both ends meet on the eight dollars a week. They follow:

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Our food cost us $5 per week. $2.50 each; $1 would pay for our washing. Two dozen pieces would cost 10 cents and 50 cents for ironing. One dozen handkerchiefs go in our $1 along with our wash.

The total of this was $9, $4.50 each. I evenings only $7 and had 50 cents for books or amusements and $2 for clothing. On my week I did not spend all I would put the surplus away. My cousin saving more and less.

But two girls earning $8 per week could live as stated here and have 50 cents for entertainments or goodies and $2 per week for clothing and $1 per week for a rainy day.

If two chums would try this plan they would find it more like home and like the food better at a restaurant. I am sure.

Although tired at night we found it a pleasure to care for our little home and thought many pretty things with our extra money to make our bedroom cosy. I lived in my little home with my cousin always, and I lived there until I married, then she lived with me until she married.

I hope others may enjoy a little "home" as we did. $8 per week should do it perfectly well.

Yours very truly,

MRS. EVELYN A

Beckton.

Says Girl Needs $8 Anyway.

Editor AMERICAN:

I think it a splendid idea of your up-to-date paper to invite the women and girls that are working for $8 a week to tell their experiences on this vital question. If a girl gets $8 per week she can get along, but it is very hard work indeed. It can be done. If a girl is quick with her needle she can, by making her own undergarments, shirt waists, etc.

By the use of a hot flatiron and damp cloth she can renovate the trimmings of her hat and refrim, copying from the millinery in windows. She can also keep her hosiery and gloves well mended. Remember the old saying, "A stitch in time saves nine."

If a garment is in the wash

BATTLE OF MEXICO CITY RENEWED AFTER TRUCE WITH HEAVY CANNONADING

Palace Again Target for Rebel Shells and Madero Bombards Diaz in the Arsenal.

Continued from First Page.

which reached me on the 14th, it appeared Your Excellency was somewhat misinformed as to the policy of the United States toward Mexico, which has been uniform for two years, or as to the naval or other measures thus taken, which are measures of natural precaution.

The Ambassador telegraphs that when you were good enough to show him your telegram to me, he pointed out this fact. Your Excellency must therefore be aware that the reports which appear to have reached there that orders already have been given to land forces are inaccurate.

The Ambassador, who is fully informed, is nevertheless being again instructed to afford you any desired information. Fresh assurances of friendship to Mexico are unnecessary after two years of patience and good will.

In view of the recent extensive and sensational happenings in Mexico, I cannot too strongly press upon Your Excellency the vital importance of that peace and order which this government has so long hoped to see, both because American citizens and their property must be protected and respected, and also because this nation sympathizes deeply with the afflictions of the Mexican people.

In reciprocating the entirely shown by your excellency's message I feel it my duty to add sincerely and without reserve, that the course of events during the past two years culminating in the present most dangerous situation creates in this country extreme pessimism and the conviction that your paramount duty is the prompt relief of the situation.

WILLIAM H. TAFT.

On the ground that the public is being misinformed as to the real situation in Mexico, Representative Ayres of New York introduced a resolution in the House today calling on the President to transmit to the House such information relative to the situation in Mexico City as he deems not incompatible with the public welfare. Mr. Ayres believes that citizens of the United States who have friends and interests in Mexico City should have the benefit of the official reports which are coming to the President and the State Department. Ayres is opposed to intervention.

President Taft and Senator Cullom, chairman of the Foreign Affairs Committee, were in conference today. Senator Cullom said that there was no probability of intervention.

During the past forty-eight hours there have been numerous conferences among Senators to arrange a plan whereby they might become intelligently advised of what is going on within the Mexican capital. The Cabinet has been in frequent session discussing messages received from Ambassador Wilson.

When the situation first became acute it was announced at the White House that the public would be fully informed concerning events as they happened, but recently the pledge was kept during the earlier stages of the struggle in the streets of Mexico between the federals and the revolutionary troops.

Congress Demands Full Facts.

It became apparent Thursday that such meagre reports as the White House permitted the press to have was to be the only official information from the government.

Senators know that long cables have been received from Ambassador Wilson depicting in detail the horrible scenes now being enacted in the Mexican capital. They know that the half has not been permitted to reach the American public, and the real situation cannot be told because press dispatches are so strictly removed that the news cannot leave the distressed city.

It is known that even the official messages to the State Department, either through carelessness or design, come through in such garbled shape that it is only with the greatest difficulty that they can be translated.

Few Men Know Real Truth.

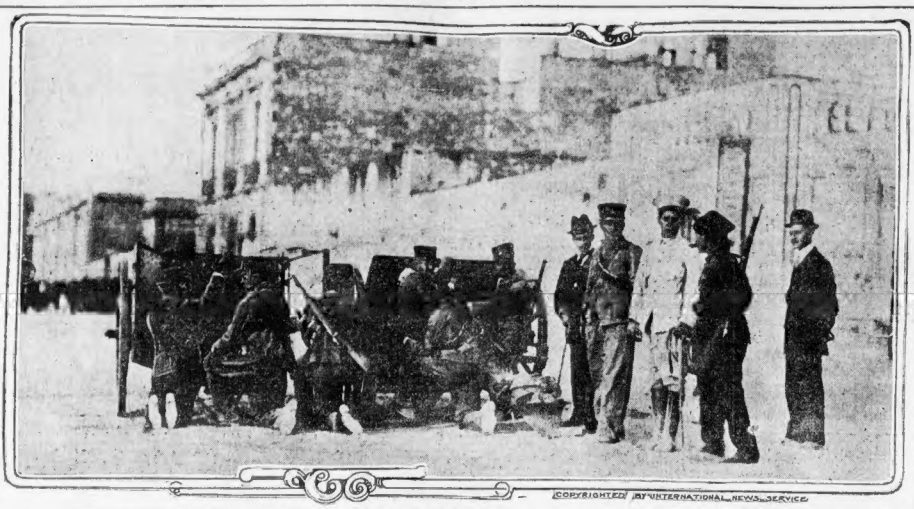
Knowing all these things and with the President declining to act to protect Americans, and other foreign residents, Congress is in the dark. President Taft has said that if there was to be intervention Congress must so decree. Still, he declines to inform Congress concerning the facts.

Congress is growing restive under the treatment, which seeks to shift upon Congress responsibility and at the same time drop it the official knowledge to which it is entitled. That is why this resolution is to be introduced.

If Senators Lodge, Cullom, Root, Burton and other Republican leaders have been enlightened by the President they are keeping it from their colleagues. It has been the custom of President Taft to take Senator Bacon, the ranking Democratic member of the foreign relations committee, into his confidence. It is probable, therefore, that Mr. Bacon knows the inside facts.

But the knowledge, confined as it is to a mere handful of Senators, is of no avail to the mass of the body whose responsibility to the country is just as great as that of a few members of any particular committee.

Some of these Senators anxious to have this information are among those who are bitterly opposed to intervention. At the same time they do not blame the President in treating Congress fairly in withholding knowledge that by right belongs to them.



SOLDIERS who revolted to Felix Diaz about to open fire with a machine gun on the arsenal Sunday morning, February 9. Diaz captured the arsenal with 50,000 rifles, cannon and ammunition. From there he has bombarded the palace for over a week.

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WILL PRESIDENT MADERO RESIGN? HERE'S HIS ANSWER TO THE QUESTION

"What nonsense! Why should I resign? Will it help conditions permanently? Not at all. What I have gone through within the past year and a half would be the experience of any one who might succeed me. I have fought thus far, and I might as well continue.

"It is my duty to stay at the head of the government, where the people have elected me. I am willing to arbitrate or to do anything that a man may do honestly and properly to bring peace to my country, but I shall not act the part of a coward."

BULLETINS.

MEXICO CITY.—A furious artillery duel is raging. Spectators on the rooftops in safe positions, report that shells are exploding on the roof of the palace and in the courtyard. The city is enveloped in smoke from the cannonading.

WASHINGTON.—The fast armored cruiser Colorado, under command of Admiral Southerland, has been ordered rushed from Mazatlan to Manzanillo, at the request of the United States consul, who reported anti-American rioting. She sailed last night and was due at Manzanillo today.

EL PASO, Tex.—Communication by the land wire with the City of Mexico was restored today. Dispatches told of the Sunday truce, and then the wire was broken again.

solved itself into an artillery duel. The rebel gunners had the exact range of the National Palace, and shells were exploding in the courtyard and above the roof. Per sons in safe positions, who could see the National Palace through glasses said the building was struck and it was badly damaged.

Special peace prayers were offered up in nearly all the churches outside of the battle zone. Priests offered up supplications that the battle might end and that the passions of the fighters might be subdued. But even as these prayers were being offered up from the sanctuaries the cannon were thundering and clouds of battle smoke were rolling up from the Plazas where the gunners were working their artillery.

The rebels' guns were better supplied with ammunition than the federals worked their guns vigorously and without cessation. The fire of the federals was slower.

Many Killed Today.

Many combatants were killed and wounded although it is impossible to estimate exactly the casualties up to date. Some places as high as 8,000 were killed and wounded; others as low as 1,000 killed and wounded.

Shrapnel might mounted the American Club and the cable office, but the guns were kept turned away from the neutral zones as gable for foreigners. Both President Madero and Diaz were doing everything in their power to keep foreigners out of the fighting.

Wilson and Strong Confer.

United States Ambassador Wilson held a conference with Francis Strong, the British minister, on the advisability of making further representative to President Madero. It was decided to wait until Secretary Knox's reply to Madero's protest against intervention had been received before making a final decision. The American embassy was safe, as it was out of the range of fire and the cannon had been removed from near the British legation, which had been imperilled before by the reply of the rebel guns to the federal battery.

At 9:30 o'clock several machine guns had joined the fray. They were mounted guns which the federals were trying to push through the Calle Zocalo where another rebel band was collecting the bodies of horses for food. Some of the carcasses had been lying in the hot sun for several days.

The magnificent boulevard facing the national palace has been ripped to ribbons by the shot and shrapnel. Thousands of shrapnel have fallen there. The bursting shells dug deep ditches into the splendid roadway.

Madero Explains Armistice.

President Madero today issued an official bulletin for the benefit of the foreign ambassadors, explaining the sudden termination of Sunday's armistice. According to Madero, the rebels took advantage of the truce to place artillery at the corner of Balderas and Victoria street and opened fire upon the federals as soon as the pieces were in position, thus violating the laws of war and honor.

The situation has been very much complicated by an attack on Francis W. Strong, the British Minister, the facts in which have just been made public. Mr. Strong was on his way to a meeting of the diplomats, representing the British, German, Spanish, French, as well as the United States. His automobile was fired on and he had a very narrow escape. Several bullets struck the machine, and one passed immediately over the head of the representative of Great Britain.

This attack was made despite the fact that the minister was guarded by a colonel from Madero's staff and had six soldiers as support.

President Madero offered United States Ambassador Henry Lane Wilson a large house at Tacubaya, a suburb of Mexico City, where the staff could be housed out of range of the bullets, but Mr. Wilson refused the offer.

Wilson Sticks to His Post.

The American ambassador thought that his place is in the city where he can keep under his own eyes on the conditions as they relate to foreigners. Madero claims that only 300 of his men have deserted to Diaz. There are nearly 8,000 troops in the palace and in the other buildings held by the federals. Madero claims, whereas the rebel force under Diaz is much smaller.

On the other hand, Diaz has informed the foreign diplomats that he is well equipped for a long fight and will not give up the struggle until Madero resigns.

Dead bodies of soldiers and citizens this morning littered the streets about the arsenal and the National Palace, where dead horses had been burned yesterday to prevent the spread of disease. The burning of carcasses took place during the armistice which was declared by both armies at 2 o'clock Sunday morning. Peace was agreed upon for twenty-four hours. There was no firing for a little more than nine hours.

Vermont and Nebraska Due.

The Vermont, a 16,000-ton dreadnought, the flagship of Rear Admiral Fletcher, commanding the Second Division of the Atlantic fleet, is due at Vera Cruz today. The Nebraska, another 15,000-ton dreadnought, also is due there.

The battleship Georgia already is at Vera Cruz, the Virginia is at Tampico, both on the Atlantic side; the big dreadnought cruiser South Dakota is at Acapulco and the cruiser Colorado is at Mazatlan, both on the Pacific.

This will make the total number of United States men-of-war in Mexican ports six, bearing approximately 6,000 jackies, officers and marines, who could be landed for the relief of the legations at Mexico City should they become endangered.

MADERO'S PALACE AGAIN UNDER HEAVY FIRE TODAY

MEXICO CITY, Feb. 17.—With the opening forces holding their positions, the ninth day of the battle of Mexico City was ushered in today with a brisk bombardment of the two strongholds.

Shortly before 7 o'clock Colonel Diaz's rebel artillery opened fire upon the National Palace and soon the guns of President Madero's batteries were booming in response.

Machine guns and small arms added their battle to the steady thunder of the larger cannon.

Shell-scarred, blood-stained Mexico City was given no promise of peace with the beginning of a new week. On the contrary, there were indications that the present fight would last several days longer, if the rebels were not driven out by starvation or Madero's troops went back on him.

By 7:30 the commands had again become general and the rattle of machine gun missles were dropping about the National palace and the arsenal like hail stones. The completion of the night found the situation as far as the safety of foreigners was concerned much improved. Hundreds, including many Americans had taken advantage of the Sunday truce to flee from the city. Many went to Vera Cruz. Mexican families also retreated from their homes, where the homes were in the line of fire. If the truce had gone in itself, that is, until 8 a. m. today, instead of being broken yesterday afternoon when the engagement was renewed, few if any human beings would have been exposed to it today. As it was, many were caught by the resumption of the battle and feared to venture forth from the retreats where they had taken refuge.

At 8 o'clock the battle had again reached its height.

A Good Complexion Signifies A Good Digestion.

STOMACH and Bowels working improperly interfere with the circulation of the blood, which spoils your complexion. Keep your bowels in order and avoid Constipation by taking

Hunyadi Janos Pills

THE NEW AND RIGHT REMEDY

They surely regulate your system by acting on your Liver, Kidneys, Stomach, Bowels and Nervous System in the right way, and with these organs working properly you will have a clear skin. Buy a box, take 1 or 2 pills to-night and convince yourself.

At any up-to-date Drug Store Price 25c or by mail from A. Saxlehner, N. Y.

HERE ARE AMERICAN CITIZENS, VICTIMS OF MEXICAN BULLETS

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.—President Taft's announced policy is that murders of Americans one at a time do not justify intervention in Mexico. In this connection, the following list of American citizens, who have been killed, wounded, fired on and attacked in the latest uprising is interesting:

Four have been killed, seven wounded, four fired upon and two attacked.

KILLED.

R. M. Meredith of Troy, Ohio, agent for the National Cash Register Company, struck by bullet while in the Porter Hotel, and wounded two days before by a Federalist bullet.

Herman O. Weiss, civil engineer, of Washington and New York.

Mrs. H. W. Holmes, wife of an employe of Dun's, killed while preparing supper.

Mrs. Charles Griffiths of New York, mother of an employe of the street railway company, orgs shot off, causing death.

WOUNDED.

Sidney Sutherland, correspondent for American newspaper, shot in the leg while standing near H. M. Meredith in the Porter Hotel.

Lassan, an American boy, wounded by flying shot.

Mrs. Greenfield, mother of Harry Greendeld, employe of the Mexican Light & Power Company, struck by shells.

Dr. R. H. McCreason of Lincoln, Neb., finger shot off while walking to his hotel.

Mark Johnson, colored, of Madison, Wis., shot through shoulder.

L. Ramsey of Galveston, wounded.

Allis Bland, printer, shot through arm.

FIRED ON.

Arnold Shanklin, Consul-General and staff.

——— Van Horne, Deputy Consul-General.

Paul Hudson, editor of Mexican Herald.

D. E. Hauser, American envoy.

ATTACKED.

Haslam Guthrie, of cruiser Denver, attacked by mob at Acapulco.

Surgeon Cameron, of cruiser Denver, attacked by mob at Acapulco.

TWO WOMEN REFUGEES AT LOS ANGELES TELL OF THE HORRORS OF WAR

LOS ANGELES, Feb. 17.—"Accounts of conditions in Mexico City have not been exaggerated. They are indescribable and many foreigners will yet be sacrificed unless the fighting is stopped." Mrs. N. S. McPhail, wife of the general manager of the Mexican National Gas Company, made this statement when she arrived here from Mexico City with Mrs. W. S. Bland, another American refugee. She said the streets were filled with dead when they left the Mexican capital.

DE LA BARRA SAYS COUNTRY WILL KEEP HER HONOR INTACT

MEXICO CITY, Feb. 17.—De la Barra today announced his faith in the government in the following words: "I am convinced that the patriotism, firmness and vitality of the Mexican people will weather the grave crisis through which the country is passing. Mexico has passed through times of greater peril victoriously and with her honor intact.

"President Madero, as far as I know, has not the slightest intention of resigning, nor has there been any arrangement made between the chief executive and the rebels with the object of establishing a provisional government."

MADERO ADMITS CRISIS, ASKS TAFT NOT TO INTERVENE

MEXICO CITY, via Galveston, Feb. 17.—President Madero has sent a personal message to President Taft, assuring him Americans in Mexico are safe and asking that intervention be delayed. He admits, however, the country "is passing through a terrible crisis." The message says in part:

I have been informed that the government over which you preside has ordered to set out for the ports of Mexico war vessels with troops to disembark and to come to this capital to give guarantees of safety to Americans.

Undoubtedly information which you have, and which led you to take this action is inexact and exaggerated, for the lives of Americans in the capital are at present in no danger, if they abandon the zone of fire and concentrate in certain parts of the city or its suburbs, where tranquility is absolute and where the government can give all classes guarantees.

If you order Americans resident here to do that, following the precedent established by your own orders previously issued this refers to President Taft's proclamation last Spring advising all Americans to leave the danger points of the republic, all danger to the lives of Americans and other foreigners will be obviated.

Regarding what material damages may be suffered by foreigners, this government is ready to accept all responsibility according to the obligations of international law. Consequently, I ask your Excellency to order your men-of-war not to disembark troops in Mexico, as this act will cause a conflagration and consequences more terrible than the ones we have to contend with at present.

I assure your Excellency that this government is taking all measures necessary in order that the rebels will do the least harm possible to lives and property of the capital, and I have hopes everything will be peacefully arranged in a very short time. It is true that my country at his moment is passing through a terrible crisis. The disembarking of American troops would only increase the dangers of the situation, and by very lamentable error would do great harm to a nation which always has been a loyal friend of the United States, as well as contributing to the danger.

OLD MEN GAIN ON BABIES IN CITY'S GROWTH

Figures issued today by the Boston Board of Health show that Boston has increased in population 20 per cent. from 1900 to 1910, and has 670,585 inhabitants according to the last United States census, BUT—

Boston is growing old. That is, the number of old people in the city is increasing faster than the number of young people. For instance, the percentage of the whole population of children under five years in 1900 was 10.17 per cent., while in 1910 it was 9.5 per cent. The per cent. of the whole population of those whose ages were from five to fourteen years in 1900 was 15.35, while in 1910 it was 15.72; from fifteen to twenty-four years of age the per cent. in 1900 was 27.85, and in 1910 the per cent. was 28.34, a slight increase; twenty-five to forty-four years of age the per cent. in 1900 was 38.70, while in 1910 it was 35.08, a slight drop; from forty-five to sixty-four years of age the per cent. to the whole population was 14.78, while in 1910 it was up to 16.22; sixty-four years and over, the per cent. to the whole population was 3.21 in 1900, while in 1910 it increased to 4.04; unknown age, the per cent. in 1900 was 400, and in 1910 was 103.

The males of the foreign born whites increased 28 per cent., as the result of steady immigration. The percentage of negro population in Boston deceased, forming 2.02 per cent. of the city's population in 1910, against 2.07 in 1900.

While there was an increase of 20 per cent. in all ages from 1900 to 1910, it will be noticed that the increase of children under five years was but 11 per cent.; under one year 9 per cent.; five to nine years, 10 per cent.; ten to fourteen years, 31 per cent.; fifteen to nineteen years, 32 per cent. increase; twenty to twenty-four years, 27 per cent.; twenty-five to twenty-nine years, 4 per cent., the smallest increase of all ages. From thirty to thirty-four the increase was but 9 per cent.

From thirty-five to thirty-nine years the per cent. jumped up to 21; from forty to forty-four to 31 per cent., and from forty-five to forty-nine to 39 per cent. From fifty to fifty-four the per cent. dropped to 31 per cent.; fifty-five to fifty-nine increased to 28 per cent., then dropped to 25 per cent. for the ages from sixty to sixty-four.

GETS SIX MONTHS FOR DRUNKNESS

The charge that George A. Talzer of No. 424 Main street, Charlestown, had forced Philip Doherty to swallow a dose of No. 26 Oak street to drink liquor in an alley off Middlesex street, late Saturday night, was not made against him today in Charlestown District Court when Talzer was arraigned and was sentenced to six months in the House of Correction. It was charged that Young Doherty was taken off a surface car Saturday at about noon, hopelessly drunk. The boy was found in the alley by Talzer, who forced him and another boy to drink. That the boy died from the effects of Talzer's drink. The witness stand Doherty said that Talzer had invited but did not force him to drink. The other boy denied that he had taken a drink at all.

BOLSTER ASKS MORE PROBATION OFFICERS

Chief Justice Bolster of the Municipal Court urged the State before the Committee on Legal Affairs today to appoint five more probation officers for the Boston Municipal Court, two women and three more men. Father Scanlon, director of the Catholic Charitable Bureau; Albert J. Sargent, chief probation officer and Edwin Grozier, secretary of the probation commission, supported Chief Justice Bolster's request.

Put a tin on your desk!

The Smoothest Tobacco

Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co.

10¢ TINS

TAFT FORWARDS U. S. ANSWER TO MADERO TODAY ON MEXICAN INTERVENTION

FEDERAL soldiers defending the Ciudadela Arsenal from the roof against General Diaz. Below is President Madero riding up San Francisco street to the National Palace half hour after the slaughter on Zocolo. Five minutes before this picture was taken an attempt was made to assassinate Madero. A man within five feet of him was killed.

Cabinet Held Another Night Session to Consider Crisis, but Intervention Is Still Delayed.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.—Further fighting as bloody and as destructive as that of last week, is all that President Madero or General Diaz, the rebel leader, promise in their replies to the State Department.

After the breaking of the truce, which was to have lasted until 8 o'clock this morning and the fierce fighting on Sunday dispatches today indicated that there was no promise of peace.

Secretary Knox worried rapidly today, palpably into shape the reply of the State Department to the message of President Madero protesting against interference in Mexican affairs. This answer had been discussed at a night session of the Cabinet which broke up shortly before 1 o'clock this morning. Assurances were given to Madero that this government would maintain its "hands off" policy unless Mexican federals or rebels deliberately started to massacre American citizens.

Through Secretary Knox the President forwarded the reply.

The resumption of fighting in the Mexican capital found conditions as regards Americans and other foreigners improved. During the lull a neutral zone was set aside which both Madero and Diaz agreed to respect, and many foreigners moved into it. Others took advantage of the respite to collect what few valuables they could and flee from the city.

President Madero insists that his position is much stronger than it was last week because of the food shortage in the rebel camp. When Diaz captured the arsenal he fell heir to a vast quantity of ammunition and could probably continue the fight all through the present week without running short.

Madero insists that the rebellion is confined to the arsenal, where Diaz has his stronghold, and the territory immediately adjacent. His scouts have reported that the rebels are killing horses for food, so short is their meat supply.

Photos copyright 1913 by International News Service.

DEMOCRATS OPPOSE BACON VIEW AGAINST INTERVENTION STEP

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.—Democratic Senators, who for years have believed in the broad American policy of protecting interests everywhere and that the Monroe doctrine was intended to warn foreign powers to keep hands off the affairs of the Western Hemisphere, are very much concerned over the pessimistic talk of Senator Bacon of Georgia, Mr. Bacon, if the rule of seniority continues to prevail, will be chairman of the Committee on Foreign Affairs after March 4.

He is on record as holding that the Monroe doctrine does not forbid foreign powers from sending punitive expeditions ashore anywhere on this continent or landing troops to protect the lives and property of their subjects. The coming chairman of the committee is reticent in talking publicly. He has so freely expressed himself around the committee table and in the cloak room that his views are well known.

Mr. Bacon, only last week, in discussing the Mexican situation with some of his colleagues, declared that this government could not and ought not to protect if Great Britain, Germany, Japan or any other nation sent troops into Mexico to protect their own people.

Mr. Bacon is opposed to intervention by the United States. He is opposed to sending our forces into Mexico even to protect the lives and property of American citizens. Still he is willing that other nations should do that very thing. His only qualification is that foreign nations shall not be permitted to seize the territory of any of the countries of the Western Hemisphere.

In a statement Senator Bacon gave out for publication he announced that he was utterly opposed to intervention—intervention, save under circumstances of such imperative necessity that it could not be avoided. Beyond this bare statement Mr. Bacon would not go, and he has not defined what conditions would meet the requirements he establishes as a condition precedent for interference by the United States.

In view of the position Mr. Bacon will hold under the Wilson administration, and his statements to the poor concerning the protection afforded Americans in Nicaragua, Honduras, Hayti and other of the smaller republics where revolutions have broken out, Senators are fearful that American interests everywhere outside the United States may suffer through too much caution.

OBJECT OF FIGHTING, MADERO SAYS, IS TO PRESERVE GOVERNMENT

MEXICO CITY, via Galveston, Feb. 17.—President Madero, in an interview, outlined most dramatically the situation in the Republic. Speaking with deepest emotion, he asserted his struggle was for the preservation of constitutional government and denied passionately that he was holding his office for money or power. He said:

"I have given orders personally in the most strict terms, that no more artillery be posted near the American embassy. This will obviate the risk of drawing fire from the Ciudadela toward the embassy or the section of the city near where so many Americans and foreigners reside. The last thing imaginable to the government is that Americans should be injured or sustain losses during the unfortunate conflict that has been forced upon us.

"It is nonsense to say that we are trying in any way to provoke intervention and it is absurd to suppose that we are anxious to make any more trouble than necessary for ourselves or any other governments.

"Understand that I am not trying to decry the seriousness of the situation to the United States government. I mean what I say that there is not the slightest doubt that, as conditions now are, the government will be successful. Rebellion and civil war always are a serious matter, no matter how materially unimportant, especially when the capital of a country is involved, but here we have a different situation.

"For a week the rebels have been in the Ciudadela. It is true that they are still there and that the government has not succeeded in dislodging them. We have upon us a moral obligation not to expose lives and property to more danger than is absolutely necessary while subduing the rebellion. Were not that the case, and the government felt justified, which it does not, in proceeding as ruthlessly as our position and forces would enable us to proceed, we could simply batter our way into Ciudadela in a day. But it is manifestly impracticable now.

"Then grant that Diaz is still in the Ciudadela. What has he done He has no more men than he had a week ago. If anything, his forces are being depleted. Not a single city, town or group of citizens in or out of the army has announced allegiance for him. No sympathizers have come to his assistance. If the country were going to rise, isn't it reasonable to assume that it would do so in a week?

"I give you my word that none of the important cities, towns, districts or States which are reported to have gone against the government has done so. The American embassy had a report that Chihuahua and proved disloyal. That is not so. In the State of Puebla, which also was said to have deposed the loyal governor and to have gone over to Diaz, nothing of the kind occurred. The government and its friends still are in control and everything is peaceful. Here are the telegrams from the States of Guerrero, Morelos and Mexico, saying that the Zapatist rebels are making no attempt to take advantage of the withdrawing to the capital. Understand there are troops still in these States. The reported outbreaks in Oaxaca, Tehuantipec and other sections have not taken place, or at least, if they have, the government has not heard about them.

"Frankly, for the presidency itself for the sake of holding the office I mean. I do not care a rap, but I do care for the principle involved in the question of whether I hold to my post in this time of trouble, which is palpably the hardest thing to do, or choose the easier alternative and resign. Is it for salary, for power, that I am staying here? I have all the money I need so far as that is concerned.

"I am remaining in office because right now is being decided the fate of constitutional democracy in Mexico. That is what I am fighting for.

MEXICAN COLONISTS IN NEW YORK PROTEST U. S. INTERVENTION

NEW YORK, Feb. 17.—Prominent members of the Mexican colony here, after a meeting at the Hotel Seville, issued a statement that intervention in Mexico by the United States is not necessary; that such action would precipitate a long and disastrous war and would be the worst course this government could adopt.

Signers of the statement of protest against intervention were Alfonso S. Jiminez, Leopold Batres, R. A. Deforistar, Raoul Batres, R. A. Deforistar, Raoul Dobesa, Rogerio Hernandez, Jr., Salvador A. Contreva, A. Cuesnig, Rafael Aiarcon, Miguel Zaldivar, Javier Arrangois, L. Lara Pardo and Guillermo Hernandez A.

Raoul Dobesa, formerly a member of the Mexican House of Commons and a minister of the present Minister of War, declared that Madero would never resign and that he would be put out only through impeachment or by capture or defeat.

He predicted success of the Diaz revolution. Though Americans had been killed in Mexico City, Mr. Dobesa said, their deaths could be laid only to the regretable attack of war, and not to any Mexican attack upon foreigners. He said that private dispatches from Vera Cruz assured him that foreigners there were not being molested.

Mexican President Can Promise U. S. State Department Nothing but Continued Conflict.

Greatest Disturber of Peace—Drunkenness

Why Tolerate It? Banish It From Your Home for Good. Follow These Directions.

Not a day need be lost—you don't have to wait for the next spree—or even the next pay day—begin now and have peace and happiness in the family and red eye know of the demon drink!

Do this—go to Riker-Jaynes' and get a package of Anti-Jag; put a little of it in his tea or coffee; follow directions faithfully; it is tasteless and absolutely harmless and he won't know he's taking the cure. But after a while he'll be wondering why he no longer cares for the stuff and you will bless Anti-Jag all your days—so will he—if you ever tell him. Begin now. Every day counts.

If you'd like to try it—free—before you buy a whole package, write in confidence to the Renova Co., 204 Broadway, New York, for a sample and proofs of what Anti-Jag does for victims of intemperance.

If you've got to drink to be sociable, choose Armour's Bouillon for your drink and you will be **refreshed, stimulated,** and **invigorated without any unpleasant after-effects.** Served at buffets and drug stores everywhere. Drop a cube into a cup of hot water —that's all. At all Grocers' and Druggists'.

Write for free copy of Armour's Monthly Cook Book. Address Armour and Company, Dept. S 58, Chicago.

Ask for Armour's Bouillon Cubes

Want to Feel Young

It's Olive Tablets For You!

Beware of the habit of constipation. It develops from just a few constipated days, especially in Old People, unless you take yourself in hand.

Coax the jaded bowel muscles back to normal action with Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets, the substitute for calomel. Don't force them to unnatural action with severe medicines or by merely flushing out the intestines with nasty, sickening cathartics.

Dr. Edwards believes in gentleness, persistency and Nature's assistance.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets oil the bowels; their action is gentle, yet positive. There is never any pain or griping when Olive Tablets are used. Just the kind of treatment old persons should have.

Take Olive Tablets mixed with Olive oil and have no trouble with your bowels or stomach.

10c and 25c per box.

The Olive Tablet Co., Columbus, O.

THE **COLUMBIAN NATIONAL LIFE**

INSURANCE COMPANY OF BOSTON, MASS.

LIFE, ACCIDENT AND HEALTH INSURANCE

Statement as of December 31st, 1912

ASSETS		LIABILITIES	
Bonds and Stocks, market value	$4,035,967.00	Policy Reserve	$6,604,702.92
Mortgages on Real Estate	1,759,894.53	All other Liabilities, including Claims in process of adjustment; Premiums and Interest paid in advance; Bills awaiting presentation for payment; Reserve for accrued Premium Taxes; Dividends to Policyholders, etc., etc.	210,247.74
Loans on Policies	1,014,570.68		
Real Estate	637,260.83		
Cash in Banks and on hand	247,624.58		
Premium Notes and Premiums in process of collection (net)	384,267.22		
Accrued Interest	74,363.63	Surplus as regards Policyholders (including capital stock, $1,000,000)	1,338,997.81
Total	$8,153,948.47	Total	$8,153,948.47

Total Paid Insurance in Force, $56,774,099.00

TABLES SHOWING GROWTH OF COMPANY

	Assets	Policy Reserve	Premium and Interest Income	Payments to Policyholders	Insurance in Force
1903	$ 537,366.85	$ 207,919.00	$ 263,441.01	$ 18,772.00	$ 5,385,159.00
1908	4,707,878.02	2,986,850.00	1,443,397.12	418,487.99	34,892,249.00
1912	8,153,948.47	6,604,703.00	2,466,425.41	858,714.99	56,774,099.00

ARTHUR E. CHILDS, President.

FRANCIS P. SEARS, Vice-President and Comptroller — WILLIAM C. JOHNSON, Vice-President and General Manager — WILLIAM H. BROWN, Secretary and Treasurer

FRANKLIN W. GANSE, HOME OFFICE, GENERAL AGENT, 77 Franklin St.

SCHOOLBOY STARS HAVE A LONG LIST OF SPORT EVENTS

BOSTON AMERICAN SPORTING NEWS

JAKE STAHL PLANS TO START TRAINING LATE THIS MONTH

Silk Hat Harry's Divorce Suit

Just Leave Those Things to the Judge

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By Tad

SCHOOL SEVENS RETARDED BY LACK OF ICE

SCHOOLBOY SPORTS FOR TOMORROW

HOCKEY.

Milton Academy vs. Melrose H. S. at Milton.

Rindge Technical vs. Cambridge Latin at Cambridge.

Newton High vs. Milton High at Brae-Burn.

Brookline High vs. Arlington High at Brookline.

Lexington High vs. Hudson High at Lexington.

South Boston High vs. Mechanic Arts High at Columbus avenue.

H. S. of Commerce vs. West Roxbury High at Fenway.

Dorchester High vs. Hyde Park High at Dorchester.

BASKETBALL.

Winthrop High vs. Quincy High at Winthrop.

Central Falls High vs. Mansfield High at Central Falls.

North Attleboro High vs. Taunton High at North Attleboro.

Franklin High vs. Holliston High at Franklin.

Radcliffe 'Varsity vs. Posse Gym at Radcliffe College.

"The prayer of the hills" has got nothing on the well-worded offerings of the schoolboy hockey players of Greater Boston. The only difference is that the young athletes' prayers come from the heart and are not prompted by any commercial gain.

The boys are praying for some cold weather so that they may get in some timely work on the ice. This has been a wretched Winter for outdoor skating. There was a little natural ice last week, but just as the youngsters were rounding into condition of their young arms the locker rinks soon resembled duck ponds.

A long list of hockey games are on the schedule for tomorrow, and will be played if it gets cold tonight so that the ice freezes hard. Several basketball games are also carded for tomorrow while there are track meets under the auspices of the Y. M. C. A. and other bodies.

One of the features of the indoor track season has been the fine all-round work of the Boston College High team. It is one of the best high school track teams in Greater Boston, and has won all of its meets with apparent ease.

The St. James street team has been aided by the performances registered by Captain Reilly, Tom Burke and McCarthy. Reilly is one of the best schoolboy runners hereabouts, and should do well in the 600-yard run and in the relay race at the schoolboy games next month. Burke is a star in the 1,000-yard event and has experienced but little difficulty in winning all of his races in that event this year. He also won the half-mile event at the Boston College open meet.

McCarthy is a strolling Irish lad and will enter the B. A. A. games with many backers. Followers of the St. James Street School are confident that he will get a place in the 40-yard dash.

NORWEGIAN SETS NEW SKI RECORD

IRONWOOD, Mich., Feb. 17.—Ragnar Omtvet of Oslo, the Norwegian student, who came to this country a year ago to compete for the amateur championship in ski jumping, has added another record to his credit, having set a professional mark in the tournament of the American Ski Association here. Omtvet's jump of 156 feet, made in Norway, is surpassed only by thirteen feet the former world's record of 156 feet, made in Norway.

CHESS PLAYERS DRAW.

HAVANA, Feb. 17.—Charles and Bisguier played a draw game in the Capablanca chess tournament after fifty-three moves.

OXFORD 3600
WILL BRING YOU A
NEW GRAY TAXICAB
TOURING CAR OR LIMOUSINE

Lurich Certain to Give Zbyszko Hard "Go" Here Thursday

Some students of wrestling are looking for one of the greatest bits of surprises when George Lurich, the Russian all-round athlete and wrestler, tackles Zbyszko in a finish match Thursday night in Mechanics Building. Within the past few days there has been a gradual swinging around to the belief that the "Mighty Pole," twice previously defeated by Lurich in finish matches, is again to meet an upset, and fans be eliminated from the possible contenders who seek to wrest the crown of champion from Frank Gotch.

If it was a clever play on the part of Gotch to practically insist that Zbyszko defeat Lurich, as he had insisted that Zbyszko should meet Mahmout a year ago, without success.

Promoter Tooley stands ready to pay Gotch $20,000 for his services. To meet those the capital of the Eastern A. A. of which Tooley is president, will be increased and the guarantee made possible. This would put the matter squarely up to Gotch, and there is no doubt in the mind of Tooley that the big Iowa farmer, fond as he is of his farm, will be seen once more in action and undoubtedly in Boston.

EXETER SELECTS MEN FOR UNICORN MEET

EXETER, N. H., Feb. 17.—Trainer George S. Cumbers of the Phillips Exeter track team has selected his team to represent Exeter at the B. A. A. interscholastic meet, to be held at the Mechanics' Building, Boston, on March 1. The entries

50-yard dash, F. A. Teacher, 1914; T. B. Metcalfe, 1915, and C. M. Jones, 1914. 300-yard dash, E. A. Teacher, 1914; T. B. Metcalfe, 1915, and L. Williams, Jr., 1914. 600-yard handicap, J. Donohue, 1913; C. Austin, 1914; S. R. Hazard, 1914, and R. H. Dunn, 1915. 600-yard handicap, W. Tyler, 1914; S. White, 1914; J. J. Donohue, 1913, and R. H. Dunn, 1915. 1,000-yard run, Greg Daughaday, Milo Bennun, J. F. A. Casey, 1914; Benning Fuller, 1914, and Compton, 1915. A. S. Bigelow, 1915, and C. Keene, 1914, shot-put, C. B. Herd, 1914.

PAY FINAL TRIBUTE TO COACH QUINN

The funeral of William H. Quinn, trainer of the Harvard track team in the field events, took place yesterday afternoon at his residence, Remington street, Cambridge. There was a large attendance, including many Harvard students. Rev. Dr. Charles A. Finn, curate of St. Paul's Church, officiated. The pallbearers were H. Maguire, R. Page, Ray Greene, Hollis E. Bush, O. Chadwick and J. Cummings, all members of the track team at Harvard. The body was taken last night to his old home at Bergenville, N. J., where the burial will take place.

ARRANGE BILLIARD MATCHES FOR WEEK

The opening game in the series to decide the championship of New England at three-cushion billiards will be played tonight at the White Bear Billiard Hall between George Felton and William Carroll.

The schedule for the week is as follows: Monday, George Felton vs. William Carroll; Tuesday, E. R. Dunn vs. R. Rose; Wednesday, F. Kohrs vs. James Bates; Thursday, R. Rose vs. H. P. Amuldon; Friday, L. Bunay vs. George Felton; Saturday, F. Kohrs vs. E. R. Dunn.

IRISH-AMERICAN AND B. A. A. NOT TO RACE

The match team race between the B. A. A. and the Irish-American A. C., which was arranged for next Friday night, has been called off. The promoters at Holy Ford learned that the best runners of the Irish American A. C. would go to Pittsburgh and that the team race under such conditions would therefore be an easy victory for the B. A. A. It is doubtful if the B. A. A. will send any entries to this race next week.

The Mysteries of the Sahara Revealed by the Italian Flyers.

Astonishing discoveries of all sorts at the army occupying Tripoli of unknown ancient cities, Rome ages older than Stonehenge and a race of people who live in holes. Exclusively

IN SUNDAY'S AMERICAN.

BASEBALL SALARIES.

NEW YORK, Feb. 17.—The salary of Frank Chance, manager of the Yankees, is $75,000 for three years, while John McGraw gets a paltry $30,000 for one year.

PILGRIMS TO PLAY.

The Pilgrim A. A. hockey team will meet the New York Hockey Club seven at the Arena Wednesday evening.

THE BOSTON BOWLERS' BUDGET

By J. P. MURPHY

BOSTON, MONDAY, FEB. 17, 1913

EDITORIAL

The following editorial was written especially for the Budget by George W. Chandler, president of the National Duck and Candle Pin Bowling Congress:

The tournament of the National Duck and Candle Pin Bowling Congress to be held at Carroll's Alleys from April 28 to May 10 should be the most attractive for several years, as well as the most successful.

The alleys are new and first class in every respect, being unsurpassed anywhere in New England. The alleys have never been polished which gives the duck no pebbles conditions which they are said to do their very manipulated alleys.

The tournament, as planned, comes at the end of the league season when the bowlers are in the pink of condition and capable of putting up the best scores. The candle, duck and Boston events, being for both professional and amateur, gives all bowlers an equal chance of competing, the "pros" for cash and the amateurs for plate. As the prizes are guaranteed many more competitors than otherwise. The events to be rolled include single, two men, three men, and five men in the three kinds of pins. Everyone has the opportunity to compete.

Boston is without question the best place in New England for the tournament, as it is easy of access, has numerous attractions and furnishes the bowler with choice of alleys that are first class in every respect. The hotel rates are always much larger than when held elsewhere, so the bowler has an opportunity to enjoy his favorite sport and also get sightseeing.

The Board of Directors are particularly fortunate in having almost every section represented on the board, both bowlers and non bowlers, every section contributing members of the most. They are planning this year a monument banquet at which the bowlers may meet and get acquainted.

Everyone is rooting for Boston in 1913 and the bowling game.

Yours respectfully,
(Signed) GEO. W. CHANDLER.

QUERIE.

Q. If two men are tied for first honors during individual play how would you decide as to give the prize to?

Ans. That is up to the rollers themselves. If it is a money prize split it. If it is medals, do not.

PRAISES CARTOON.

Somerville, Feb. 10, 1913.

Editor of Budget:

Dear Sir—I cannot help writing a few words to express my appreciation to the last issue of the Budget. Hook's bowlers are to be congratulated. I do not know whether I have seen Sid Chapman's face healthier or not, but he is also interested with me in the accompanying cartoon. Sam's cordially bill of business. I keep both bowling.

Respectfully,
F. R. HAYWARD.

NOLAN IS REWARDED.

As a meeting of the bowling team of the Echo Bridge Council, Knights of Columbus, held at the Echo Bridge home last week, the secretary, Deputy G. J. Coleman, presided over a business meeting. The following team, a handsome silver cup in acknowledgment of his services in that for the interest the members of the Nolan's team had taken in a recent tournament. The trophy was a personal gift from Nolan. Following is the lineup of the team: Nolan, J. J. Sullivan, Jr., Coleman, Dunn, D. Perkins, F. Kelleher and G. Nolan.

A. B. Rounds, the new Indian scouts of the Rubber Tire League, is showing excellent form.

A letter from an old friend, Harry Moore, manager of the Arcade alleys of Portsmouth, N. H., says that a man by the name of Kilborn rolled an average string of 10 nines in the weekly tilt. A score sheet accompanying the letter was sufficient proof.

After the regular game of the Stationers' League, the Carter's ink team succeeded in tying three points with C. A. F. Hicks and Secretary John J. Donovan. The Stationers' league made a total of 1,850. They did not against Somare as that.

That B. Moore of the Rubber Tire League rolled 1,126 without any competition.

BIG RULE MEETING.

Representatives of the National Duck Pin and Candle Pin Leagues and the Western Massachusetts Congress will meet at Worcester tomorrow to confer on certain rules which conflict. The National Congress will be represented by President G. W. Chandler, Vice-President H. C. Hicks and Secretary John J. Donovan.

TANDEM CHALLENGE.

The winner of the Boston Safety Pen Tandem League championship is hereby challenged by the winning team of any other tandem league in Boston to a two out of three match. Come on Lowell, Lynn, Salem, Newton, Quincy, Malden, Medford, Melrose, Arlington, Belmont, Watertown, Somerville, Chelsea, Revere, Winthrop, Everett, Hyde Park, Dedham, Brookline, Cambridge, Roxbury, Dorchester, Milton, Brockton, Fall River, New Bedford, Taunton, Lawrence, Haverhill,

SAY THIS SPEAKER IS TO GET $9,000 SALARY FROM SOX

BOSTON AMERICAN SPORTING NEWS

LIGHTWEIGHTS MEET IN BIG BOUTS ON COAST SATURDAY

Eltinge Has Nothing on Jeff as an Impersonator

By "Bud" Fisher

JEFF, I'VE GOT A GREAT SCHEME TO GATHER SOME DOUGH. YOU KNOW HERE IN TURKEY A MAN BUYS A WIFE. HER FATHER SELLS HER TO THE HIGHEST BIDDER. JUST LIKE A SLAVE. NOW WE'LL SELL WIVES
WHERE OH WE GONNA GET THE WIVES
THAT'S WHERE YOU COME IN. YOU DRESS UP LIKE A SWELL TURKISH CHICKEN AND I'LL SELL YOU AT AUCTION. OF COURSE YOU CAN RUN AWAY FROM THE GINK WHO BUYS YOU
HUH?
THINK OF IT GENTLEMEN, I'M ONLY BID TWO HUNDRED FOR THIS TURKISH VENUS. LOOK AT THE SIZE OF IT. IT'S CHICKEN WHO'LL MAKE IT TWO FIFTY
TWO HUNDRED AND FIFTY
SOLD! TO THE GENTLEMAN DOWN THERE FOR TWO FIFTY! I'LL NOW SHOW YOU THE BRIDE
SAY, LISTEN! I'LL

FRENCH CERTAIN JOHNSON WILL MEET PALZER

By ED W. SMITH

SIDELIGHTS ON SPORTS

By A. H. C. MITCHELL

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE SCHEDULE FOR 1913.

Pipe Dreams

By GEORGE E. PHAIR

WRESTLERS' NATIONAL HYMN

CLAIM SPEAKER WILL RECEIVE $9,000 SALARY

RIVERS AND WOLGAST RULING FAVORITES

LIGHTWEIGHTS IN NEAR-TITLE BOUTS

By JACK CONWAY

BOUTS TONIGHT.

Al Wambsganss vs. [illegible] Pelican, New Orleans.

Bob Moha vs. Cyclone Thompson, Milwaukee.

Tommy Houser vs. Young Ernie and Teddy Maloney vs. W. Hogan, Philadelphia.

Tom Cotty vs. Al Ketchen and Fighting Fletcher vs. F. Mango, Bridgeport.

Terry Mitchell vs. W. Lewis and Young Gover vs. Kid Twist, Brooklyn.

Bob Scanlon vs. W. Beecher, New York.

Joe Coster vs. Bat Silvia, New Bedford.

Young Ahearn and Mike Nadeau vs. Kid Murphy, Suggested.

Battling Nelson vs. Abraham Ertle, Boston.

Kilbane Picked to Win

Rivers Has Wolgast Favored

ELCHO

SANDELE AND OLSON IN BOUT ON MAT

COLLEGE SWIM FEB. 19.

Batter Up! Giants Start South for Training Work

Harvard Plans to Hold Class Track Games This Week

Is Brown Going Back?

BASEBALL PRACTICE ON AT CAMBRIDGE

BOB UPTON WILL MEET ALL-COMERS

To SO. STATION LIQUOR BARGAINS

Crystallized Rock Candy and Old Hickory, 75c value, per bottle, 75c
Old Imported Port, 75c value, per bottle, 75c
Stevens Extra Whiskey, 75c value, per bottle, 75c

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Call, Write or Phone Oxford 220

Ford

"It's the mechanical wonder of the age." You can't buy the Ford in chance lumber in any other car—at any price. That's one reason why you must get a Ford now if you want to own "the mechanical wonder of the age," this season.

THE AMERICAN'S DAILY MAGAZINE PAGE

The Mystery of Mary

A Thrilling Story of a Strange Disappearance and of Love Triumphant

SYNOPSIS

"Perhaps she has found a better friend by this time," said Judge Blackwell, after he had told "Mary" of a girl resembling her, who had disappeared from his office that day after seeking his help.

By GRACE LIVINGSTON HILL LUTZ

PART I. (Continued)

His Hostess Misunderstands

Quizzed by Mrs. Bowman

Warm Praise

Inquiries for Her

She Offers to Play

A Talented Musician

The Judge's Story

Dunham Transfixed

The Wearing Strain

Common Property

To Be Continued Tomorrow.

Little Bobbie's Pa

By WILLIAM P. KIRK

A Point of Propriety

By BEATRICE FAIRFAX

"Love is a tyrant and a slave,
A torment and a treasure
Having it, we know no peace
Without it we have pleasure."

Selected.

A YOUNG girl who has discovered what love is writes:

"I am a girl of nineteen years. I met a young man at a reception about six months ago, and he has been paying devoted attention to me since then. Last night we quarreled because he accused me of flirting with other men. Do you think he was proper for him to accuse me?"

"Having it, we know no peace."

Of course it was not proper, but the girl who drifts from the serene ardor of "No, no, I can't live without you" to "Oh, you can't live unless you do" is on the stormy seas of those who know what love is. A quarrel does wrong that come under a more serious classification than rights or propriety.

The very truest affection neglect for itself. Indifference is a thing that are unknown to the beloved and unfelt by the object of a lifetime.

The girl who is sure of her lover's love, and who knows that he is sure of hers, can afford to be indifferent to his every whim. She can afford to be a little cruel with her every form of his self-assertion. He finds no fault and the girl has a chance for. Her brilliant, pure excessive enjoyment, her merry ways, her lack of fetters of restraint are a delight to the man who loves her and feels sure of her. If they worry him and make him unhappy, it is because he is not sure of her love, and because he is afraid that she is not sure of his.

The great fault-finding and domineering of the world comes from men who are not sure of the love of the women they have married. They are afraid that they will lose their hold on them, and they try to bind them with chains of iron instead of with the golden cords of love.

I beg your pardon, but your nose has come so close to my face that I thought it was

Ella Wheeler Wilcox Says:

Thought, Well Applied, Wins Us Our Wish

EDWARD CARPENTER says: "We see that there is in man a creative

No, there is nothing new; but there is A NEW WAY OF APPLYING OLD TRUTHS AND THIS NEW WAY WILL EVANGELIZE THE WORLD.

Now the old, old wonderful thought of the All-in-All existing the property of every man, woman and child who can read and think, and who is not tradition bound.

A score of New Thought schools exist; and we receive scores of letters and articles from the others, the great central thought is the same—that ONE SOURCE of power exists, and that we all come from it as we flow from the fathead. We are only tubes to bear the music at closer range.

The other man rose and followed suit.

A pause or look up as they came in, but played on, while the company listened with the most rapt and wondering look. She was playing with an expressionless which could not fail to command attention.

Tryon Dunham, standing just behind the Judge was dumbfounded with surprise. That this delicate girl could bring forth such an entrancing volume of sound from the instrument was a great surprise. That she was so exquisite an artist filled him with a kind of infuriating elation, as though she belonged to him.

At last she played Liszt's brilliant Hungarian Rhapsody, her slender hands taking the tremendous chords and octave runs with a precision and rapidity that seemed inspired. The final crash came in a shower of liquid notes of sound and then she rose, walked to him, or was from the recesses of strangers.

He could see that she had been paying a heavy strain. Her face looked weary and drawn at times, and when she seemed to be pleading with him now to let her free from the thrall something of those same emotions.

They gathered about her in delight, pouring out their praises and gratitude.

"Why, Miss Dunham, you have given us a treat!" said the Judge. "Perhaps you'll favor us again before you leave?"

"Miss Dunham," said Mrs. Bowman, "I'm afraid if Miss Hamilton feels that she must take the next train we shall have to make all possible speed."

The Dingbat Family

Potatus—No; Tomatus—Yes

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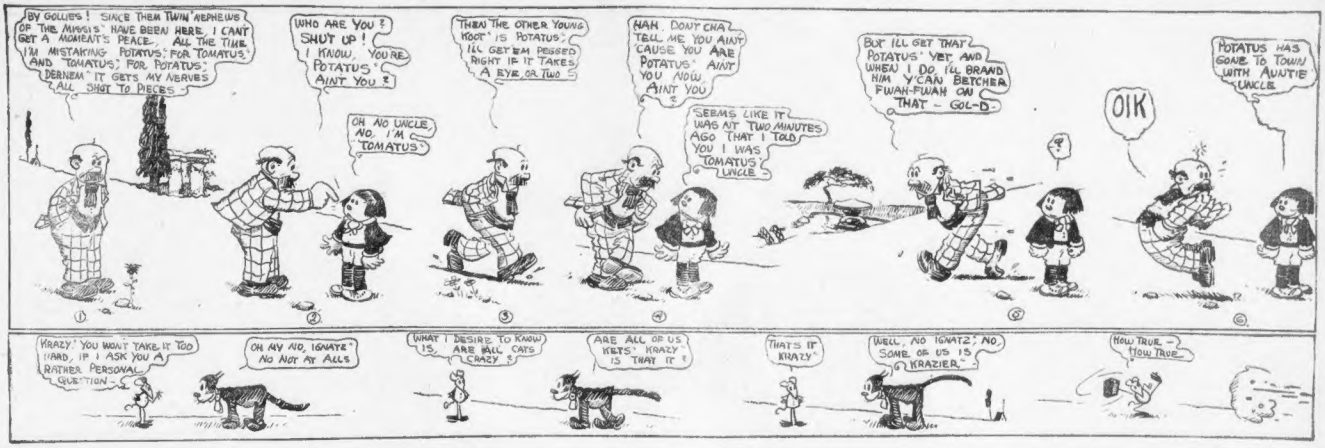
By Herriman


BY GOLLIES! SINCE THEM TWIN NEPHEWS OF THE MISSIS' HAVE BEEN HERE, I CANT GET A MOMENT'S PEACE. ALL THE TIME I'M MISTAKING POTATUS FOR TOMATUS AND TOMATUS FOR POTATUS. DERNEM IT GETS MY NERVES ALL SHOT TO PIECES
WHO ARE YOU? SHUT UP! I KNOW, YOU'RE POTATUS. AINT YOU?
OH NO UNCLE, NO, I'M C TOMATUS
THEN THE OTHER YOUNG ROOT IS POTATUS; I'LL GET 'EM PESSED RIGHT IF IT TAKES A EYE OR TWO
NAH, DONT CHA TELL ME YOU AINT CAUSE YOU ARE POTATUS AINT YOU NOW, AINT YOU?
SEEMS LIKE IT WAS AT TWO MINUTES AGO THAT I TOLD YOU I WAS TOMATUS UNCLE
BUT I'LL GET THAT POTATUS YET, AND WHEN I DO, I'LL BRAND HIM "I CAN BETCHER FWAH-FWAH ON THAT - GOL-D-
OIK
POTATUS WAS GOING TO TOWN WITH AUNTIE UNCLE
KRAZY? YOU WONT TAKE IT TOO HARD, IF I ASK YOU A RATHER PERSONAL QUESTION
OH MY NO, IGNATZ! NO NOT AT ALL'S
WHAT I DESIRE TO KNOW IS, ARE ALL CATS CRAZY?
ARE ALL OF US KETS KRAZY - IS THAT IT?
THATS IT KRAZY
WELL, NO IGNATZ; NO, SOME OF US IS KRAZIER.
HOW TRUE - HOW TRUE

Dauntless Durham of the U. S. A.

Lord Havaglass Heads for the West, the Land of the Untamed Redskin, the Fiery Mustang and the Ponderous, but Agile, Buffalo

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By Hershfield

WHERE AM I? — OH YES, I WAS DRUGGED DRINKING A TOAST TO THE FAIR WAITRESS, KATRINA. THAT VIPER, LORD HAVAGLASS, WILL PAY FOR THIS. HE HAS ABDUCTED HER!
I'LL TAKE YOU TO THE WILD WEST I'VE HEARD SO MUCH ABOUT. WHAT WESTERN CITY SHALL I GO TO? — AH, YES, WEST-POINT!
TICKETS FOR ALL POINTS WEST
TWO?
YOU CUR.
WEST POINT AT LAST. I'VE HIDDEN THE HEIRESS KATRINA FOR AWHILE. I'LL HUNT THE WILD BUFFALO I'VE HEARD SO MUCH ABOUT. NOBODY AROUND TO STOP ME!
MOO
BANG BING-BING BANG
SHOOTING AHEAD — MAYBE A SPY — COLUMN FORWARD!
BANG BANG-BANG BANG
AHA! LORD HAVAGLASS GOT OFF HERE. HE IS PROBABLY IN BATTLE WITH THE CADETS. I'LL SEE!
THE SOUND OF THE MUSKET. A DISCOVERY -TOMORROW-

Polly and Her Pals

Chick, Chick! Plymouth Rocks All Look Alike

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By Cliff Sterrett

YOU'LL HAVE TO MEET HELENE AT THE FERRY AND BRING HER UP TO THE HOUSE, I CANT GET AWAY!
HOW THE DEUCE AM I GONNA MEET HER, WHEN I DONT KNOW HER FROM ADAM'S OFF OX?
OH, YOU CANT MISS HER, PA, SHE WEARS A WHITE SWEATER WITH A BLACK HAT!
GREAT GUNS!

Us Boys

Skinny Kind of Likes a Scare

Copyright, 1913, by the National News Association

By Tom McNamara

A FELLER CAN'T GET A EVEN BREAK WITH GIRLS - GOSH, YER CAN'T STAND AND SLAM 'EM ON THE BEAK LIKE YER KIN BOYS SO YER JUST HAFTER KEEP AWAY FROM 'EM
I'M NOT GOING TO BE CHASING YOU AWAY FROM SKINNY ANY MORE! THIS IS THE LAST TIME THE NEXT TIME I'LL TELL A POLICEMAN AND LET HIM ATTEND TO YOU!
AW ← NOT VERY LOUD
SCAMP!
GEE, SHE WON'T EVEN LET ME TALK TO SKINNY!
I GOT AS MUCH RIGHT TO TALK TO HIM AS SHE HAS
I AINT GOIN' TO LET HER BLUFF ME OUT!
GOSH EMILY I DON'T WANT THIS MUFF! I AINT SICK NO MORE!
YES YOU ARE SICK YOU MUST WEAR MY MUFF. IT WILL KEEP YOUR HANDS WARM
SKINNY SHANER'S GOOGLY DEPARTMENT NOTE
SKINNY WILL BE BACK ON THE JOB NEXT WEEK, UNTIL THEN SHRIMP FLYNN WILL CONTINUE AS EDITOR PRO TEM.
DONT ANY BODY KNOW WHERE YOUR FIST GOES WHEN YOU OPEN YOUR HAND! - GOSH, SOMEBODY OUGHT TO KNOW. COME ON, SEND IN THE ANSWER!
YOURS TRULY
S. Shaner
answer to SATURDAY'S
WHAT'S THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN A NEW FIVE DOLLAR BILL AND AN OLD ONE! — FOUR DOLLARS THAT WAS TOO EASY!
Here's to - days
FROM
A.L.B. - SKOOKUM GAME
WHY ARE THEY CHANGING THEATRES INTO MOVING PICTURE HOUSES LATELY?
ANSWER TO-MORROW.
NOW COME ON, WE'LL TAKE A NICE QUIET LITTLE WALK, WHERE SHRIMP WON'T BOTHER YOU
AW LET HIM BOTHER ME PLEASE
JUST FOR LUCK, I HOPE THERE'S NO COPS NEAR!
HELLO SKINNY!
HA, HA, HA, JIMMINY GINGER THAT WAS A SWELL SCARE SHRIMP GIVED US!
I'M - SURPRISED - AT - YOU - SKINNY! - I - DIDN'T THINK - YOU - WERE - SUCH - AN - UNGRATEFUL BRUTE! - A WWWWWWW!
OH SHUCKLES!

N. H. OFFICIALS IN HALIFAX TO BRING JACK WRENN BACK

HALIFAX, N. S., Feb. 17.—Attorney-General James P. Tuttle of New Hampshire and Sheriff Edward H. Lord of Cheshire County, N. H., are here today to take charge of the proceedings to secure the return of "Jack" Wrenn to New Hampshire.

Wrenn is charged with the murder of Thomas Hamilton in Dunbar on the night of February 6.

The hearing will take place Wednesday.

WOLLASTON WANTS $25,000 HOUSE FUND

The 12th collecting teams, for the Wollaston community house, entered today their second week of campaigning for a fund of $25,000 for a building fund. Eight thousand dollars was raised during the first week.

ALDERMAN 22 YEARS.

CHICAGO, Feb. 17.—Alderman John J. Brennan, aged sixty-three, is dead. He was twenty-two years a Chicago alderman.

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GROVE HALL.

H. A. Perser,

ASHMONT.

A. H. Tripp, 173 Talbot av.

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Mrs. J. G. Wilson,

MATTAPAN.

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C. H. Shattuck, Woodlawn.
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F. E. Wallace, Main st., cor. Thorp

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J. Berggan, 185 Highland av., Edgeworth.
Miss Bonny, 2000 Main st.
D. H. Harcourt, 46 Faulkner st., Malden.
Goldbaugh Bros., 102 Main st.

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NEWTON.

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W. B. Stacey, P. O. Bldg., West Newton.
A. V. Harrington, 365 Centre st., Newton.

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W. F. Hallock, 960 Auburn st., Auburndale.

WATERTOWN.

McLaughlin & Co., 41 Main st., Watertown.
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Allston News Co., 14 Franklin st., Allston.

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Brighton News Co., 2 Academy Hill rd., Brighton.

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Braun's Lunch, 1260 Hancock st.
L. Cook, 1191 Washington st.
P. F. Litchfield, 151 Water st.
S. N. Swain, 37 School st.

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J. D. Perron, 194 Broadway.

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Topman & Ham, 478 Shirley st.

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Fall River, City News Co.
Fitchburg, Lewis Co. Wood, 2 Broad st.
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Stock Prices; Financial News

The week opened with security prices on the toboggan. The local market was weakened in sympathy with New York, but early declines here were fractional as a rule. Allouez was an issue to show a greater loss. It declined a point in the first half hour. Current events all contributed to make the tone heavy. There was some trading in Telephone and sugar rights in this market.

A dividend of 5 per cent. in scrip has been declared on the stock of the Porto Rican American Tobacco Company. It is payable to stockholders of record of February 15. Books open on March 7. The listing committee of the New York Curb market has ruled that the stock shall sell ex-dividend on and after today. Deliveries for today are to be accompanied by a due bill for the dividend.

The New York sub-treasury gained $200,000 from the banks on Saturday and since Friday has gained $281,000.

New York Market Opens Weak.

Weakness prevailed in the New York market at the opening, the most loss being sustained by Canadian Pacific, which dropped 3¾.

There were a number of contributing causes for the heaviness of the list. Among them were the report that J. P. Morgan is seriously ill, the threatened possibility of a strike of firemen on Eastern railroads and the unfavorable developments in the Mexican situation.

At the end of half an hour a rallying tendency developed and a number of stocks made partial recoveries. Among the issues were, B. & O., 5s, California Petroleum, 1s, C. & O., ¼, Mexican Petroleum, 1, L. & N., 1⅜, Inter-Met., ¾, Great Northern pfd., ⅝, Erie 3s, Corn Products 3s, Woolworth ⅓, and U. S. Rubber ⅜.

The Curb was weak.

Americans in London had a hesitant appearance, but were above New York parity.

Berlin sold U. S. Steel and Canadian Pacific.

Federal Suits Against Trusts.

Since Attorney-General Wickersham has occupied his present cabinet post he has instituted no less than eighteen suits against corporations accused of violating the anti-trust law. Recently he began six suits in six days, although the Wilson administration will be in power on March 4.

It is said in Washington that there is no indication that the anti-trust activity of the existing administration has ceased or will cease while it is in office. There is every probability that more suits will be filed before March 4.

The Government won several suits last week. The "tobacco trust" on the Great Lakes was ordered dissolved; verdicts of guilty were returned against the Cash Register and Bath Tub "trusts," and James A. Patten pleaded guilty to one count of the "cotton corner" indictment.

Copper Down in London.

The London copper metal market opened weak, spot being down 10s. and the decline in futures being the same.

Fortnightly statistics given out in that city show that the visible supply of Europe, including Hamburg and Rotterdam, had increased 1961 tons on February 15, while consumption was 9,338 tons, showing a net increase in foreign visible supply of 11,299 tons. The total was 46,503 against 43,062 on January 31.

Financial News in Brief.

Exports by the United States Steel Corporation in 1912 totalled about 2,500,000 tons. Exports of manufactured steel ranged between 300,000 and 400,000 tons. The total for the country was about 2,800,000 tons, an increase of nearly 700,000 compared with 1911.

The largest iron and steel mills are now running at 85 per cent of capacity.

The Calumet Signal Oil Co. has declared a stock dividend of 2 per cent, payable June stock and 4 per cent. on common.

William Salomon & Co. of New York will open street and exchange in Boston the $3,000,000 Fisk Rubber Co. 7 per cent. cumulative preferred stock issue. This issue is tax exempt in Massachusetts. The plant of the company is in Chicopee Falls.

BOSTON STOCKS.

Following is the range of prices to 11:15 for leading Boston stocks:

RAILROADS.			
	High.	Low.	11:15
Boston & Maine.....	95	95	95
N. Y., N. H. & H....	127¼	127¼	127¼
TELEPHONES.			
American	133	132¾	133
Am. Pneu.	75c	75c	75c
MISCELLANEOUS.			
Am. Sugar rfd.....	7c	6c	7c
United Fruit	174	174	174
United Shoe Mach....	50	49¾	49¾
MINING STOCKS.			
Allouez	35	35	35
Arcadian	2¼	2¼	2¼
Arizona Commercial..	2¾	2¾	2¾
Calumet & Arizona...	61	60½	60½
Calumet & Hecla....	490	490	490
Copper Range	43¾	43¾	43¾
Franklin	6	6	6
Granby	62¾	62¾	62¾
Greene-Cananea	8	8	8
Mayflower	10	10	10
Mohawk	50	50	50
North Butte	26	25⅞	25⅞
Old Colony	5	5	5
Quincy	69	69	69
Santa Fe	2	2	2
Shannon	10½	10½	10½
Tamarack	28	28	28
Utah Con.	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝
Wolverine	65	65½	65½
UNLISTED SECURITIES.			
Amalgamated	69¾	68¾	69¼
Am. Zinc	30¾	30¼	30¾
Boston Coalin....	3 13-16	5 13-16	5 13-16
Butte & Superior...	34¾	34¼	34¾
East Butte.....	12	12	12
Indiana	12¾	12	12½
Isle Royale	25½	25	25½
Kerr Lake	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜
Lake Copper	16¼	16¼	16¼
Nipissing	8¾	8¾	8¾
Penn Canada	2¼	2¼	2¼
Ray Consolidated...	17¾	17¼	17¾
Superior Boston	3	2¾	2¾
U. S. Smelting	40	39¾	40
U. S. Smelting pf...	48¾	48¾	48¾

BOSTON CURB.

Following is the range of prices to 11:15 for leading Curb stocks:

QUALIFIED LIST.

	High.	Low.	11:15.
Bay State Gas	21c	21c	21c
Butte Central	8 7-16	8⅜	8⅜
Emerson	3	2	2
Chief Con.	1 13-16	1 13-16	1 13-16
Dora Daly	1⅝	1⅜	1⅜
First National	2	1 15-16	2
Majestic	42c	42c	42c
Nevada Metals	1 9-16	1⅜	1⅜
Ohio Copper	74c	73c	73c
South Lake	7¾	6⅞	7⅜

UNQUALIFIED LIST.

Alaska Gold	14⅜	14	14⅜
Houghton	5	5	5
Iron Hill	92c	90c	92c
Nev. Douglas	2 11-16	2⅝	2 11-16
Trinity Coal	1¾	1⅝	1¾
United York Ex.....	73c	70c	70c

Compliment Salem Girl Who Got Mayor Hurley, 68, to Dance

Salem young people are today congratulating Miss Rosalie Bourgeoul, who persuaded Mayor Hurley to go through the steps of a dance with her at a Franklin Hall party.

It all happened on one of the Mayor's tours in search of any wrong-doing in the precincts of his jurisdiction. He strolled into Franklin Hall to watch the young people, and was introduced to Miss Bourgeoul by her aunt. Mayor Hurley's first objection was to going, but Miss Bourgeoul found friend to rapidly, and it was not long before the Mayor began to find out that he was sixty-eight years old, and found himself on the floor in the intricacies of a two-step.

The Troublesome Problems of Servants Mothers-in-Law.

Have they been solved by this woman's novel plan of marrying her sons to her goddaughters—only muddled all the more? Exclusively

IN SUNDAY'S AMERICAN.

MEYER PLANNING FISHING TRIP

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.—Secretary of the Navy Meyer is planning to spend four weeks on a tarpon fishing trip in Florida when he leaves official life March 4. He will give up his residence in Washington the latter part of April and will move to his Summer home at Hamilton, Mass.

POSTPONE FETE FOR CENTENARIAN

Owing to sudden illness on her birthday, Mrs. Ellen Donehy, who is 100 years old, is forced to postpone her celebration. She resides with her daughter, Mrs. Patrick O'Leary, at No. 166 Brown avenue, Roslindale, and up to the present time has enjoyed good health.

Auto News

By J. C. KERRISON.

Alvan T. Fuller will hold his eighteenth annual opening Washington's Birthday at the Packard dealer of motor cars on this with the success that has come to Mr. Fuller. The Packard agency on Commonwealth avenue is one of the finest and largest in the country. This massive structure and the volume of business done within its walls is a testimonial to the brilliant business career of Mr. Fuller, who is still a young man.

Recently, upon the arrival of the 1148 Packard in Boston, eighty-seven cars took to sold in five days by Mr. Fuller and his sales organization. In seven days 108 cars were sold. Of course, some of these were used cars. This will serve as an idea of the concentration of the efforts of the Packard Motor Car Company of Boston.

The Boston branch of the Anderson Electric Car Company, makers of Detroit electric pleasure and commercial cars, is now located at No. 903 Boylston street. Manager Albert Weatherby has arranged for a service station in connection with the new salesrooms.

H. E. Taylor, formerly agent for the Lansden electric, has been appointed manager of the factory branch. The company has opened in Boston at No. 225 Columbus avenue.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Following is the range of prices to 11:15 for leading New York stocks:

RAILROADS.			
	High.	Low.	11:15
Atch., T. & S. F.	101⅝	101⅜	101⅜
Balt. & Ohio	108⅜	108¼	108¼
Brooklyn Rap. Tr..	88⅝	88⅛	88⅛
Canadian Pac.....	231	229⅜	230⅛
Ches. & Ohio.....	75⅝	75⅜	75⅝
Chic. Gt. West.....	15⅝	15	15
Chic., M. & St. P....	108	107¾	108
Erie	29½	29⅜	29⅜
Erie 1st pf.....	45¼	45⅛	45⅛
Gt. Northern pf....	127	126⅝	126⅝
Int.-Metropol	17⅝	17⅜	17⅜
Int.-Met. pf.....	61	61	61
Louis. & Nash.....	133½	132⅝	132⅝
Lehigh Valley.....	156⅛	155⅛	156⅛
Missouri Pacific	39¾	39¾	39¾
N. Y. C. & Hud....	105½	105⅝	105⅝
Northern Pac.....	116¾	115⅝	116
Pennsylvania	116	115⅝	115⅝
Reading	159	158	158⅝
Southern Pac.....	101	100¾	100⅞
Union Pacific	156⅛	155	155⅝
INDUSTRIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS.			
Amal. Copper	69⅝	68⅜	69⅛
Amer. Sm. & R.	69⅝	69⅛	69⅜
Am. Beet Sugar	35¾	35½	35½
Am. Can	30¾	30½	30½
Anaconda Copper...	33¾	33½	33⅝
Col. Fuel & Iron....	36	35⅝	35⅝
Chino	28¾	28⅝	28⅝
Col. Petroleum.....	54⅛	54⅛	54⅛
Gen. Electric.....	159	159¼	159¼
Mex. Petroleum.....	73	72⅝	72⅝
Northern Ore	35½	35⅛	35⅛
Pacific Mail	27¾	27¾	27¾
U. S. Rubber	63	62	62⅜
U. S. Steel	69¾	69⅛	69⅛
Utah Copper	50¾	50	50¼
West. Un. Tel.	70	69¾	69⅝

Paulist Father Quits Faith to Be Episcopal Rector

NEW YORK, Feb. 17.—A Roman Catholic priest of years of service, and for the last five years of great prominence, yesterday entered upon the rectorship of a Protestant Episcopal Church. Never before in the history of New York churches has a similar incident been recorded.

The Rev. William Thomas Walsh, a leading member of the Society of St. Paul, or Paulist Fathers, became rector of St. Mary's Protestant Episcopal Church.

Born in th Roman Catholic Church, and educated in its seminaries for its priesthood, Father Walsh in Penn's father was one of the special preachers to non-Catholics. He was selected for this work because of his eloquence, and because of his ability to argue in favor of Catholicism and against the Protestants. The Paulist order was founded by a convert from Protestantism, and nearly always has stood for the had a convert. One superior, Father Deshon, was the son of a Congressman of this State.

Father Walsh went to many cities, especially in the South, making many converts to the Catholic faith, and was introduced to Rome. Last November Bishop Greer received him into the Episcopal Church.

Plants That Will Heat Your Rooms.

Botanical curiosities which develop so much temperature, while growing, that they keep perfect little stoves. Exclusively

IN SUNDAY'S AMERICAN.

WOMAN WHO WORKED FOR LINCOLN DEAD

JERSEY CITY, Feb. 17.—Mrs. Julia A. Hill, who claimed to have been Lincoln's housekeeper when he was practicing law in Springfield, Ill., is dead here. She was 101, and born in slavery.

DAUGHTER SHOOTS MOTHER BY MISTAKE

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 17.—Mrs. Henderson, wife of a New York musician, it is stated today, will recover from the accident in which she was mistaken for a burglar and shot by her daughter, Mrs. F. H. Petrie.

DIES OF APOPLEXY AT CHURCH SERVICE

WORCESTER, Feb. 17.—Mrs. Mary Conlon, 55, 13 Beverley street, died today at her home after being stricken with apoplexy while attending a service at St. John's Church. She leaves six children.

Tours and Travels.

Ghent

APRIL TO NOVEMBER, 1913

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AN INVITATION and a welcome from the people and industries of Belgium, foregathering at the most attractive and convenient of all International functions, to review in detail the world's latest developments in ART, SCIENCE, INDUSTRY and COMMERCE. An exhibition marking an epoch in the history of Belgium's great contributions to the world's progress and consolidating another glorious step towards universal and international trade reciprocal relations.

On your 1913 European trip make your headquarters Ghent; explore its great exposition (in which more than 50 nations are taking part) with its palaces of Fine Arts and Industry, housing unique exhibits from all parts of the world; see the great hall of machinery; the superb buildings devoted to railway and maritime development; the palaces of horticulture; the picturesque botanical gardens; the enchanting grounds and the beautiful illuminations of several; together with the great historic city and monumental antiquities.

A THOUSAND AND ONE ATTRACTIONS WORTH CROSSING HALF THE GLOBE TO SEE.

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You see the AMERICAN everywhere—in the homes, clubs, restaurants, hotels, cars and boats.

Want a Wife? Just Go to Blakely, Pa. 30 Girls Would Wed

SCRANTON, Pa., Feb. 17.—Bubbles are wanted in Blakely borough. For the young women there, whose prospects of remaining in single blessedness are so good as to be positively alarming, have banded themselves together to find husbands.

There are thirty young women in the group, and in a letter to the public they frankly admit they want to marry "any nice men that will make homes for us." The proclamation reads as follows:

To the Public: This letter is written with the consent of every girl in Blakely. The Girls' Club of Blakely consists of thirty girls who are anxious to marry. Their ages range from eighteen to twenty-five years. We are willing to marry any nice men who will make homes for us. We are a very nice class of girls, and we will make good wives for the right men.

JURY DISAGREES IN SUIT AGAINST SCHOOLMASTER

The jury disagreed today in the case of Richard Sullivan who sued J. Gordon Bassett, principal of the Bigelow School, South Boston, for $10,000, alleging that a beating he had received had resulted in an injury to his ear drum. The jury was excused Friday night after filing notice of disagreement. The disagreement was allowed by Judge Dana. There will be a new trial unless the case is settled out of court, which was stated as a probability today by Attorney Edward F. McClennen, representing the Sullivan boy.

Theatres

LOEW'S SO. END WASH. AND CASTLE STS. 1800 SEATS

Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday Only

MAGNIFICENT EUROPEAN PRODUCTION

Sarah Bernhardt IN **Queen Elizabeth**

Most Spectacular and Brilliantly Acted Picture Drama Ever Produced

World's Most Distinguished Actress in Wonderful Presentation at Loew's Popular Prices. Continental Sensation. Only One of Many Other Sensational Features.

CONTINUOUS—1 P. M. TO 11 P. M.

BALCONY, 5c ORCHESTRA, 10c BOXES, 15c

TREMONT TEMPLE TODAY & TUES. 2:30 and 8:15

The Life of John Bunyan in Motion

PILGRIM'S PROGRESS

A Colossal Motion Picture Symphony With Organ Accompaniment.

REV. H. W. JENNEY, D.D., Lecturer Seats 25-50-75

Feb 24 Mats. Wed. Feb. 25 2:30 Seats 25c-$1

ANGUS HAMILTON, F.R.G.S.

Central News Correspondent, with

Wonderful Moving Pictures of

THE BALKANS WAR

WED. EVE., FEB. 26, 8:15 P. M.

Rev. Chas. F. Aked, D.D.

The Well Known Pastor, Lecturer and Author

"The Romance of the West"

COPLEY HALL, Once Only, Feb 25, at 8:30

Seats on Sale Only at HERRICK'S. $5.00 Each.

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The French Arbiter of Elegances.

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TONIGHT AT 8. LAST 9 TIMES.

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ON MONDAY, FEB. 24

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"The Yellow Jacket"

A Chinese Play Direct from the Fulton Theatre, N. Y.

COLONIAL TONIGHT LAST 5 TIMES

LAST MATS. TUES. AND SAT. AT 2

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Eves. 8:15 Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:15

MR. COLLEGE LAST 5 TIMES

ARLISS "Disraeli"

EXTRA MAT. WED., FEB. 19

Next Mon.—Limited Engagement

ROBERT LORAINE AND A GREAT CAST FOR **"NOT SALE"**

A Comedy by R. C. Megrue

SEAT SALE TOMORROW

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Second Great Week of Lew's Vaudeville and This Magnificent Theatre

The Best Acts, the Best Pictures are Making St. James Talk of the Town

Among the headliners are: Felix Adler, "Buddies," Bellclair Hayes and Rose, Kelso and Leighton, The Heros, Aubrey and Harper and Walsh and others. Entire change of program Monday and Thursday. Performances 1—11 P. M. Prices 10—15—20

MAJESTIC Eve's at 8. Wed. & Sat. Mats. at 2

Everybody's Night Prices—25c to $1.50

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Mornings at 10:15 Afternoons 2:15 Evenings 7:15 and 9:15

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Good All the Time No room to show from 10 to 10:45 P. M. 1:30 to 5 & 7:30 to 10:45

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Week St. Rev. Exists

GRAND OPERA HOUSE ROSEBUDS BIL Ladies' daily matinee, any seat 10 cents except holidays.

At the Old Howard Wash

The fine new "Wash" is simply the association with the old name. It is a new house, has a birthday this week. He was first in the field of the popular priced theatre and now he finds the Howard-ites first in the hearts of all lovers of refined burlesque, including a full 75 of the Board.

Cherry Blossoms Burlesque

John Perry, the big frame of all trans

Also a big comedy show. Introducing the

FRIDAY TWINS

In under 7 minutes posing.

9 OTHER BIG ACTS.

Washington Birthday Show Starts at 12.

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TONIGHT, 8, to 11. JEWELS OF THE MADONNA. Mats. Wednesday, Saturday, Sunday, Columbus.

WEDNESDAY, 2 to 5, 11.25. FIRST PERFORMANCE OF MARY GARDEN, CARMEN, Andrea Dipre.

SATURDAY, 1:45 to 5:15. GIRL OF THE GOLDEN WEST. Music, Leoncavallo. Debut, Mme. Sundelius.

SATURDAY, 7:45 to 11:30. SPECIAL PERFORMANCE. Mats. Wednesday, 25c to $2.50. Saturday, 25c to $2.50. Sunday, 25c to $2.50. Columbus, 25c to $2.50. LOUISE, Mary Garden, Leon Beyle, Dalmores, Dufranne, Gilly, Arimondi, Bourbon, Nelson, Dubois.

SUNDAY ORCHESTRAL CONCERTS, 3:15 and 8.

FEB. 23. Concert, Elsa Cayford, Lieder Singer, and Rafaelo Diaz, tenor. Prices 25c to $2.50.

Purchase office, Symphony, 162 Boylston st. Mason & Hamlin Pianos used exclusively. Address Mail Orders to Box Office.

HOLLIS Evenings at 8. Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2

LAST WEEK—Charles Frohman Presents

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The 'Mind the Paint' Girl

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Next Week—Sesta Tomorrow

William Elliott and David Belasco Present

The Governor's Lady

Entire Original Cast and Production

B. F. KEITH'S THEATRE

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In George Broadhurst's "The Conrad."

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8—Big Acts—8 MOTION PICTURES—8

Overture at 2 and 7:45.

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POSITIVELY LAST 2 WEEKS

THE RED PETTICOAT

With HELEN LOWELL

BOSTON Evenings 8. Mats. Wed., Fri. & Sat. 2

THE GARDEN OF ALLAH

Special Souvenir Mat. Friday

PARK EIGHTH WEEK! Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Wed., Sat. 2:15

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FOR WEEK ENDING SATURDAY, FEB. 15, AT 80 SUMMER ST.

A—322.
A—326, 370.
A—380, 416, 512, 603.
A—614, 619, 622.
A—624, 345, 371, 376.
A—383.
A—389, 231, 407.
A—396, 424, 430.
A—437.
A—438, 373.
A—166, 177.
A—169, 170.
C—439, 378.
C—456, 374.
X—407.
X—409.
Z—280, 316, 317.

AT 264 WASHINGTON ST.

A—70, 90.
B—31, 32, 46.
B—39, 41.
B—44, 63, 72.
B—45.
B—54.
B—58, 69, 100.
B—72.
B—73.
B—85, 48, 66.
B—86.
B—65.
B—74, 39, 12, 87.
B—75, 11, 12, 79.
B—77.
B—78.
B—71, 57, 69, 89, 96.
B—79.
B—25, 50, 62, 64, 68.

DEATHS

Rates for Death Notices in this column 50 cents for each insertion. Leave orders at Publication office, 204 Washington st., or 80 Summer st., or call Ad. Taker, 2180 Main.

CUMMINGS—In Dedham, Feb. 15, Caroline Cummings, aged 79 yrs. Funeral on Tuesday, Feb. 18, at 2 p.m., from her late residence, 776 East st., Dedham. Friends invited. Feb. 16, 17, 18.

DUNBAR—In Dorchester, Feb. 15, Mary C., widow of R. F. Dunbar, aged 79 yrs. Funeral from Funeral Home, Cedar corner Chapel, Wednesday at 2 p.m. Relatives and friends invited. Interment private.

HAMILTON—Suddenly in Winchester, Feb. 16, George Hamilton, of the.
Funeral services at his late residence, 24 Lexington st., Winchester, Tuesday, Feb. 18, at 3 o'clock.

HARRINGTON—In Lynn, Feb. 15, Rev. John J. Harrington, S. J.
Funeral services at St. Joseph's Church, Lynn, Tuesday, at 9 a.m. Solemn High Mass at 10.

KENYARD—In Boston, Feb. 16, Charlotte A., widow of Charles W. Kenyard, aged 78 yrs.
Services at her late residence, 50 Chestnut st., Dorchester, at 2 p.m. Kindly omit flowers.

NORTON—In Canton, Feb. 16, Peter Norton, Sr., aged 79 yrs. Hospital papers are undertaking papers of W. C. Coutts, 317 Broadway, Chelsea.
Funeral from his late residence, 981 Columbus ave., Roxbury, Tuesday, Feb. 18, at 8:30 a.m., thence to St. Alphonsus church at 9 o'clock. Relatives and friends kindly invited.

POWER—In Newton, Feb. 15, Nellie, beloved wife of Auburn.
Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral from her late home, 151 Bridge st., Tuesday morning at 9 o'clock, thence to St. Mary's Church, Our Lady at 9 o'clock. Burial at St. Peter's Cemetery, Auburn.

RYAN—In Roxbury, Feb. 15, Ann Flynn, widow of Patrick Ryan, a lifelong resident of Roxbury.
Funeral from her late residence 981 Columbus ave., Tuesday morning at 8:30, thence to Church of Immaculate Conception at 9 o'clock. Relatives and friends invited.

SCOTT—In Boston, Feb. 15, Mrs. Fanny Scott, beloved wife of Robert Scott, aged 72 yrs.
Funeral services at her late residence, 1617 Tremont st., Wednesday, Feb. 19, at 2:30 p. m. Relatives and friends invited.

SEGUIN—In Boston, Feb. 15, Mary Seguin, beloved wife of Robert Seguin, aged 72 years.
Funeral from her late residence, 24 Otis st., Tuesday, Feb. 18, at 8:15 a. m. High mass of requiem at St. Joseph's Church at 9 o'clock. Relatives and friends invited. Newport papers please copy.

SEWALL—In West Roxbury, Feb. 15, Ellen Taylor, widow of Samuel Sewall, aged 81 yrs.
Funeral services at her late residence, 1617 Tremont st., Wednesday, Feb. 19, at 2:30 p. m. Relatives and friends kindly invited. Interment private.

SOGHIG—In Boston, Feb. 15, Mary, beloved wife of Bedjet Soghig, aged 70 years.
Funeral from his late residence, 24 Otis st., Tuesday, Feb. 18, at 8:15 a. m. High mass of requiem at St. Joseph's Church at 9 o'clock. Relatives and friends invited. Newport papers please copy.

STONE—In Boston, Feb. 15, Ellen M., widow of Charles Stone, aged 72 yrs.
Funeral from her late residence, 948 East Broadway, Tuesday, Feb. 18, at 9 a.m. Solemn requiem at St. Eulalia's Church at 9:30. Friends invited. Interment private. Kindly omit flowers.

SULLIVAN—In Brookline, Feb. 16, Mrs. Fanny Sullivan.
Funeral services at her late residence, 1047 Beacon st., Brookline, Tuesday, Feb. 18, at 2 p. m. Relatives and friends invited.

TROTT—In Boston, Feb. 16, Harold H., son of Carl H. and Pauline Trott, 17 yrs. 11 mos. 15 ds.
Funeral services from his late residence, 33 Medford st., Malden, Tuesday, Feb. 18, at 2 p. m. Relatives and friends invited.

WALSH—In Dorchester, Feb. 16, Nellie Mary, beloved daughter of Lawrence and Catherine (Kelly) Walsh.
Funeral from her parents' residence, 13 Dean st., Wednesday, Feb. 19, at 1:30 p. m. Services at St. Paul's Church, Wednesday, at 2 o'clock. Relatives and friends kindly invited. Interment private. Providence papers please copy.

WALKER—In Dorchester, Feb. 16, Clarissa Louise (Crosby), widow of Joseph H. Walker, aged 75 yrs.
Funeral services at late residence, 17 Whitman st., Mattapan, Tuesday, Feb. 18, at 2 p. m. Relatives and friends invited. Interment at Spofford Park, Hyde Park.

WHITTEN—In Winchester, Feb. 15, Sarah E., widow of Henry Whitten, aged 84 yrs. 6 mos. 15 ds.
Funeral services at her late residence, 28 Cambridge st., Winchester, Tuesday, Feb. 18, at 2:30 p. m.

Lost and Found.

15c a line of 7 words. 25c display.

LOST—In Lynn and Boston train Friday a. m., Feb. 14, silver mesh bag containing money. Finder please turn into nearest station. Return reward to 10 Lincoln st., Lynn.

LOST—Large bunch of keys in or near main waiting room or train, B. & M. station, Boston. Finder please leave with JOHN H. HOUSTON, Boston Postoffice, reward.

LOST—Boston Terrier, Monday, white mark; return to 1 Melville st., Roxbury. Reward.

LOST—Black silk watch fob and charm. Report at nearest B. & M. R. R. or National Shawmut Bank.

WILL the person who found a pocketbook on Feb. 7, Brewster, and containing $24.40 last Saturday in Boston, please return to EMMONS Hotel, Co., 40 Melcher st.? Reward.

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THE BOSTON AMERICAN

Published Daily and Sunday at 80 and 82 Summer St., Boston, Mass.

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10c a line of 7 words. 20c display.

SHEET METAL WORKERS

WANTED men at automobile factory for sheet metal work on bodies, fenders, hoods, tanks and door pans; men with one or two years experience preferred; also one man with experience on all round sheet metal work; good employment for the right man; no others need apply. Apply to foreman of sheet metal dept., METZ CO., Cresent pl., Waltham, Mass.

WANTED.

THREE first-class No. 5 operators on ladies' work. MR. McSHERRY, W. L. DOUGLAS SHOE CO., Brockton, Mass.

COLLECTORS.

WANTED—Two collectors, only one experienced on time payment accounts need apply; bond and $1 references required. Call Monday, 9 to 10. Sommer st.

CARRIAGE PAINTER—Wanted, Apply GEO. W. SMALL, 418 La Grange st., West Roxbury.

COOPERAGE—Wanted, a good cooper; must follow. Apply at ARRUCKLE BROS., Commercial Dock and Wharves, foot of Commercial st.

DRAFTSMEN—With experience on electrical apparatus, motors, switchboards and transformers. Address Chief CLERK, Engineering Department, Westinghouse Electric & Mfg. Co., East Pittsburgh, Pa.

DRIVER—Wanted, experienced somerville express driver, or young man familiar with Somerville to learn business. Apply to Superintendent, Somerville, evenings, after 5:30 or mornings between 7 and 8.

ELEVATOR BOY—Wanted, a bright young man to run elevator; must be over 21 years of age. MERRIFIELD CO., 729 Washington st.

EIGHT MEN—With good vocal voices. THE NEW ENGLAND AMUSEMENT CO., 224 Tremont st.

FOLGER—Wanted, glider on cotton piece goods. Apply COCHRAN MFG. CO., Malden, Mass.

FOREMAN—Of belt factory wanted for large manufacturing concern; must be thoroughly competent. Apply with references to Box 1827, Boston.

ICE—Wanted, 100 men to harvest ice. Apply to E. Rowe, 2 CAMBRIDGE st., Boston, or Chelsea Ice Co., Fort Point, Arlington.

ICE—2 men wanted to work on ice house district. LAKEVIEW ICE CO., Weymouth.

IRON WORKERS—Wanted, a few first-class ornamental and architectural iron workers; must be sober and steady. Apply to CHARLES H. WOOD, Addison P. 44 Iron Works, Boston, Mass.

KNITTERS—Experienced knitters on Cruise machines; also loopers; steady employment; knitting establishment must be capable of running 2 shifts of help; none but experienced need apply; pay fair; to Philadelphia; steady work, good wages. JOHN F. RANDLE & SON, Kensington, Penn.

OPERATORS—Wanted, experienced on following machines: Sitting on and overedging machines; set and order, and covering machine operators; steady employment and good wages. Apply to belt manufacturer; write at once. PIQUA PAPER BOX CO., Piqua, Ohio.

PAINTERS—Carriage and automobile painters wanted. Apply SCHWARZ & HAAS Co., 1000 Washington st., cor. Dover.

SALESMAN—A millinery traveling salesman. Apply to ADOLPH GINSBURG, 21 Washington st., Providence, R. I.

SHIP FITTERS—Or new work. FORE RIVER SHIPBUILDING COMPANY, Quincy, Mass.

STONE CUTTER—Wanted at the Warren Monumental Works, Warren, Me. Steady employment.

TRUCK MAN—For grading house. Apply 2018 WORLEY CO., 42 Stanhope st.

TAILOR—A competent tailor for repairing; an elderly man preferred; must be strictly temperate. Apply to Mr. Ellis, Wednesday morning, 9 to 10, at SALVATION ARMY INDUSTRIAL HOME, 316 Hampden st., Boston.

WOOD ENGRAVER—Wanted, expert, sober, industrious and steady; state wages. Boston American.

Male Help—Miscellaneous.

15c a line of 7 words. 25c display.

"THE" AUTO SCHOOL

AUTO driving and repairing taught thoroughly at the most practical and most magnificently equipped school in the world; the only school in Boston with Boston special instructors; the only school with magneton; come in and see what we can give you at our new home; call or write for particulars. BONNEY & GREIG, 222 Columbus av.

200 Men Wanted This Week

TO LEARN to drive and run automobiles in one stop; practical instruction, day or evenings; call or send stamp for BOSTON MOTOR AUTO SCHOOL, 35-37 Church st., Boston.

MOVING PICTURES.
MEN—Wanted, to operate motion picture machines, salaries $1200 to $2500 per year; we teach you. GREAT EASTERN FILM MFG. CO., Chicago.

A. G. HALL'S BARBER SCHOOL—414 Washington, Boston; wages, expenses guaranteed by 61 moderately expensive; get particulars; days, 9 to 5; evenings, 7 to 10. Tel. Oxf. 2180.

A BOSTON FIRM would like to communicate with a gentleman of high character who can devote several hours a day to light work at home. Address P 862, Boston Globe.

ANY intelligent person may earn steady income writing for newspapers; experience unnecessary; address Press Correspondents Bureau, Washington, D. C.

I MADE $50.00 a week in three days; will teach you; letters begin with $5; send for free booklet; tells how. HEADON, 5, Hill, Columbus, O.

LOCOMOTIVE firemen and trainmen for railroads near Boston; wages $90 to $150 monthly; promotion; engineer, conductor; age 18-35; experience unnecessary; we furnish you transportation; many hundred men ordered monthly; state age. Railway Employment Bureau, Dept. C A., 227 Monroe st., Brooklyn, N. Y.

MEN—Wanted, to learn barber trade; only 60 days' work; write for list of positions open. FRANKLIN BARBER COLLEGE, 4 Tremont st., Boston.

MOVING PICTURE MACHINES taught; salaries $1200 to $2500 per year; write for free booklet. MOVING PICTURE OPERATING taught; prize AMERICAN M. P. CO., Room 41, 1476 Broadway, New York.

PARCELS POST men, women, girls for Christmas; examinations Dec. 17; 1,000 appointments. FRANKLIN INSTITUTE, Dept. 1546, Rochester, N. Y.

RAILWAY MAIL CLERKS, carriers, various good pay, fine positions, easy examinations; write for full particulars. COLUMBIAN CORRESPONDENCE SCHOOL, Dept. 307, Rochester, N. Y.

RAILWAY MAIL CLERKS wanted; 18 to 35 years; $900 to start; promotion to $1,800; examinations everywhere May 3; specimen free; write today. A. E. RICHARDS, Springfield, Mass.

THOUSANDS of government jobs open; write; wanted at once for next post; $900 the first year; $18 weekly after increase; 15 days' vacation; many grade must write; questions sent everywhere; send stamp for booklet; write today. COLUMBIAN CORRESPONDENCE SCHOOL, Rochester, N. Y., dept. full unnecessary; write immediately for free list showing positions now obtainable; good for your friends if this great opportunity does not do for you. FRANKLIN INSTITUTE, Dept. 1546, Rochester, N. Y.

TALENTED amateurs required for the producing of comic, humorous acts written and produced. MOORE AMUSEMENT CO., 17 Tremont st.

USE your spare time to build up a mail order business; no capital; genuine; we show you how; booklet free. AMERICAN MUTUAL OPPORTUNITIES EXCHANGE, Buffalo, N. Y.

VAUDEVILLE ACTS written, rehearsed and staged; monologues, parodies, sketches, dancing classes; room day and evening. THE MAY ENGLISH AMUSEMENT CO., 224 Tremont st., Boston.

WANTED—Railway mail clerks for parcels post, $900 month; Boston examinations; write for list free. FRANKLIN INSTITUTE, Dept. 1546, Rochester, N. Y.

500 MEN, 20 to 40 years old, wanted at once for electric railway motormen and conductors; $60 to $900 a month; no experience necessary; fine opportunity for ambitious men; write immediately for application blank. Address R 640, Boston American.

Agents and Canvassers

15c a line of 7 words. 25c display.

AGENTS AND MAIL ORDER MEN

OUR NEW PRODUCTION—Thousands will be sold in your locality; 500% profit; $5.00 or write BRONX MFG. CO., Room 74, 15 Spring st., Bronx, New York City.

HIGH grade canvassers on an absolutely new proposition. Something that never happened before. Apply in person to Room 25, fourth floor at 19 High st., Boston, after 9 o'clock a. m. this week.

MEN-GIRLS—Would you be satisfied to make $6 daily? Write for our latest catalog; we give premiums and sample free. LEMOIRE MFG. CO., 42 Broadway, New York City.

AGENTS—Something different; write for special proposition. MONROE MFG. CO., X 292, La Crosse, Wis.

Wall Papers.

15c a line of 7 words. 25c display.

H. SUDINSKEY, 1553½ Northampton st., paper hanging, $1.75; painting $1.50; whitewash, two coats, 50c.

Female Help Wanted.

10c a line of 7 words. 20c display.

12—GIRLS—12
TO TRAIN for nurses; $20 mo. to start, room, board and washing; no skin, disease must apply here Tuesday, 10:30 A. M., HOSPITAL AGENCY, 48 Boylston st., room 1.

GIRLS WANTED
FOR light factory work; standard wages, $10.50 to $12 per week; good steady work. Apply at STATE FREE EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, 11 A. M. Monday, Tuesday or Wednesday.

STITCHERS
EXPERIENCED stitchers wanted on waists and men's pants. Apply ROBERT PORTER, 19 Cross st., Boston.

SHIRT WAIST TRIMMERS.
WANTED, experienced shirt waist trimmers; steady work; one company. THE PEARL WAIST CO., 70 Kneeland st.

Buttonhole Operators
ON coat makers; good pay and steady work. ROBERT PORTER, 19 Cross st.

STITCHERS.
EXPERIENCED on deep skirts; steady work. CENTURY SKIRT CO., 19 Bedford st.

STITCHERS
ON corset machines; steady work. ROBERT PORTER, 19 Cross st.

BRUSH SETTERS.
STEADY WORK, advance piece. Apply W. P. FIELD BRUSH CO., 70 Pearl st., Boston.

GIRLS WANTED,
USED to Bobbin Work; apply MRS. MACDONALD'S JELLY KITCHEN, 146 Hampshire st., Cambridge.

Waistmakers, Experienced
C. & B. MFG. CO., 45 Essex st.

GIRLS—Wanted, to learn trade; paid; home 2 seconds. 3 floors L 432 Boston American.

DINISHING—Wanted, an experienced finisher; also a good inlaid dinner. J. GORDON & CO., 1 Bedford st., Boston.

SIXTEEN men with good singing voices, THE NEW ENGLAND AMUSEMENT CO., 224 Tremont st.

STITCHERS—Position stitchers on coats and skirts. Apply AMERICAN COAT & LINEN CO., 1 Bedford st., Boston.

STITCHERS—Experienced on petticoats; steady work; good pay. Apply 19 Bedford st.

STITCHERS—Experienced on muslin underwear; extra FRANK & CO., 450 Washington st.

Female Help—Miscellaneous.

25c a line of 7 words. 50c display.

GIRLS WANTED AT ONCE
TO LEARN dressmaking and millinery; quick; now is the time; $5 to $10 weekly. DRESSMAKERS' SCHOOL, 50 Temple pl., cor. Washington st., Boston. Tel. Oxf. 2180.

A BOSTON FIRM would like to communicate with a lady of high character who can devote several hours a day to light work at home. Address P 862, Boston Globe.

GIRLS—With good voices for illustrated songs and ballads; steady work. NEW ENGLAND AMUSEMENT CO., 123 Tremont st.

HOME WORK—Profitable to women, experienced; all or spare time; interesting; write for full particulars. CHARLES PARTRIDGE, 1218 B, Rochester, N. Y.

INTELLIGENT lady or steady waiting ladies' how they send $2c for finished list; also material of work that will pay you from $5 to $10 weekly. Address F. M. 1218 Broadway, New York.

RAGTIME piano playing taught in 20 lessons; complete booklet free. Box 33, Herald bldg.

SHORTHAND in 30 days; no outside study; lessons, day and evening classes. TUTOR, 493 Tremont st., cor. Boylston. Hancock 3500.

30 GIRLS for gloves, between 18 and 25 years; steady work; good wages. HEATH, 329 Washington st., Boston, day or evening.

$1 PER HR. easy for sacrificed, bookkeeping; Cap, etc. 373 Columbus av.; tel. Tremont 1040.

Female Situations Wanted.

15c a line of 7 words. 25c display.

COOK—Place in hotel by all-round cook or pastry; also kitchen or chamber girl; can go to work at once. Address 1 Bedford st.

DAY WORK—Experienced colored woman. L. C., 204 Northampton st., city.

DAY WORK—Wanted, by a woman; laundry wanted to a regular woman. Tel. Camb. 2904-W.

HOUSEKEEPER—Position wanted by a refined and strong Scotch woman; fine cooking and baking at her home, $3 hrs., $1.00. X 422, Boston American.

HOUSEKEEPER—Position wanted by a refined American woman; no objection to children; references. BES. M., 579 Mass. av., Camb. tel. 2204-W.

INSTRUCTION—Wanted, by a lady of thorough, modern education; confidential letters written. Address P 1, Globe.

LAUNDRY—A reliable lady would like laundry work to take home. Call or address 1 Bedford st., Room 33, Herald bldg.

LAUNDRESS—Like to take washing home, to do's work out. MRS. G. MARSHALL, 46 Bowdoin st., Boston.

LAUNDRESS—First-class laundress desires work for some home; or send circulars.

NURSE—Two are open, assist housework, MRS. BOWEN, 3 Dorchester st., Dorchester. Dor. 1000.

PLACE—Wanted, plain washing and ironing, to do'; middle-aged woman; work called for and brought back. 1 Bedford st., Room 33, Herald bldg.

Male Situations Wanted.

15c a line of 7 words. 25c display.

ELECTRICIAN—With all around experience 218 Tremont st., Room 11, Boston, Mass. Hancock 3500.

EXPERT—State Auburn looking for cook's position; can furnish best of city references.

MAN with 5-ton truck wants work by the day; reasonable rates. Address 1 Bedford st., Room 33, Herald bldg.

PAINTER—Wants interior work, day or contract; reasonable. Tel. Camb. 2904-W.

SECOND-CLASS ENGINEER—Man with license wants position; capable to manage; will go to Maine. Address 1 Bedford st., Room 33, Herald bldg.

SHIPPING CLERK—Position clerk; would like shipping jobs. C. T. BABINEAU, 116 Brook st., Revere.

STABLEMAN—Wants job in livery or private stable; reference. Tel. Camb. 2904-W.

TUNER—Church organ builder; the services of a first-class organ builder and tuner can be obtained by addressing D 319, Boston American.

Automobiles.

15c a line of 7 words. 25c display.

AUTO TO LET.
7-PASS. PEERLESS, $2.50 per hour; special rates by week. Tel. Oxf. 2180.

1912 STEARNS light touring car (Knight motor). Price $1,200 with top, $1,150 without top; both these cars are in good order and can be seen at 1 Bedford st., Room 33, Herald bldg. Leather bags, 50 Andover st., Cambridge.

Bicycles and Motorcycles.

15c a line of 7 words. 25c display.

EXCHANGE and Bicycle Co., Cambridge; we have a line of used machines. HUB MOTOR CYCLE CO., 1369 Cambridge st.

Barter and Exchange.

14 words or less 15c; additional words 1c.

EXCHANGE or for sale cheap, contents of store and dwelling house, Hyde Park village; must vacate before Feb. 22; 7 good "Narragansett" heaters, 1 good kitchen range, good kitchen sink, all in the lot.

FOR SALE—ROTARY NEOSTYLE, cost $57.50; made for $12, for disc chronograph, camera or offers. SHAW, 19 Hanover st., Lynn, N. H.

Furniture.

15c a line of 7 words. 25c display.

SURE CASH BUYER for second-hand furniture, carpets, clothing, jewelry, safes of every description. M. STEINERT, 1062 Washington st. Tel. Richmond 2030-W.

OLD FEATHER BEDS bought; highest cash prices paid. AMERICAN FEATHER CO., 237 Dover st., Boston.

Storage.

15c a line of 7 words. 25c display.

MASSACHUSETTS STORAGE WAREHOUSE CO., 1 to 9 Cambridge st., Boston. Furniture estimates free. 2020 Washington st.; tel. Oxford 2020.

SOUTH BOSTON WAREHOUSE CO., tel. 134, 849 Washington st.; 600 rooms, $1 month up.

Typewriters.

15c a line of 7 words. 25c display.

$5 FOR 3 MONTHS rents a fine typewriter; $40 machine for $25; all makes. PEABODY, 278 Devonshire st., over Summer.

ALL MAKES typewriters, new and second-hand. AMERICAN WRITING MACHINE CO., 28 Broadway st.

Desks, Showcases, Etc.

15c a line of 7 words. 25c display.

SECOND HAND and new desks L. J. PEABODY, JR., 278 Devonshire st., near Summer.

Furs.

15c a line of 7 words. 25c display.

FURS remodeled, summer prices, coats repaired, mufts lined $1. TAYLOR'S, 78 Boylston st.

Sewing Machines.

15c a line of 7 words. 25c display.

GOING WEST; must sell my $60 Singer, used as new, $5. Call 302 Massachusetts av., Somerville.

Pianos and Musical Instruments.

10c a line of 7 words. 25c display.

FEBRUARY CLEARANCE SALE OF FINE PIANOS

If you have never attended one of our clearance sales, do so this season. The most remarkable Piano Bargains ever offered the public are given at these yearly clearance sales. Some of the world's best make pianos go practically at a song. Included in this assortment are a few pianos taken in exchange for Steinway pianos—everybody knows that. Many makes on sale not mentioned for homes and private rooms in this assortment. Come early for best selections.

THE BEACON.

Frederick Piano $175

NEW AND GUARANTEED—$300 VALUE

STYLE 7 UPT	$175
McPHAIL UPT	$195
BRADBURY UPT	$195
CHICKERING UPT	$195
KNABE UPT	$195
EMERSON UPT	$195
STYLE 7 UPT	$175
WEBER UPT	$195
VOSE & SONS UPT	$195
HALLET DAVIS UPT	$195
HAYNES UPT	$195
HUNTINGTON UPT	$195
STEINBERG UPT	$195
STYLE 7 UPT	$175
CHICKERING UPT	$195
MASON & HAMLIN UPT	$195
STYLE 7 UPT	$175
HUNTINGTON UPT	$195
McPHAIL UPT	$195
McPHAIL UPT	$195
STYLE 7 UPT	$175
DOLL & SONS UPT	$195
STYLE 7 UPT	$175

$5 DOWN $1 A WEEK

We will take in trade or part payment anything of value that you have to offer in exchange for piano.

PLAYER PIANOS FROM $150 TO $450

ROXBURY PIANO STORAGE SALESROOM CO.

BOSTON
2418 Washington St., Boston
AT DUDLEY TERMINAL

LOWELL
PIANO BARGAINS
227 CENTRAL STREET

The Lowell Branch of above house will show and take orders on the celebrated Prichard Pianos, which are sold at above prices.

Roxbury Piano Storage SALESROOM CO.
OPEN MONDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY NIGHTS TILL 9.

NOTICE—Remember the number—We are on the street floor—cut off Elevator trains and Dudley Terminal—Take Washington cars a few doors from the corner at Dudley and Washington sts., going toward Roxbury. Don't look for signs, look for the number, 2418—On the ground floor.

PIANO SALE

14 UPRIGHT PIANOS—NEW AND USED.

Kranich & Bach	Weber
Hardman	Vose & Sons
Merrill	Chickering
Wood	Norris
Fenger 6' Miller	Steinway
Hallet & Davis	Stieff
Ivers & Pond	McPhail
	Vose & Sons

EASY TERMS OF PAYMENT.
SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS FOR CASH.
OPEN EVERY EVENING.

CHAS. S. NORRIS
181 Tremont St.
Next to Moyer Jonasson, Masonic Temple

NOTICE—Steinway, Weber, Ivers & Pond, Fischer, Chickering, Knabe, Hallet & Davis and Gabler pianos for sale. CHAS. S. NORRIS, 181 Tremont st.

Several Small Grand Pianos.
STEINWAY, Weber, Ivers & Pond, Fischer, Chickering, Knabe, Hallet & Davis and Gabler. CHAS. S. NORRIS, 181 Tremont st.

PLAYER PIANOS.
WE specialize on Player Pianos; besides the best instruments, Steinway, Ivers & Pond, Weber, Chickering, Hallet & Davis, Fischer, Knabe and Gabler pianos. CHAS. S. NORRIS, 181 Tremont st.; open evenings. Pianos to rent.

CHICKERING—Several of this make, $225, $250, $275, $300, $325, $350. CHAS. S. NORRIS, 181 Tremont st. Pianos to rent.

ESTEY UPRIGHT, $125; Heyn P. Miller, $150; $175, $75, $50. CHAS. S. NORRIS, 181 Tremont st. Pianos to rent.

ESTEY UPRIGHT $100; Briggs, $125, no such bargain in Boston. CHAS. S. NORRIS, 181 Tremont st. Pianos to rent.

FOR the convenience of those busy during the day our warerooms will be open every evening.

Chas. S. Norris
181 Tremont St.

Blake's for Piano Value

Lauter, Shoninger, Ludwig, Bush, Jane, Smith & Gerrits, Schubert, Winter and Schirmer.

Wholesale and Retail.

Responsible Agents Wanted.
Terms, $4, $5, $6, $7, $8 per month.
150 pianos in our show room.

See our special bargains in new pianos, from $150 to $250.

564 Washington St. Est. 1869

BUY AT FACTORY

PRICES on quality unknown to dealers or consumers; no middlemen; free storage; express and freight allowed to Boston; pianos delivered to your home; $150 to $400 cash; $5 down, $5 monthly. 10 pianos to select from. Open evenings. Dudley Terminal; open Monday, Thursday and Saturday evenings.

PELTON PLAYER-PIANO SALE
GREAT BARGAINS in player-pianos this week. Pelton Player-Pianos, $450 to $500 values, now, from $300 upward including music and stool; guaranteed for 10 years. PELTON PIANO CO., 168 Tremont st.

HORNE—Just received, an entirely beautiful mahogany upright piano, almost new; cheap for cash; must be sold at once. 1 Bedford st., Room 33, Herald bldg.

LADY will sell new rose piano, good as new, $150; must be sold at once. 1 Bedford st., Room 33, Herald bldg. Dudley Terminal.

TO LOAN, $1 to $5 weekly, second-hand pianos from $50 to $300. HUBBARD, 211 Tremont st., Room 501.

For Sale—Miscellaneous.

15c a line of 7 words. 25c display.

Grocers, Markets, Restaurants.
ALL KINDS of refrigerators and store fixtures; good as new, ½ price. WHITMAN CO., 502 Tremont st.

HEATING STOVES, parlor stoves, ranges, furnaces, boilers, radiators, gas ranges, steam tables, jacket kettles, portable ovens, etc.; wood chairs, tables, mirrors, iron counters, stools; now is the time to buy. ALBERT'S, 85 Hanover st.

HAND PAINTED CHINA at reasonable prices. MISS E. F. WASHBURN, 172 Tremont st.

Furnished Rooms to Let.

12½c a line of 7 words. 25c display.

NEW HOTEL ST. CLOUD,
Cor. Tremont and Eliot sts.
QUIET, beautiful rooms, private baths, $3.50; $2, $2.50 per day; $10 and $12 per week; also suites; elevator, restaurant connected. Sunday dinner a specialty. Week-day table d'hote here. Tel. Oxford 2180.

HOTEL ECHO
400 TREMONT ST.—Our entrance 21-25 Allen st. Fire proof building; 200 rooms ready; 100 with private baths; running water in every room; steam heat; elevator service; rates reduced; 2 to 6 persons; $2 to $6 per week.

1845 AND 1867 BEACON ST., 2 minutes' walk from Coolidge Corner; also room for business; fine rooms, $3 per week and upward; steam heat; bell; if you are looking for something new in Brookline, call and see us. Tel. Brookline 2100. Phone 8056W. F. C. WILSON, Prop.

HOTEL NAVARRE.
FURNISHED rooms, $2 per week, private bath, transient accommodated, $2 a day. 450 Col. st.

HOTEL VICTORIA, 70 BOYLSTON.
HOTEL WATERSTON—Corner of Bowdoin st. and Beacon, 2d, 3d to 5th floors; $4 per day; $20 per week.

HUB ROOM REGISTRY, 702 Tremont st. Nearly 500 rooms, housekeeping, otherwise; best list in city. Tel. Oxford 2180.

TO LET—In suite, opens south, furnished, front room, bath, gas range; $2 week; to other gentleman, $1.50. 1 Bedford st.

100 FUR ROOMS, all suits etc., housekeeping, otherwise, $2.50 week. ROOM REGISTRY, 1 Bedford st., Room 33, Tel. 2180.

HEADQUARTERS for rooms, single or suites, with or without board; ROOM REGISTRY, 1 Bedford st., Room 33, Herald bldg.

THE HARCLIFFE, 116-118 Huntington ave., Copley Square Hotel. Rooms $3.50 up.

ROOMS, housekeeping and otherwise; $1.25 up. REGISTRY, 500 Main st.

ROOMS, $1.75 per week; $1.75 and $2 per week; minute walk from business district. 637 Tremont st.

APPLETON ST., 99—Newly fur. su., and other rooms; gentlemen preferred.

BACK BAY—$5 to, private st., large room, bath, gas range, suitable for two people. 1st fl. 30 Bowdoin st.

BACK BAY—200 Clarendon st., suite 2; front and back parlor, $12. Tel. 6 to 8, 56-57 Dudley st., Roxbury.

BERWICK, PR., 7—Pleasant square room on second floor; also single room.

CARLTON ST., 6—Off W. Newton, near Huntington st.; 2 newly fur. rs., modern; and 4 rs., bath; adults; no pets; references.

CARVER ST., 85—Newly furnished 1, 2, 3, 4 rooms, with bath; gas range; housekeeping; rent reasonable.

CARVER ST., 29—Two connecting fur. rooms, gas, water, good stove; also square front; reasonable. 1 CHARLES ST., 40—Large, sunny, housekeeping room, bathroom floor, $1.75 up.

CHARLES ST., 40—Large room, $5, s. h., private family.

CLIFF TERRACE, 7—Off E. 5th st., will let furnished rooms, kitchen, bedroom, bathroom, set tubs.

CLARENDON ST., 96—Furnished suite of 2 rs., bath; housekeeping; $12.

COLUMBUS AV., 209—Apt. 9, R. station; 2 rooms, bath, gas range, $12; 3 rooms, bath, only. MISS N. ADAMS, suite 1.

COLUMBUS AV., 1000—Housekeeping, kitchenette, 3 and 4 rooms, bath floor; private families only.

COL. AV., 318—Sunny room, front parlor, gentleman; $3 week. Tel. Oxford 2180.

COLUMBUS AV., 370—4 rooms, 1st floor, for adult family; also 3 rooms, 3d floor, for adults; $8 a week.

COLUMBUS AV., 318—2 side, 1 sc. room, with steam heat, continuous hot and cold water.

COLUMBUS AV., 1000—Housekeeping and rooming, all conveniences; very reasonable.

DARTMOUTH ST., 112—Well fur. front side parlor and bedroom; also single room; $3 week.

DWIGHT ST., 11—Room, $3; and $4; hot water in basement; also 2 rooms, $5.

EAST CANTON ST., 19—Desirable front room, suitable for 2 gentlemen; also single room; gas range, water, sink, pulley line, bathroom floor, $2.00.

EAST CANTON ST., 19—Large, sunny, fur. room, front part, opposite Boston College; also single room; $2.50 week. Tel. Oxford 2180.

EAST BROOKLINE ST., 2107—Rooms accommodated. Tel. Oxford 2180.

EATON ST., 12—Housekeeping room, h. and c. water, gas stove, $2.50 week. Tel. Oxford 2180.

HUNTINGTON AV., 162—To let, pleasantly furnished rooms.

MALDEN ST., 3—Fur. room for light h. k., $1.50 week; also single room, $1.25 week.

MASS. AV., 474—Comfortable rooms at convenient prices; transient accommodated. Tel. Oxford 2180.

MASS. AV., 687—Large square room, parlor floor, use bath, $3.50; also small room, $2.50.

MASS. AV., 1—Nice front parlor, suitable for man and wife; use kitchen; to responsible parties; $10 per week. Tel. Oxford 2180.

MONTGOMERY ST., 1—Large, sunny, fur. room, hot and cold water, heated; transients accom.; 10c car.

MONTGOMERY ST., 1—Near State House, large and small rooms, furnished or unfurnished, for housekeeping; also single room, $1.50; gentlemen preferred.

NEWBURY ST., 349—Large room, with bath, $3.50 week.

NEWBUR

BOSTON AMERICAN

80 AND 82 SUMMER ST., BOSTON, FEBRUARY 17, 1913.

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN NEW ENGLAND, DAILY AND SUNDAY

No Matter What Men Do, Women Should Not Smoke

If Women Had Not Always Been BETTER THAN MEN, This Would Be a Miserable World—and the Good Bishop Should Know It

Copyright, 1913, by A Merican Journal-Examiner.

It is distressing to read that Bishop William Boyd Carpenter, the Canon of Westminster, sent out from this city his solemn verdict, "Let women smoke if men do."

He says he knows some nice women who smoke. Of course he does. Nearly all women are nice. But women are very much nicer WHEN THEY DON'T SMOKE.

They are nicer as individuals, nicer in health, and the prospect is "nicer" for the generation to come.

It is not that smoking hurts women's morals—although it does the morals no good. The trouble is that smoking hurts women's NERVES, undermines their vitality, and also, although that is less important, destroys their looks.

It is well known that smoking produces hair on the upper lip, and makes the end of the nose red—besides destroying the brightness of the woman's eyes.

When the good Bishop says that as long as men smoke, women should be allowed to smoke, and that if men find pleasure in smoking it is wrong to forbid women that pleasure, it shows that he wasn't at the time thinking about the work that women really have done.

Good Bishop Carpenter, if women had not always been a great deal better than men, if they had not willingly refrained from doing the things that men have done, this would be a wretched world.

When men were still cannibals, torturing each other, women had given up cannibalism and turned toward kindness.

Men by the thousands and millions unfortunately drink to excess, and they find pleasure in it. But you do not say, "As long as the men drink to excess, let the women do it." You say on the contrary, "Thank heaven, we have women to set a good example, and give the child born and unborn HALF a chance at least."

Some men, in the language of the day, constantly curse and swear, and we are sorry to say that they find pleasure in it. But would you say that women should be encouraged to curse and swear because men do?

Men are savages, and women are nearly civilized.

Woman has always set the good example.

She brings into the world a little boy naturally inclined to be savage like his barbarous father. She spends the first years of that child's life trying to make a decent human being out of him.

She teaches him to be kind, not to pull the tail of the cat, not to bite his little sister's nose—and thus, slowly, women have changed men from dreadful prognathous creatures, with their jaws sticking out in front, biting off each other's ears, and drinking each other's blood, into the present day semi-civilized beings that have given up cannibalism, given up torture, given up delight in the sight of blood, and that confine their savagery to working children to death and unnecessarily grinding the poor.

Good Bishop, if the women did what the men did, instead of setting the good example and giving the children HALF a chance, as they come into this world, our civilization would go backward with a speed that would disconcert you, and all the good bishops and clergymen on earth could not stop it.

Next time you preach on smoking, say to the women: "Be BETTER than the men, as you have always been. Set a good example, as you have always done; think of the children and the generation to come, for which you are responsible, and of which you are the creator."

Leave whiskey, tobacco, cheating, lying, stealing and cursing to the men.

The Future of the Rockefeller Name

No man can accomplish a big thing, however selfish his motives in the accomplishment, without benefiting humanity.

John D. Rockefeller had little thought of altruism in the days when he was building his stupendous fortune by the most absolutely relentless processes the business world had ever known, but what he took from the world in the way of happiness the world is bound to get back again.

The Rockefeller Institute now and the Rockefeller Foundation in the future recoin the Rockefeller millions into human values. The money made by throttling an oil competition in the '70's saves the lives of ten thousand children forty years later.

The mind and education that came to him through his stupendous father are devoted by John D. Rockefeller, Jr., to one of the noblest missions in the world—the saving of girls from the depths. This young man boldly attacks the problem that ages have called insolvable; he may not eliminate vice, but he has set about finding a way to mitigate it.

Here and more the junior Rockefeller is understood and applauded—not because he is the son of the world's richest man but because he himself is one of the world's most useful men.

Judge Warren W. Foster, in New York the other day, voiced this sentiment of appreciation. Whenever social hygiene is mentioned—and that is on every occasion where progress is the subject of discussion—the younger Rockefeller is named. He actually brought the dread subject into the domain of serious remedial study.

It will not be surprising if a hundred years from now the name of Rockefeller will bring to mind not the selfish glory of great riches but the finer fame of great service to humanity.

Crossing the Delaware

By TAD

Spreading Tendency of Lawmakers to Dictate How Women Shall Dress Forecasts Divorce Increase

By DOROTHY DIX

REPRESENTATIVE HAYE has introduced a bill into the Missouri Legislature prohibiting women from wearing dresses that button up the back unless the buttons be as large as a dollar. The bill provides for a fine of $1 to $3, with a jail sentence for persistent offenders.

Representative Boettger is the father of a law which has passed the Iowa Legislature that makes it lawful for a husband to refuse to pay any bill of his wife that he does not consider reasonable and necessary, so that if an Iowa lady is tempted by a hundred-dollar hat or a pearl necklace it's up to the merchants who sell her these gewgaws to get their money if they can.

These bills show us that the mighty masculine intellect is again grappling with the great problems of government that are too profound for women to understand or to participate in, so that the franchise has been withheld from the feeble-minded sex. Yet if you want an example of vicious class legislation, you would have to go to darkest Russia to find anything the equal of these two measures.

Think of the grinding tyranny of man, clothed in the panoply of power, basely taking advantage of the fact that he constitutes the governing power, and that woman has no voice in making the laws she must obey, to issue edicts concerning how she shall make her clothes, and what she shall spend on them!

Could anything be more unjust? Is anything more calculated to make the worm turn? Should such an action not be a clarion call to arms to all women to protect their inalienable rights to have such fastenings on their clothes as they please, and to button, or hook, or pin themselves together as in their judgment they see fit?

Those who object to giving women the right to vote say that they fear that women would be prejudiced and partisan, and not able to take large and comprehensive views of the great questions as men do. Perhaps so. But we have yet to hear of any woman legislator who has even considered such a thing as meddling with the clothes of man, or trying to get any law passed that would curtail his liberty in dress, or prescribe the number or size of the buttons on his waistcoat.

No lady representative has yet arisen in the equal rights States Legislatures and presented a bill to regulate whether a man should hold up his trousers by the use of a belt, suspender button, or a safety pin, or a nail. Nor have the women lawmakers arrogated to themselves the right to decide whether a man should wear long trousers or short, or take off his hat or keep it on in public places. Yet men have passed ordinances forbidding women to wear trains on the street, or to keep on their hats in a theatre, or to use a hat pin more than six inches long.

Personally I am in entire sympathy with Representative Haye's bill to abolish the dress that is buttoned up in the back, and if he had added an amendment to it making it a death penalty for any dressmaker to so construct a garment, I should pack my trunk and hike for Missouri by the next train. There's nothing to be said in favor of the dress that hooks up the back with a million little invisible hooks, that fasten in thread loops that are concealed in impenetrable places, except that it enables a wife to get good and even with her husband for everything that he has done amiss.

It is the great matrimonial revenge, but, like all revenge, it leaves bitterness and strife in its wake, and there can be small doubt that the increase in divorce and the coming in of the fashions of women wearing their dresses hooked up in the back is more than a coincidence. It is cause and effect, and nothing will do more to make marriage a grand sweet song than for wives to get frocks that they can get into without superinducing profanity and raging in the breasts of their husbands.

Still the moral effect of clothes that fasten up in the rear has got nothing to do with the fact that a woman has a right to wear 'em that way if she wants to, and mere man has no business interfering with her privileges in the matter.

As for Representative Boettger's bill, nothing good can be said. It is rank despotism, and the mere idea of any man presuming to decide what purchases are reasonable and necessary for a woman is not to be borne for an instant. What does a man know about the kind and quality of clothes that a woman needs? Nothing. Absolutely nothing Why, only the other day in New Jersey a Judge decided that a dollar was enough for any woman to pay for a corset. Think of that, ye stout ladies who achieve straight-front figures by means of cunningly devised stays that cost—well, it's no man's business what they cost. The result justifies the expense.

If this Iowa law is enforced, Iowa will be the next suffrage State, for the women will rise up en masse and demand the right to buy what they please, and what they think is necessary, instead of what hubby thinks she needs. Does anyone suppose that the Iowa women will sit supinely down and wear her last year's suit, which is perfectly good, but whose skirt is six inches narrower than the new style, and whose coat is six inches longer than the fashion, because in her husband's judgment a Spring suit isn't necessary?

Not much. That law giving hubby the right to decide when she needs a new hat, and whether a willow plume is necessary, and a diamond bracelet can't be done without, will be a dead letter law, or else all feminine Iowa will trek to Reno.

Of course, as a matter of fact, when men pass laws regulating women's clothes, women simply stand aside and smile. It amuses the men and doesn't affect the women, who go on wearing what they please, for, although men, when alone with members of their own sex, may advocate such measures, no man has the nerve to try to enforce it on his own wife.

There are some places where angels dare not tread, and even the fool doesn't rush in, and one of these is a woman's wardrobe.

Dr. Parkhurst's Article

—ON—

Teacher and Parents—They Are Charged With Heavy Responsibilities in Directing the Destinies of Children

Written for the Boston American by

DR. C. H. PARKHURST

THE following is a message to our public school teachers, to parents, and to all who are charged with the heavy responsibility of giving first direction to the impulses and ambitions of the children.

The idea that anybody, no matter who, is qualified to shape the initial stages of a child's development is as disastrous as it is unphilosophical.

The notion is that any old piano is good enough for a child to commence practicing upon, any old book good enough for it to use in learning to read, and any ninepenny teacher ample for cultivating the rudiments of character and culture. No teacher is too good, no salary exorbitant, when it is a matter of putting a child's feet upon the pathway of life.

There is no getting away from beginnings. The beginning lasts clear through to the end.

More depends on what the little boy gets in the nursery and in the primary school than on what the collegian gets in the university.

A good start means a grand finish.

There is no place in the world where so much carelessness is displayed and so much blundering work applied in the laying of foundations as in the instance of children—the one place of all places where one would naturally suppose that only the extreme of consideration would be exercised or tolerated.

Whether it is because people are not taking things seriously or because it is devoutly supposed that God is so fond of the children that He will see them through anyway, however adverse the conditions under which they are reared and their first start given them, the fact remains that, so far as human responsibility is concerned, our little people do not have a fair chance.

One point in particular that I want to make is that there are few teachers that have to such degree the peculiar tact and genius of their profession as to be able to keep alive in the child that love of knowledge that the child is always born with.

When he begins thinking he presently blossoms out into a persistent interrogation point.

To want to know is as natural to him as to want to eat or to play.

And yet it would not be an overstatement probably to say that three-quarters of the children, after they have been held to their studies for one or two years, enter the schoolroom with a sigh and quit it with a shout.

In other words, they learn to hate what by nature they love.

Truth is the mind's natural food, but either through the fault of the teacher or through the fault of the existing school system, what is at the outset appetizing to the child becomes repulsive to him, and the poor creature is fastened down by the imperious regulations of the schoolroom to the desk that fetters and confines him, while the ill-tasting medicine is being administered to him.

All of which is so much accomplished toward defeating the purpose of the schoolroom, the prime purpose of which is to nourish the mind, not to medicate it.

There is a volume published by Dr. Maria Montessori, an Italian lady, who writes from her own experience as a teacher of children, and who expatiates with intense feeling upon this whole matter of treating little people as so many helpless slaves, to be driven and scourged to their work.

It is a book that should be in the hands and heads of those who are charged with the responsibility of shaping methods of schoolroom administration. It was written in Italian, but is admirably translated and published by Frederick A. Stokes Company.

In a volume by Professor Munsterberg of Harvard University is an interesting chapter on education, in which he recounts his own experience as a schoolboy, and how he had reached, at the age of eighteen as advanced a stage of training as the Harvard student has attained at his graduation.

In explanation of his devotion to study, which was to him more play than toil, he says: "The real secret of it all was this, that my teachers were enthusiastic on the subjects they taught.

"I had no teacher who hastily learned one day what he must teach me the next.

"Even the first elements of Greek and mathematics, of history and geography, were given to us by men who had reached the level of the doctorate.

"They had every their work with the eye of the scholar, and thus even the most elementary material of their science was raised to the height of scholarly interest."

There is no good work done in the schoolroom that has not a degree of enthusiasm, of scholarly fire in it.

The teacher to whom teaching is drudgery makes drudges of his or her pupils.

The lesson that is hardship to the instructor is medicine to the pupil.

Enthusiasm begets enthusiasm. When I taught in a high school and in a fitting school, I had no slightest difficulty in making my pupils happy and impassioned workers along those lines of study in which I was myself a thorough and enthusiastic student.

The State would get more in return off its school tax if it would move out of the schoolroom some of its traditional machinery, and replace it with more teachers who are thoroughly in love with the truths which they teach, and therefore passionately zealous in communicating to others that which is so precious to themselves.

THE WORLD AND MAN

By WILLIAM M. F. KIRK.

THE world is a wonderful sort of a place:
Man works and tries in it
Laughs in it, cries in it,
Lives in it. dies in it—
All in a very short space.

THE world has some lessons for thinkers to teach
And thousands of sermons for preachers to preach.
Some of us know it to call it by name,
Others know much of its sorrows and shame.
Some of us romp through its meadows in glee:
Others see things that men sicken to see:
Graft and corruption, sugar and sin,
Thousands of losers to one that can win;
Queer, swinelike men in the city's wild whirl,
Asking for gold for the soul of a girl;
Pitiful pomp living over the way—
All of it seems like some grim, sordid play.

THE world is a wonderful sort of a place:
Man gets his woes from it.
Takes what he knows from it.
Comes to it, goes from it—
All in a very short space.